

ONCE A READER
of The Post, always a reader.
Once a Post advertiser, always a
user of Post advertising space.
Try it and see.

The Washington Post.

Weather—Rain today and
probably tomorrow; somewhat
colder tomorrow night; fresh
northeast winds.
Temperature yesterday—High-
est, 51; lowest, 28.

NO. 18,165. ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER
POSTOFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

WASHINGTON: THURSDAY, MARCH 11, 1926.—TWENTY PAGES

COPYRIGHT, 1926
BY THE WASHINGTON POST CO.

TWO CENTS.

POST-SCRIPTS

By
GEORGE ROTHWELL BROWN

"The appetite for news is, in truth, universal; but is naturally disappointed, rather than bounded, by the ability to read. Hence it is that the circulation of newspapers is proportioned in various countries to the spread of letters."

Gen. Smedley Butler thinks he is still fighting the rum rounds of Philadelphia and launches a boot-leg crusade against his host at a Marine Corps party. There is some talk of court-martialing him for violation of the 133d article of the book of etiquette.

A violent outbreak of brotherly love at Geneva. In the concert of nations Germany always insists on playing the bass drum.

John D., Jr., announces a campaign for a \$1,000,000 fund for the restoration of a year for learning on the part of idle college students, for whom the funds of philanthropists have made getting an education so easy that they don't have to bother about getting an education.

The Soviet government is finding it impossible to dispose of 124 imperial corsets of the royal family of Russia, which went out with the Romanoff ladies and will come back when they do.

If we were a scientist, and we set out in our laboratory to create life artificially, we'd create something better than Prof. Mazur's snails—we'd create lions.

Things are getting so wet at the Capitol nowadays that a body needs to put on galoshes and a raincoat before going down to listen to the debate.

There seems to have been almost as much smoke and confusion at the Cathedral Mansions fire as there is at the League of Nations.

Tombston holds that day is lost, Whose low, descending sun,
Sees nothing done, what's e'er the cost.

To get out on page one.
The House debates the prohibition question pro and con—very little pro—for three hours, and does the "Lone Star" statesman get in it? What a question!

Washington may be going to hell, but at least Representative Tinkham will be forced to admit that it isn't going in a hulk.

As Dana said, if a man bit a dog, that would be news, but what we started to report is that the Stillmans are very happy billing and cooing in Paris. This opens up a big field for the sensation mongers and we expect to see a violent outburst of marital felicity scoops in the tabloids.

The former "bean king" is dead at 91, and there's nothing remarkable about that—but he lived in New York, not Boston.

Representative Celler, of New York, who has a name to make Phil Hill's mouth water, puts George Washington's beer recipe in the Congressional Record. This ought to satisfy the demand of the dregs that no publicity be given this wicked document.

President Coolidge seems to have very strong conscientious scruples against getting involved in any State political quarrels this year that might have a kick-back in 1928.

Increased taxes and water rates for that poor "Orfing," the District. The House provides an appropriation bill that will be a nice present for the Christmas stocking.

A number of astounding facts are recalled in connection with the fiftieth anniversary of the invention of the telephone—the first time Alexander Graham Bell took the receiver off the hook central did not say, "Line's busy!"

Here's a story that's the cat's eyes—and real ones at that. George Washington students are accused of an unbelievable mutilation of a dumb beast, and there are three little kittens crying for their mother that confirm the ghastly tale. One almost feels like applying the Mosaic law in a case like this.

Representative Black, of New York, would like to ask President Coolidge how he stands on prohibition. Is there to be no respect for this new "hands off" policy?

If Victor Berger is entitled to a seat in the House of Representatives there would really seem to be no reason why Eugene V. Debs shouldn't be entitled to vote for him.

Any kid who has ever put a horse-hair in a bottle and watched it turn to a snake, knows how easy it is for a real scientist to create life artificially.

3 COUNCIL NATIONS REFUSE TO PROMISE VOTE FOR GERMANY

Briand Alone Is Believed
Able to Put an End
to League Crisis.

BERLIN'S DELEGATES SERVE ULTIMATUM

Paul-Boncour Gives Warning
of Impending Collapse.
Threat by Brazil.

Geneva, March 10 (By A. P.).—The impasse in the affairs of the council of the League of Nations was considered critical late tonight. Contrary to the somewhat rosy reports given out that the situation was "ripening toward an accord," reliable information indicated that three members of the council, Brazil, Spain and Japan, declined today at the unofficial meeting of the council to say they would vote for the election of Germany as a permanent member.

The greatest gloom prevails among all the delegations, and it is thought that only the master hand of Briand can save the situation, which, in the view of many of the leaders, threatens the very existence of the league itself.

Afranio Mello Franco, of Brazil, informed the council that he had explicit instructions from the president of the Brazilian republic that if he voted in favor of giving Germany a permanent seat he must simultaneously vote Brazil the same privilege.

Veto, Then Withdraw.
According to one report, Mello Franco told the council that if Brazil was not accorded a permanent seat now she would withdraw from the league, but would vote the election of Germany while she remained a member of the council. Mello Franco refused tonight to confirm or deny whether he had made the latter statement.

The climax of the session came when one member, hoping to get some tangible result from the debate, put the direct question to all the members of the council: "Are you ready to vote for the election of Germany?"

Brazil answered as indicated above, while Count Quinones de Leon, of Spain, refused to answer at all, believing, as a prominent Spaniard said, that "silence is golden."

Japan was also absolutely non-committal, to the surprise of many.

Will Keep Locarno Pact.
The big powers, who are committed to vote for Germany by the agreement reached at Locarno, all announce they will do so. M. Paul-Boncour, of France, spoke of "a possibly collapsing league," and warned his colleagues of the dangerous repercussion on Europe of any breakup of the league of nations.

Appeals by the British and French statesmen met with no response, and the council found itself, not in the situation of deciding whether places would be given to other states than Germany, but confronted with the possibility that not even Germany could be admitted.

Dr. E. T. Helfenstein Leads for Coadjutor

The Rev. Edward T. Helfenstein, archdeacon of Maryland, was leading seven other candidates for election as bishop coadjutor of Maryland of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Maryland at the end of the fourth ballot in the special convention which met in Baltimore yesterday. The convention adjourned at 11:10 o'clock last night to resume balloting this morning.

Dr. Helfenstein received 40 clerical and 35 lay votes. The Rev. Wyatt Brown, rector of the Church of St. Michael and All Angels, received 31 clerical and 35 lay votes. There were 178 votes cast on the fourth ballot.

Tail Lights on Horses Are Voted in Chicago

Chicago, March 10 (By A. P.).—Tail lights for horses? Spurred on by the eloquence of Alderman D. S. McKinlay, a subcommittee today quit jockeying and gravely voted to recommend to a committee that in the interest of kindness to animals tail lights should be prescribed for equines of the bridle paths.

State Should Own Coal, British Advisers Report

Royal Commission Opposes Nationalization—Would
Keep Mines in Private Hands—Need of More
Scientific Methods and Pay Cut Seen.

London, March 10 (By A. P.).—State ownership of Great Britain's coal mines, but continuance of their development by private enterprise under government supervision, is recommended in the anxiously awaited report of the royal commission. The commission was appointed six months ago to evolve schemes which would put the coal industry on a sound basis and eliminate the constant disastrous disputes between miners and owners.

At the same time the commission declares against nationalization as recommended by the miners' federation. The commission's finding on the question of nationalization was perhaps the one in which the whole country was most vitally interested.

The report declares drastic reorganization of coal industry necessary. The report, which is unanimous, is signed by the chairman, Sir Herbert Samuel, Sir William Beveridge, Gen. Sir Herbert Lawrence and Kenneth Lee. All are prominent in British industrial life, but none is associated with the coal industry.

The depression in the industry, says the report, can not be attributed to political unrest or restriction of output by the miners or inefficiency of management, but it disagrees with the view of the mine owners that the only practicable

INITIAL \$100,000 GIVEN TO PRESBYTERIAN SHRINE

Mrs. McCormick Donates Gift
to Start \$3,000,000
Project Here.

SITE NOT YET SELECTED

Chicago, March 10 (By A. P.).—An initial cash gift of \$100,000 toward a memorial church to be established at Washington, D. C., by Presbyterian churches of the United States was announced tonight to the general council of the Presbyterian Church, in session here.

Mrs. Medill McCormick, wife of former Senator Medill McCormick and Republican national committee woman from Illinois, is the donor.

The church will be completed within the next ten or fifteen years and will cost approximately \$3,000,000. It was said here last night. The project was started five years ago, when a group of local Presbyterian ministers suggested.

WOMAN KILLS SELF AT BOY'S FUNERAL

Mrs. Dorland Feared She Was
to Be Made Witness in
Shooting of Lad.

Sandusky, Mich., March 10 (By A. P.).—Fear that she would be called to testify concerning the mysterious shooting Saturday night of 18-year-old Roy Lee is believed to have prompted the suicide today of Mrs. Pearl Dorland, jr., who swallowed poison while attending the boy's funeral.

Lee was found shot to death in an automobile outside the home of Albert Sager, near here, where his brother, two other men and three women were holding an oyster supper and party. He had been shot with a .22-caliber bullet, but no pistol could be found.

Disappointment in a love affair was considered by the police to have caused Roy to shoot himself. Mrs. Dorland was one of the women in the party, and her husband and the other men were arrested, charged with liquor law violations.

American Communists Thanked by Calles

Chicago, March 10 (By A. P.).—A telegram in reply to one congratulating him on his "firm stand against American imperialism" demands "in regard to Mexico's oil and land laws, was received by the workers communist party national headquarters today from President Calles of Mexico. The Mexican executive expressed thanks for the assurances given him by the workers communist party that he "had the support of an important section of American workers against Wall street."

remedy is to reduce wages, lengthen the hours of work and decrease the railway rates by lowering the wages of the railwaymen.
It says that the way to prosperity lies in three chief lines of advance, namely, greater application of science to the mining and using of coal, larger units for production and distribution and fuller partnership between employees and employers.
With respect to nationalization, the commission members say they see in it "grave economic dangers," they "contemplate, accordingly, continuance of the industry under private enterprise," but in the reorganization scheme they declare that "the error which was made in times past in allowing the ownership of coal to fall into private hands should be retrieved."
The State, it is recommended, should acquire coal by purchase, where it has a market value, and by a declaration of State ownership in case of unproved coal or coal at deep levels, which has no market value. A commission should be appointed to acquire and administer mineral property.
The continuance of the government coal subsidy, the commission declares, is indefensible, and should never be repeated. The commission considers that the only way to avert impending disaster is to revise the wages fixed in 1924, a time of temporary prosperity.

HIGHER RATES LOOM IN \$33,757,181 BILL FOR CITY'S SUPPLIES

Greater Water Rentals,
Taxes and Tuition
Are Provided.

LIMITATION PLACED ON BUYING PROPERTY

District Pays 100 to 200 Per
Cent Over Assessed Valua-
tion, Report Says.

Increased water rentals, probably increased property taxes and tuition for nonresident school children are provided in the District supply bill, carrying \$33,757,181 reported by the House appropriations committee yesterday.

As one District official expressed it, the bill is "loaded with dynamite."

The committee also proposes a limitation of 25 per cent over the assessed value on the amount which may be paid for property, the purchase of which is authorized by the bill, striking especially at the five-year school building program. Failure to assess property at its full valuation here, in accordance with law, is throwing an unequal burden on the small home owner, the committee charged.

Taxes May Be \$1.75.

The present property tax of \$1.70 may be increased to \$1.75, it was revealed, but taxes could be greatly reduced, the committee asserted, if the law requiring assessments on full valuation was adhered to.

The commissioners are directed to increase the water rental by "not less than 25 per cent" to meet an expected deficit in the water service.

They also are directed to increase from \$1.25 to \$2 and from \$1 to \$3 a lineal foot, respectively, present assessments levied against private owners for laying water mains. A people's counsel for the public utilities commission is authorized. There is legislation in the making for an entire new utilities commission.

The committee cut budget estimates by \$295,841, the water service, zoo and engineer department bearing most of the cut. Estimates of \$49,000 for a bird house at the zoo, \$150,000 for the purchase of a site for stables, shops and store-rooms for the engineer department, were turned down flatly by the committee, and \$147,700 was sliced from the \$296,221 approved by the budget bureau for water mains.

Readjustments were made by the committee in other items, as they

NEW YORK BURGLARY INSURANCE BOOSTED

Losses Make Business Profit-
less; Ban on Grocery and
Jewel Houses.

New York, March 10 (By A. P.).—The New York Sun says today that increases in rates have been decided upon by underwriters of all classes of burglary insurance, because losses have grown to such an extent in New York city that they overbalance the profits. The increase, it is reported, was decided upon at a secret meeting last week of the Burglary National Underwriters' association.

Household rates will advance 10 to 15 per cent, and mercantile policies 20 per cent. The insuring of grocers and other neighborhood business already has been virtually discontinued. Even Lloyd's, of London, have refused to insure jewelry stores.

Rent-Free Apartments For Aged Ministers

New York, March 10 (By A. P.).—A rent-free apartment house for aged ministers and their wives will be erected in Florida by James C. Penney, merchant and philanthropist, it was announced today.

The buildings will have 100 three-room apartments, will cost about \$500,000 and will be administered free of charge to the occupants. It will be situated at Green Cove Springs, Clay county, Fla., as a memorial to Mr. Penney's parents. The J. C. Penney foundation, organized to administer his philanthropies, will select the ministers from Protestant evangelical congregations, regardless of creed.

REED ASSAILS USE OF DECOYS TO HELP DRY ENFORCEMENT

Declares "Scoundrels"
Entrap Citizens Into
Breaking Law.

DRAMA AND HUMOR MINGLED IN DEBATE

House Engages for More Than
Three Hours in Stormy
Discussion of Issue.

By ALBERT W. FOX.

The prohibition issue took both the Senate and the House by storm yesterday and brought forth more outspoken criticism of present methods of enforcement than has ever been heard at the Capitol since the Volstead act went into effect.

Senator Reed, of Missouri, who has just returned, took the button off his foil and plunged home without fear, favor or mercy against what he termed the "scoundrels" who were found in Washington as well as elsewhere promoting violations of the prohibition law by decoy methods, employment of immoral women and other methods aimed at entrapping citizens and trampling on the citizens' constitutional rights.

After reading a warning from Gov. Donahay of Ohio relative to crimes committed by prohibition enforcement officers in that State, Senator Reed added:

Says Crime Is Promoted.

"Occurrences similar to these are daily happenings in the United States. Regardless of opinions we may have as to the liquor question, I think there should be no difference of opinion in this body with respect to crimes similar to those described—for they are crimes.

"We have evidence similar to this in the city of Washington. Prohibition officers used liquor and women at one of the hotels. It was a perfect scheme of entrapment which went beyond the limits which the law permits and became a crime-promotion scheme.

"Scoundrels should not be in public service in enforcing this law or any other law. The citizens should be safe from the murderous assaults of men who are sworn to protect the Constitution."

This latter statement of the senator from Missouri had relation to a part of Gov. Donahay's statement dealing with the firing on automobiles by prohibition officers. In the Ohio case referred to, the prohibition officers in company with a woman decoy pursued and fired at a runaway finally flattening the tire, according to the statement which Senator Reed read into the Record. The runaway was forced to the side of the country road at

CONTINUED ON FOURTH PAGE.

Index to Today's Issue.

- Pages.
1—League Again at Impasse.
Urges Nation Own Its Coal.
Higher Taxes Forecast.
Assails Use of Wet Decoys.
150 Flee in Apartment Fire.
2—Killing of Cat Brings Inquiry.
Truck Crushes Boy to Death.
3—Attacked Coed, Gets Life Term.
4—"Hands Off" Coolidge Policy.
5—Intimate Papers of Col. House.
6—Editorials.
7—Society.
8—Weather and Vital Statistics.
Movements of Steamships.
9—Next Week in the Theaters.
Cross Word Puzzle.
10—Magazine Page.
11-12-13—Financial.
13-14-15—Sports.
16—Radio and Comics.
12-19—Legal Record.
18—The Three Musketeers.
18-19—Classified Advertisements.
20—The News in Pictures.

MARINE COLONEL DRUNK. GEN. BUTLER CHARGES

Col. Williams Under Technical
Arrest at San Diego; Was
Host to Accuser.

COCKTAILS ON THE MENU

San Diego, Calif., March 10 (By A. P.).—Brig. Gen. Smedley D. Butler, who topped off his war record as a "Devil Dog" to fight vice and liquor in Philadelphia as head of the police there for two years, continued his crusade against drink here today when he filed charges of drunkenness and conduct unbecoming an officer against Col. Alexander Williams, of the San Diego marine base.

Gen. Butler's action followed a dinner given Saturday evening at Col. Williams' home in Coronado in Gen. Butler's honor. Cocktails, it is said, were served at the dinner, which was attended by a number of officers of the marine corps and their wives. It is said that Gen. Butler made some comment regarding the cocktails. The charges against Col. Williams, however, were based on a party held later at a hotel in Coronado, all of those at the dinner having been invited.

Gen. Butler's charge was sent today to Rear Admiral Ashley D. Robertson, commanding the Eleventh Naval district here. Admiral Robertson said he would send the charge to Washington for final action by the Navy Department. Several affidavits accompanied the charges. Gen. Butler and some other officers declared in the affidavits that Col. Williams was intoxicated. Other affidavits declared he was not. It was said at eleventh naval district headquarters that regulations require the affidavit of a navy physician in such a case. No such affidavit had been filed at District headquarters today, it was reported.

Col. Williams was placed under technical arrest at the hotel and

CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.

150 PERSONS FLEE FIRE IN CATHEDRAL MANSIONS BUILDING

Flames in Basement Fill
Central Structure
With Smoke.

SICK CARRIED OUT; 3 ALARMS SOUNDED

Four Other Blazes at Same
Times; 26 Are Re-
ported in Day.

Cathedral Mansions, reputed to be the largest apartment building in the world, was the scene of a small fire and a great amount of excitement early last night. Smoke from the fire, which was confined to the center building at 3100 Connecticut avenue, choked and blinded the 150 or more tenants as they dashed to the street.

It was a day and a night of fires in Washington. Twenty-six alarms had been recorded at fire department headquarters at 11 o'clock, which was said to be close to a record.
Five fires broke out elsewhere while firemen were fighting the blaze at Cathedral Mansions, and as a consequence virtually every piece of fire apparatus was called out. Three alarms were turned in for the fire at Cathedral Mansions.

Woman Carried Out.

Dr. A. D. Wheatley, who has an apartment on the fourth floor of the center building, believed that he and his wife were trapped by the fire. He ran to a vacant apartment in the front of the building and waved a towel at the firemen below. Four of the latter responded and carried Mrs. Wheatley to the street.

Twenty-one hundred tenants are listed in all the buildings of the Cathedral Mansions. A large percentage of those in the other buildings ran to the street when the fire apparatus clanged to the scene, moved either by a desire to see the excitement or by fear.

Two occupants of the apartment who were sick were assisted to the street, one of them by C. Elmore Cropley. Several persons, according to the firemen, climbed down ladders in the rear of the building. One man remained in the building, and persons on the outside could hear him calling for his wife.

The fire started in the meter room in the basement shortly after 7 o'clock and spread to the apartment above, where it was checked. The apartment is occupied by William C. Ritter, professor of zoology at the University of California, and president of Science Service.

Match or Cigarette Blamed.

Fire Marshal L. V. Seib expressed the opinion that the fire started in a pile of refuse into which some one accidentally had dropped a lighted match or cigarette.

Had it not been for the concrete floors and the other fireproof features of the building, the fire undoubtedly would have been more extensive, Marshal Seib declared.

Traffic on Connecticut avenue and adjacent side streets was paralyzed for a time. Many of the motorists who happened along at the time were bound for the theater. Some of them were locked in the jam and others escaped by way of side streets.

Hose Wagon and Auto Crash.

While responding to the third alarm, the hose wagon of Engine Company No. 23 was in collision at Twenty-second street and Pennsylvania avenue northwest with an automobile driven by Fred Allen Bryan, of Cherrylee, Va., brother of Frank B. Bryan, first deputy insurance commissioner of the District. None was injured.

The driver of the hose wagon, P. P. Ballenger, who was driver of the engine when his company won the speed contest last summer, did everything in his power to avert the accident, according to Sgt. Samuel Galloway, in charge of the hose wagon. Bryan said last night that he did not hear the engine's siren until he turned the corner and was headed for the curb when hit. He was taken to traffic court last night charged with failing to give right of way to fire apparatus and colliding. The case was continued until tonight by Judge John P. McMahon.

Several Other Blazes.

Five minutes after the alarm was received from the Cathedral Mansions, an alarm was turned in for a fire at the Carlton hotel which is under construction at Sixteenth and

CONTINUED ON THIRD PAGE.

ONCE A READER
of The Post, always a reader.
Once a Post advertiser, always a
user of Post advertising space.
Try it and see.

The Washington Post.

Weather—Rain today and
probably tomorrow; somewhat
colder tomorrow night; fresh
northeast winds.
Temperature yesterday—High-
est, 51; lowest, 28.

NO. 18,165. ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER
POSTOFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

WASHINGTON: THURSDAY, MARCH 11, 1926.—TWENTY PAGES

COPYRIGHT, 1926
BY THE WASHINGTON POST CO.

TWO CENTS.

POST-SCRIPTS

By
GEORGE ROTHWELL BROWN

"The appetite for news is, in truth, universal; but is naturally disappointed, rather than bounded, by the ability to read. Hence it is that the circulation of newspapers is proportioned in various countries to the spread of letters."

Gen. Smedley Butler thinks he is still fighting the rum hounds of Philadelphia and launches a boot-leg crusade against his host at a Marine Corps party. There is some talk of court-martialing him for violation of the 133d article of the book of etiquette.

A violent outbreak of brotherly love at Geneva. In the concert of nations Germany always insists on playing the bass drum.

John D. Jr., announces a campaign for a \$1,000,000 fund for the restoration of a yearn for learning on the part of idle college students, for whom the funds of philanthropists have made getting an education so easy that they don't have to bother about getting an education.

The Soviet government is finding it impossible to dispose of 124 imperial corsets of the royal family of Russia, which went out with the Romanoff ladies and will come back when they do.

If we were a scientist, and we set out in our laboratory to create life artificially, we'd create something better than Prof. Mazur's snails—we'd create lions.

Things are getting so wet at the Capitol nowadays that a body needs to put on galoshes and a raincoat before going down to listen to the debate.

There seems to have been almost as much smoke and confusion at the Cathedral Mansions fire as there is at the League of Nations.

Tomblanton holds that day is lost, whose low, descending sun, sees nothing done, what's the cost.

To get out on page one. The House debates the prohibition question pro and con—very little pro—for three hours, and does the "Lone Star" statesman get in it? What a question!

Washington may be going to hell, but at least Representative Tinkham will be forced to admit that it isn't going in a hach.

As Dana said, if a man bit a dog, that would be news, but what we started to report is that the Stillmans are very happy billing and cooing in Paris. This opens up a big field for the sensation mongers and we expect to see a violent outburst of marital felicity scoops in the tabloids.

The former "bean king" is dead at 91, and there's nothing remarkable about that—but he lived in New York, not Boston.

Representative Celler, of New York, who has a name to make Phil Hill's mouth water, puts George Washington's beer recipe in the Congressional Record. This ought to satisfy the demand of the dregs that no publicity be given this wicked document.

President Coolidge seems to have very strong conscientious scruples against getting involved in any State political quarrels this year that might have a kick-back in 1928.

Increased taxes and water rates for that poor "Orfing," the District. The House provides an appropriation bill that will be a nice present for the Christmas stocking.

A number of astounding facts are recalled in connection with the fiftieth anniversary of the invention of the telephone—the first time Alexander Graham Bell took the receiver off the hook central did not say, "Line's busy!"

Here's a story that the cat's eyes—and real ones at that. George Washington students are accused of an unbelievable mutilation of a dumb beast, and there are three little kittens crying for their mother that confirm the ghastly tale. One almost feels like applying the Mosaic law in a case like this.

Representative Black, of New York, would like to ask President Coolidge how he stands on prohibition. Is there to be no respect for this new "hands off" policy?

If Victor Berger is entitled to a seat in the House of Representatives there would really seem to be no reason why Eugene V. Debs shouldn't be entitled to vote for him.

Any kid who has ever put a horse-hair in a bottle and watched it turn to a snake, knows how easy it is for a real scientist to create life artificially.

3 COUNCIL NATIONS REFUSE TO PROMISE VOTE FOR GERMANY

Briand Alone Is Believed
Able to Put an End
to League Crisis.

BERLIN'S DELEGATES SERVE ULTIMATUM

Paul-Boncour Gives Warning
of Impending Collapse.
Threat by Brazil.

Geneva, March 10 (By A. P.).—The impasse in the affairs of the council of the League of Nations was considered critical late tonight. Contrary to the somewhat rosy reports given out that the situation was "ripening toward an accord," reliable information indicated that three members of the council, Brazil, Spain and Japan, declined today at the unofficial meeting of the council to say they would vote for the election of Germany as a permanent member.

The greatest gloom prevails among all the delegations, and it is thought that only the master hand of Briand can save the situation, which, in the view of many of the leaders, threatens the very existence of the league itself.

Afranio Mello Franco, of Brazil, informed the council that he had explicit instructions from the president of the Brazilian republic that if he voted in favor of giving Germany a permanent seat he must simultaneously vote Brazil the same privilege.

Veto, Then Withdraw.

According to one report, Mello Franco told the council that if Brazil was not accorded a permanent seat now she would withdraw from the league, but would veto the election of Germany while she remained a member of the council. Mello Franco refused tonight to confirm or deny whether he had made the latter statement.

The climax of the session came when one member, hoping to get some tangible result from the debate, put the direct question to all the members of the council: "Are you ready to vote for the election of Germany?"

Brazil answered as indicated above, while Count Quinones de Leon, of Spain, refused to answer at all, believing, as a prominent Spaniard said, that "silence is golden."

Japan was also absolutely non-committal, to the surprise of many.

Will Keep Locarno Pact.

The big powers, who are committed to vote for Germany by the agreement reached at Locarno, all announce they will do so. M. Paul-Boncour, of France, spoke of "a possibly collapsing league," and warned his colleagues of the dangerous repercussion on Europe of any breakup of the league of nations.

Appeals by the British and French statesmen met with no response, and the council found itself, not in the situation of deciding whether places would be given to other states than Germany, but confronted with the possibility that not even Germany could be admitted.

CONTINUED ON FOURTH PAGE.

Dr. E. T. Helfenstein

Leads for Coadjutor

The Rev. Edward T. Helfenstein, archdeacon of Maryland, was leading seven other candidates for election as bishop coadjutor of Maryland of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Maryland at the end of the fourth ballot in the special convention which met in Baltimore yesterday. The convention adjourned at 11:10 o'clock last night to resume balloting this morning.

Dr. Helfenstein received 40 clerical and 35 lay votes. The Rev. Wyatt Brown, rector of the Church of St. Michael and All Angels, received 31 clerical and 35 lay votes. There were 178 votes cast on the fourth ballot.

Tail Lights on Horses

Are Voted in Chicago

Chicago, March 10 (By A. P.).—Tail lights for horses?

Spurred on by the eloquence of Alderman D. S. McKinlay, a subcommittee today quit jockeying and gravely voted to recommend to a committee that in the interest of kindness to animals tail lights should be prescribed for equines of the bridge paths.

State Should Own Coal, British Advisers Report

Royal Commission Opposes Nationalization—Would
Keep Mines in Private Hands—Need of More
Scientific Methods and Pay Cut Seen.

London, March 10 (By A. P.).—State ownership of Great Britain's coal mines, but continuance of their development by private enterprise under government supervision, is recommended in the anxiously awaited report of the royal coal commission. The commission was appointed six months ago to evolve schemes which would put the coal industry on a sound basis and eliminate the constant disastrous disputes between miners and owners.

At the same time the commission declares against nationalization as recommended by the miners' federation. The commission's finding on the question of nationalization was perhaps the one in which the whole country was most vitally interested.

The report declares drastic reorganization of coal industry necessary. The report, which is unanimous, is signed by the chairman, Sir Herbert Samuel, Sir William Beveridge, Gen. Sir Herbert Lawrence and Kenneth Lee. All are prominent in British industrial life, but none is associated with the coal industry.

The depression in the industry, says the report, can not be attributed to political unrest or restriction of output by the miners or inefficiency of management, but it disagrees with the view of the mine owners that the only practicable remedy is to reduce wages, lengthen the hours of work and decrease the railway rates by lowering the wages of the railwaymen.

It says that the way to prosperity lies in three chief lines of advance, namely, greater application of science to the mining and using of coal, larger units for production and distribution and fuller partnership between employees and employers.

With respect to nationalization, the commission members say they see in it "grave economic dangers," they "contemplate, accordingly, continuance of the industry under private enterprise," but in the reorganization scheme they declare that "the error which was made in times past in allowing the ownership of coal to fall into private hands should be retrieved."

The State, it is recommended, should acquire coal by purchase, where it has a market value, and by a declaration of State ownership in case of unproved coal or coal at deep levels, which has no market value. A commission should be appointed to acquire and administer mineral property.

The continuance of the government coal subsidy, the commission declares, is indefensible, and should never be repeated. The commission considers that the only way to avert impending disaster is to revise the wages fixed in 1924, a time of temporary prosperity.

INITIAL \$100,000 GIVEN TO PRESBYTERIAN SHRINE

Mrs. McCormick Donates Gift
to Start \$3,000,000
Project Here.

Chicago, March 10 (By A. P.).—An initial cash gift of \$100,000 toward a memorial church to be established at Washington, D. C., by Presbyterian churches of the United States was announced tonight to the general council of the Presbyterian Church, in session here.

Mrs. Medill McCormick, wife of former Senator Medill McCormick and Republican national committee woman from Illinois, is the donor.

The church will be completed within the next ten or fifteen years and will cost approximately \$3,000,000, it was said here last night. The project was started five years ago, when a group of local Presbyterian ministers suggested.

CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.

WOMAN KILLS SELF AT BOY'S FUNERAL

Mrs. Dorland Feared She Was
to Be Made Witness in
Shooting of Lad.

Sandusky, Mich., March 10 (By A. P.).—Fear that she would be called to testify concerning the mysterious shooting Saturday night of 18-year-old Roy Lee is believed to have prompted the suicide today of Mrs. Pearl Dorland, Jr., who swallowed poison while attending the boy's funeral.

Lee was found shot to death in an automobile outside the home of Albert Sager, near here, where his brother, two other men and three women were holding an oyster supper and party. He had been shot with a .22-caliber bullet, but no pistol could be found.

Disappointment in a love affair was considered by the police to have caused Roy to shoot himself. Mrs. Dorland was one of the women in the party, and her husband and the other men were arrested, charged with liquor law violations.

American Communists Thanked by Calles

Chicago, March 10 (By A. P.).—A telegram in reply to one congratulating him on his "firm stand against American imperialism" demands in regard to Mexico's oil and land laws, was received by the workers communist party national headquarters today from President Calles of Mexico. The Mexican executive expressed thanks for the assurances given him by the workers communist party that he "had the support of an important section of American workers against Wall street."

Representative Thayer was elected a year ago last fall after a five-cornered fight for the seat of Frederick W. Dallinger, of Cambridge, who retired to run for the Senate. He suffered a mild shock last spring while in Washington and was forced to go South to recuperate. Apparently fully recovered, he returned to Washington this fall, but a threatened nervous breakdown brought him back from the Capital three weeks ago. He had been confined to his home since.

Harry I. Thayer Dead; Member of the House

Wakefield, Mass., March 10 (By A. P.).—Representative Harry I. Thayer, of the Eighth Massachusetts district, for many years a prominent figure in the shoe and leather industry of New England, died at his home here tonight. He was 56 years old.

Representative Thayer was elected a year ago last fall after a five-cornered fight for the seat of Frederick W. Dallinger, of Cambridge, who retired to run for the Senate. He suffered a mild shock last spring while in Washington and was forced to go South to recuperate. Apparently fully recovered, he returned to Washington this fall, but a threatened nervous breakdown brought him back from the Capital three weeks ago. He had been confined to his home since.

HIGHER RATES LOOM IN \$33,757,181 BILL FOR CITY'S SUPPLIES

Greater Water Rentals,
Taxes and Tuition
Are Provided.

LIMITATION PLACED ON BUYING PROPERTY

District Pays 100 to 200 Per
Cent Over Assessed Valua-
tion, Report Says.

Increased water rentals, probably increased property taxes and tuition for nonresident school children are provided in the District supply bill, carrying \$33,757,181 reported by the House appropriations committee yesterday.

As one District official expressed it, the bill is "loaded with dynamite."

The committee also proposes a limitation of 25 per cent over the assessed value on the amount which may be paid for property, the purchase of which is authorized by the bill, striking especially at the five-year school building program.

Failure to assess property at its full valuation here, in accordance with law, is throwing an unequal burden on the small home owner, the committee charged.

Taxes May Be \$1.75.

The present property tax of \$1.70 may be increased to \$1.75, it was revealed, but taxes could be greatly reduced, the committee asserted, if the law requiring assessments on full valuation was adhered to.

The commissioners are directed to increase the water rental by "not less than 25 per cent" to meet an expected deficit in the water service.

They also are directed to increase from \$1.25 to \$2 and from \$1 to \$3 a lineal foot, respectively, present assessments levied against property owners for laying water mains. A people's counsel for the public utilities commission is authorized. There is legislation in the making for an entire new utilities commission.

The committee cut budget estimates by \$295,841, the water service, zoo and engineer department bearing most of the cut. Estimates of \$49,000 for a bird house at the zoo, \$150,000 for the purchase of a site for stables, shops and store-rooms for the engineer department, were turned down flatly by the committee, and \$147,700 was sliced from the \$295,841 approved by the budget bureau for water mains.

Readjustments were made by the committee in other items, as they

CONTINUED ON TWELFTH PAGE.

NEW YORK BURGLARY INSURANCE BOOSTED

Losses Make Business Profit-
less; Ban on Grocery and
Jewel Houses.

New York, March 10 (By A. P.).—The New York Sun says today that increases in rates have been decided upon by underwriters of all classes of burglary insurance, because losses have grown to such an extent in New York city that they overbalance the profits. The increase, it is reported, was decided upon at a secret meeting last week of the Burglary National Underwriters' association.

Household rates will advance 10 to 15 per cent, and mercantile policies 20 per cent. The insuring of groceries and other neighborhood business already has been virtually discontinued. Even Lloyd's, of London, have refused to insure jewelry stores.

Rent-Free Apartments For Aged Ministers

New York, March 10 (By A. P.).

A rent-free apartment house for aged ministers and their wives will be erected in Florida by James C. Penney, merchant and philanthropist, it was announced today.

The buildings will have 100 three-room apartments, will cost about \$500,000 and will be administered free of charge to the occupants. It will be situated at Green Cove Springs, Clay county, Fla., as a memorial to Mr. Penney's parents. The J. C. Penney foundation, organized to administer his philanthropies, will select the ministers from Protestant evangelical congregations, regardless of creed.

REED ASSAILS USE OF DECOYS TO HELP DRY ENFORCEMENT

Declares "Scoundrels"
Entrap Citizens Into
Breaking Law.

DRAMA AND HUMOR MINGLED IN DEBATE

House Engages for More Than
Three Hours in Stormy
Discussion of Issue.

By ALBERT W. FOX.

The prohibition issue took both the Senate and the House by storm yesterday and brought forth more outspoken criticism of present methods of enforcement than has ever been heard at the Capitol since the Volstead act went into effect.

Senator Reed, of Missouri, who has just returned, took the button off his foil and plunged home without fear, favor or mercy against what he termed the "scoundrels" who were found in Washington as well as elsewhere promoting violations of the prohibition law by decoy methods, employment of immoral women and other methods aimed at entrapping citizens and trampling on the citizens' constitutional rights.

After reading a warning from Gov. Donahue of Ohio relative to crimes committed by prohibition enforcement officers in that State, Senator Reed added:

Says Crime Is Promoted.

"Occurrences similar to these are daily happenings in the United States. Regardless of opinions we may have as to the liquor question, I think there should be no difference of opinion in this body with respect to crimes similar to those described—for they are crimes."

"We have evidence similar to this in the city of Washington. Prohibition officers used liquor and women at one of the hotels. It was a perfect scheme of entrapment which went beyond the limits which the law permits and became a crime-promotion scheme."

"Scoundrels should not be in public service in enforcing this law or any other law. The citizens should be safe from the murderous assaults of men who are sworn to protect the Constitution."

This latter statement of the senator from Missouri had relation to a part of Gov. Donahue's statement dealing with the firing on automobiles by prohibition officers. In the Ohio case referred to, the prohibition officers in company with a woman decoy pursued and fired at a runaway finally flattening the tire, according to the statement which Senator Reed read into the Record. The runaway was forced to the side of the country road at

CONTINUED ON FOURTH PAGE.

Index to Today's Issue.

Pages.

- 1—League Again at Impasse.
- 2—Urges Nation Own Its Coal.
- 3—Higher Taxes Forecast.
- 4—Assaults Use of Wet Decoys.
- 5—150 Flee in Apartment Fire.
- 6—Killing of Cat Brings Inquiry.
- 7—Truck Crushes Boy to Death.
- 8—Attacked Coed, Gets Life Term.
- 9—"Hands Off" Coolidge Policy.
- 10—Intimate Papers of Col. House.
- 11—Editorials.
- 12—Society.
- 13—Weather and Vital Statistics.
- 14—Movements of Steamships.
- 15—Next Week in the Theaters.
- 16—Cross Word Puzzle.
- 17—Magazine Page.
- 18—12-17—Financial.
- 19—13-14-15—Sports.
- 20—Radio and Comics.
- 21—12-19—Legal Record.
- 22—The Three Musketeers.
- 23—18-19—Classified Advertisements.
- 24—The News in Pictures.

MARINE COLONEL DRUNK. GEN. BUTLER CHARGES

Col. Williams Under Technical
Arrest at San Diego; Was
Host to Accuser.

COCKTAILS ON THE MENU

San Diego, Calif., March 10 (By A. P.).—Brig. Gen. Smedley D. Butler, who topped off his war record as a "Devil Dog" to fight vice and liquor in Philadelphia as head of the police there for two years, continued his crusade against drink here today when he filed charges of drunkenness and conduct unbecoming an officer against Col. Alexander Williams, of the San Diego marine base.

Gen. Butler's action followed a dinner given Saturday evening at Col. Williams' home in Coronado in Gen. Butler's honor. Cocktails, it is said, were served at the dinner, which was attended by a number of officers of the marine corps and their wives. It is said that Gen. Butler made some comment regarding the cocktails.

The charges against Col. Williams, however, were based on a party held later at a hotel in Coronado, all of those at the dinner having been invited.

Gen. Butler's charge was sent today to Rear Admiral Ashley D. Robertson, commanding the Eleventh Naval district here. Admiral Robertson said he would send the charge to Washington for final action by the Navy Department.

Several affidavits accompanied the charges. Gen. Butler and some other officers declared in the affidavits that Col. Williams was intoxicated. Other affidavits declared he was not. It was said at eleventh naval district headquarters that regulations require the affidavit of a navy physician in such a case. No such affidavit had been filed at District headquarters today, it was reported.

Col. Williams was placed under technical arrest at the hotel and

CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.

Light Ray Carries Words; Secret That Eluded Bell

Boston, March 10 (By A. P.).—Two interesting facts concerning the telephone and its inventor, Alexander Graham Bell, were recalled today, on the fiftieth anniversary of the first telephone conversation.

More than 47 years ago Bell attempted to talk over a ray of light. Yesterday D. C. Stockbarger, instructor in physics at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, in Cambridge, succeeded.

The second fact recalled today was that the first telephone conversation a half-century ago was Bell's shout for help, the result of a mishap. Bell and his assistant, Thomas A. Watson, were working in Boston over their apparatus when Watson, listening at the receiver in another room, heard the words: "Mr. Watson, come here; I want you."

Bell had upset a battery and had spilled acid on his clothes. When Watson hurried into the room, Bell was so elated he forgot the damage caused by the acid.

The story of Bell's efforts to talk over a light ray, in anticipation of Hubbard, an early associate, and as director of the American Telephone & Telegraph Co., dean of living telephone officials.

Thomas Watson, himself, recalling the old days in which he worked under Bell's direction in the perfecting of the telephone, related the story of the mishap that occasioned the first telephone message.

Successful demonstration of transmission of sound by light waves,

150 PERSONS FLEE FIRE IN CATHEDRAL MANSIONS BUILDING

Flames in Basement Fill
Central Structure
With Smoke.

SICK CARRIED OUT; 3 ALARMS SOUNDED

Four Other Blazes at Same
Times; 26 Are Re-
ported in Day.

Cathedral Mansions, reputed to be the largest apartment building in the world, was the scene of a small fire and a great amount of excitement early last night. Smoke from the fire, which was confined to the center building at 3100 Connecticut avenue, choked and blinded the 150 or more tenants as they dashed to the street.

It was a day and a night of fire in Washington. Twenty-six alarms had been recorded at fire department headquarters at 11 o'clock, which was said to be close to a record.

Five fires broke out elsewhere while firemen were fighting the blaze at Cathedral Mansions, and as a consequence virtually every piece of fire apparatus was called out. Three alarms were turned in for the fire at Cathedral Mansions.

Woman Carried Out.

Dr. A. D. Wheatley, who has an apartment on the fourth floor of the center building, believed that he and his wife were trapped by the fire. He ran to a vacant apartment in the front of the building and waved a towel at the firemen below. Four of the latter responded and carried Mrs. Wheatley to the street.

Twenty-one hundred tenants are listed in all the buildings of the Cathedral Mansions. A large percentage of those in the other buildings ran to the street when the fire apparatus clanged to the scene, moved either by a desire to see the excitement or by fear.

Two occupants of the apartment who were sick were assisted to the street, one of them by C. Elmore Cropley. Several persons, according to the firemen, climbed down ladders in the rear of the building. One man remained in the building, and persons on the outside could hear him calling for his wife.

The fire started in the meter room in the basement shortly after 7 o'clock and spread to the apartment above, where it was checked. The apartment is occupied by William C. Ritter, professor of zoology at the University of California, and president of Science Service.

Match or Cigarette Blamed.

Fire Marshal L. V. Seib expressed the opinion that the fire started in a pile of refuse into which some one accidentally had dropped a lighted match or cigarette.

Had it not been for the concrete floors and the other fireproof features of the building, the fire undoubtedly would have been more extensive, Marshal Seib declared.

Traffic on Connecticut avenue and adjacent side streets was paralyzed for a time. Many of the motorists who happened along at the time were bound for the theater. Some of them were locked in the jam and others escaped by way of side streets.

Hose Wagon and Auto Crash.

While responding to the third alarm, the hose wagon of Engine Company No. 23 was in collision at Twenty-second street and Pennsylvania avenue northwest with an automobile driven by Fred Allen Bryan, of Cherrydale, Va., brother of Frank B. Bryan, first deputy insurance commissioner of the District. None was injured.

The driver of the hose wagon, P. P. Ballenger, who was driver of the engine when his company won the speed contest last summer, did everything in his power to avert the accident, according to Sgt. Samuel Gallahan, in charge of the hose wagon. Bryan said last night that he did not hear the engine's siren until he turned the corner and was headed for the curb when hit. He was taken to traffic court last night charged with failing to give right of way to fire apparatus and colliding. The case was continued until tonight by Judge John P. McMahon.

Several Other Blazes.

Five minutes after the alarm was received from the Cathedral Mansions, an alarm was turned in for a fire at the Carlton hotel which is under construction at Sixteenth and

CONTINUED ON THIRD PAGE.

COLLEGE STUDENTS EXHIBIT CAT'S EYES; INQUIRY IS STARTED

Pet of George Washington University Cafeteria Disappears.

YOUTHS ARE DROPPED FROM SCHOOL ROSTER

Young Men Are Said to Have Admitted Mutilating Another Animal.

An exhibition of cat's eyes in a jewelry box by a student of George Washington University, which proved to be real eyes instead of jewelry, as supposed, shocked and surprised students assembled in the university cafeteria at 2022 G street northwest and is being investigated by the Washington Humane society, it was learned yesterday.

After the eyes were exhibited, the report goes, L. W. Jester, engineering student and assistant manager of the cafeteria, recalled that the cat's eyes, a beautiful tortoiseshell colored female, well known and liked by the students, was missing. Since the cat has not returned, the student who had shown the eyes was accused of having mutilated the cafeteria pet. The accusation was strengthened by the fact that she has three 3-week-old kittens, which since her disappearance have been fed by a medicine dropper.

According to the story told the Humane society, two students picked a cat up in front of the cafeteria, carried it to a room and cut out the cat's eyes.

Girls Are Shocked.

One of the students, according to the story given the society, admitted as much and went further into detail. He declared that he had taken a piece of meat off a table in the cafeteria, lured the cat to him, gone to the pharmacy and purchased a quantity of ether, taken the cat to his room and while the cat was under the influence of ether had cut out its eyes and cut up the body.

The mutilation of the cat, according to the society, was apparently to no purpose, although both students are preparing for medicine courses. The eyes, it is declared, were shown as a surprise. There were a number of girls in the crowd that witnessed the opening of the jewelry box, according to the society's information. The girls were horrified, it was said, and several youths rebuked the student.

Both students are said to have admitted yesterday that they had exhibited the eyes of a cat in the cafeteria, but one of them contended that it was not the cafeteria cat. The cat he picked up, he said, had been told students, was black and white and not tortoiseshell.

The humane society took the matter up with university authorities immediately on receiving complaint. John P. Heap, secretary, declared. The society's agents, J. E. Thomas and J. P. Rupprecht, reported yesterday that, according to word from the authorities, nothing had been accomplished in the case.

However, it was reported at the university office that both students have been dropped, and that there is little chance of their being reinstated. Questions as to whether they were dropped for the cat episode or not, failed to elicit anything definite. It was reported that they were dropped for scholarship reasons. They were dropped, however, after the exhibition of the eyes occurred.

Restoration of Debs To Citizenship Sought

(By the Associated Press.)

A movement has been started to have citizenship rights restored to Eugene V. Debs, socialist leader who served more than two years in the Atlanta penitentiary for opposing American participation in the world war.

Representative Berger (Socialist), Wisconsin, after a conference yesterday at the White House, said President Coolidge had shown sympathetic interest in an appeal for Debs. Today Berger plans to discuss the question of amnesty with Department of Justice officials.

Butler for Mellon To Become Citizen

Walter Flore, 34 years old, butler to Secretary of the Treasury Mellon, who came to this country from England in 1919, declared his intention of becoming an American citizen yesterday in District Supreme Court.

The butler wanted to know if he could not get around the customary two-year wait and become a full-fledged American citizen, but was informed that it would take an act of Congress to carry out his wishes.

WINE AND BEER BALLOT

Are you for or against the return of light wines and beer?

FOR

AGAINST

Vote by placing an X in the square before either for or against, whichever indicates your choice. One person is allowed only one vote. Sign your name and address. Names of voters will be held in strict confidence. Mail the ballot to The Ballot Editor, The Washington Post.

Name

Address

KILLED BY TRUCK



ERNEST H. IRWIN, JR.

TWO-YEAR-OLD GIRL GIVES TO SIBLEY FUND

Jean Corkran Contributes \$20 at Luncheon Meeting; J. Showalter Speaks.

Jean Corkran, 2 years old, daughter of the Rev. and Mrs. Clarence H. Corkran, of Lincoln Road Methodist church, yesterday became the youngest contributor to the Sibley Memorial hospital fund of \$325,000. Jean turned in her personal check for \$20 at the noon luncheon meeting held in the City club, boosting the total to \$608.08.

William J. Showalter, of the National Geographic society, spoke on "Sibley Service," outlining the progress of the institution throughout its 32 years. Robert V. Fleming presided. Mrs. F. C. Reynolds will serve as chairman today.

Two memorial drinking fountains were reported yesterday in honor of the late Dr. D. Olin Leech. Both fountains, which will be erected in the new maternity building, were gifts of their widows, Andrew H. Phelps, general chairman of the campaign, pleaded with the workers to have more of the memorials named before Monday. Fifty single rooms in the new maternity building will be named for families donating \$1,000 in the present campaign.

BROADER ELECTION OF COUNCIL FAVORED

Benning Citizens Association Indorses Plan Suggested by The Post.

Election of the citizens advisory council by the members of the associations affiliated with the Federation of Citizens Associations as suggested editorially by The Post received the unanimous endorsement of the Benning Citizens association, meeting in the Benning school last night.

Warner Stutler, delegate to the federation from the Benning association, who proposed the resolution, said that if the plan of The Post was carried out it would increase the membership of the "citizens" associations throughout the city and thereby add to the prestige and influence of the groups. The federation was requested in the resolution to appoint a committee to study the feasibility of the plan. The council is now elected by the members of the federation. An increase in the number of members of the advisory council also was recommended in the resolution.

SERVICE MEN'S HOME UNLIKELY TO BE SOLD

House Committee Indicates It Will Kill Item for the Sale of Property.

The House naval affairs committee indicated yesterday that it would strike provision for the sale of the soldiers' and sailors' home at Ninth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast, from the navy omnibus bill.

Provision for the sale of the home is included in the bill permitting the Navy Department to dispose of multiple properties. Paul McCahan, member of the board of managers of the home, appeared before the committee in its behalf.

As the result of his protest it was indicated that the property would be left in a manner that it might be leased for a long term from the department.

BOY CRUSHED TO DEATH UNDER TRUCK'S WHEELS

Student Driver Is Held After Death of Ernest Irwin, Jr., 5 Years Old.

WAS RIDING KIDDIE CAR

"Mama, it's such a nice warm day, can I go out and ride my kiddie car?" Ernest Irwin, Jr., 5 years old, 2224 R street southeast, asked his mother yesterday afternoon. She consented and the boy rushed out with a shout of glee. Five minutes later his life was crushed out beneath the wheels of a truck driven by Joseph E. Herbert, 28 years old, 2165 Good Hope road southeast, at Naylor road and Minnesota avenue southeast.

The boy was riding on the side of the street in Minnesota avenue, a block from his home. Hearing the noise of the truck behind him he apparently became excited and turned slightly toward the middle of the street, according to George Bahr, 2308 Naylor road, who witnessed the accident.

The front and rear wheels of the truck passed over the child's body. Bahr picked him up and carried him into the drug store of Martin Silver, 2204 Minnesota avenue, who drove him to Providence hospital. He was pronounced dead upon arrival there.

Herbert was arrested by police from the Eleventh precinct and is being held pending an inquest today. He was learning to drive the truck when he struck the child and was being taught by Clarence Nealy, 1815 Good Hope road southeast, who owns the machine. The brakes on the truck were tested by Police-man J. Fondahl, who said they were not in good condition.

The child is survived by his mother and father, a sister, Katherine, 8 years old, and a brother, Joseph, 10 months old.

WORDS ARE CARRIED OVER BEAM OF LIGHT

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

were transformed in the customary manner into sound. Selenium, like the photo-electric cell, is sensitive to light. It is a mineral whose resistance to electric current is decreased by exposure to light. Bell, it is believed, hoped to bring about the same varying pulsations in current by the effect of light on the selenium.

Persons interested in the biography of Bell have discovered how he spent the first profits from his invention. With the country full of doubters, Bell had to deliver a series of ten lectures to make known his invention.

The first lecture was free, but the second netted \$100. Enthusiastically the inventor hurried to a jewelry store and had a sign made for the girl who later became his wife—the daughter of Gardner G. Hubbard, a Cambridge lawyer.

1,100 Attend Telephone Birthday Banquet Here

An immense telephone birthday cake and speeches reviewing the history and development of the telephone marked the fiftieth anniversary celebration of the beginning of the telephone attended by 1,100 employees of the Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone Co. at the City club last night.

The surprise feature was the cutting of a birthday cake which was set with 50 burning candles. The cake was more than 2 feet high and 5 feet in diameter. When it was cut two beautiful girls stepped out and distributed favors for the dance that followed. The girls were Miss Bernice Teunis and Miss Jerry Borraat, both employed in the main office.

Alfred E. Beane, president of the telephone company, in the main address, related telephone development and history, and remarked upon the life and struggles of Alexander Graham Bell. He read two of Bell's letters which picture the foresight and vision of the inventor of the telephone. Similar celebrations were held all over the country.

FIRST \$100,000 GIVEN FOR CHURCH SHRINE

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

gested to the general council of the church that a Presbyterian shrine be erected in this city.

Since that time a committee headed by the Rev. Charles Wood, pastor of the Church of the Covenant, has been making tentative plans for the erection of the shrine. It was learned that the committee suggested that the church be erected on the site occupied before the war by the German embassy, at 8 street and Phelps place northwest. No definite site has been selected as yet, however.

Money for the erection of the church will be derived through contributions from prominent and interested persons and a national drive for funds will be started soon, it is believed.

Mrs. McCormick's gift came as no surprise to those who have been working for the erection of a national Presbyterian church here. When the project was suggested, Senator McCormick served as chairman of a committee appointed to advise the committee headed by the Rev. Dr. Wood.

After Mr. McCormick's death, Mrs. McCormick was invited to serve in his place. She consented. Former Vice President Thomas Marshall was also a member of the advisory committee. After his death Mrs. Marshall consented to fill his place. The late Senator Selden S. Spencer, of Missouri, was also a member of the advisory committee.

The Rev. J. R. Duffield and the Rev. Dr. Rohrer are vice president and secretary, respectively, of the committee headed by Dr. Wood. Dr. Wood was in Chicago when Mrs. McCormick made her donation.

COLONEL OF MARINES DRUNK, SAYS BUTLER

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

was summarily removed from command of the Fourth regiment of Marines, to which command he reverted when Gen. Butler relieved him as commander of the marine base a few days ago.

Should the Navy Department take cognizance of Gen. Butler's charges and order Col. Williams tried by general court martial, the board, it is announced will convene either at district headquarters in San Francisco or at the marine base. The board, under the law, must comprise fewer than five nor more than 13 officers, all of them, except the recorder, senior to the officer being tried.

Col. Williams has had a long and distinguished career in the marine corps. He was born in New York city, August 25, 1877, and was commissioned a second lieutenant in the corps October 12, 1899. In the world war he commanded the Battalion of Marines with the rank of major general. He is a graduate of the Naval War college at Newport and of the army school of the line at Fort Leavenworth, Kans. He assumed command of the Fourth regiment when it arrived here from the Dominican republic, August 25, 1924.

Last year, following a courtship in Coronado, Calif., Col. Williams married Miss Marie Thompson, a noted Kentucky beauty. Maj. Gen. Wendell Neville, commanding the department of the Pacific, marine corps, with headquarters at San Francisco, was best man at the wedding.

Gen. Butler was not at the marine post today. It is understood that after filing the charges with Admiral Robertson, he left for San Francisco to confer with Gen. Neville.

San Francisco, March 10 (By A. P.).—Maj. Gen. W. E. Neville, commanding the marine corps on the Pacific coast, said today he had received no report on the dinner given at the San Diego Saturday by Gen. Smedley D. Butler.

"I can not comment on such a report now, and I will not comment on it after I receive it," Gen. Neville said. "The whole thing is up to Washington."

BILL FOUGHT BECAUSE OF 'MORAL TURPITUDE'

Inclusion of Term in Plumbers' Legislation Is Opposed; Measure Reported.

"Moral turpitude" proved the storm center of opposition before the Senate District committee yesterday to the District commissioners' bill to regulate plumbers.

Frank A. Hennen told the committee, with considerable feeling, that he wanted to know just what that term meant. The bill would authorize the commissioners to revoke plumbers' permits for moral turpitude. Mr. Hennen said he asked many people what it meant. In his quest for information he had asked Senator Dill, of Washington, who was quoted as saying it meant "to get drunk."

The committee favorably reported the bill, as it did, which would put the park police on an equal footing with the metropolitan police force in regard to annual leave, sick leave, disability protection, and give additional personnel to permit them to get their day a week off.

LUTHER S. FRISTOE DIES.

Veteran Realtor of Capital Settlements to Pneumonia.

Luther S. Fristoe, 66 years old, veteran of the world war, died last night at his residence, 2901 Sixteenth street, after an illness of two weeks. Death was due to pneumonia. Mr. Fristoe had been in failing health for several years.

He died on December 31, 1925. Mr. Fristoe engaged in the real estate business at an early age. He was a member of the firm of Davidson & Davidson and L. S. Fristoe, with offices at 1013 Fifteenth street northwest. Surviving him are his widow and two sons, Edward Bloss Fristoe and Roy Gilbert Fristoe. Funeral services will be conducted tomorrow afternoon in Wright's funeral chapel. Burial will be in Rock Creek cemetery.

UNITED STATES BANKERS Demand Congo Rule, Is Rumor

Brussels, March 10 (By A. P.).—Rumors have caused in political and financial circles today a report that a loan of \$100,000,000 to Belgium had been made by American bankers on the essential condition that their agents take over control of the finances of the Belgian Congo. The incident has necessitated postponement of Finance Minister Janssens' trip to London, England. He will appear before the cabinet tomorrow and explain the status of the loan negotiations.

Montgomery to Enlist 1,700 Negligent Voters

Representative Fred N. Zihlman, of Maryland, and Assistant Secretary of Commerce J. H. MacLafferty, of California, will speak at a "get-together" meeting of the Montgomery County Republican Voters club in the Montgomery County club, Rockville, Md., Mrs. John A. Holmes is chairman of the reception committee.

Plans for enrollment of 1,700 new voters in the county, said to be largely Republican in sympathy, will be discussed, it was stated. County organization on campaign work, which has been recently developed, club officials say, by growing dissatisfaction at Democratic politics in the county, will also be dealt with. Precinct club committees are to be formed to take charge of the work.

FOLK SONGS ON RADIO.

Russian Ensemble to Give Program Over WRC Tonight.

A concert of Russian folk songs, to be presented by Basil P. Tutorsky and his Russian ensemble, will form the principal attraction of the program to be broadcast tonight by station WRC. The Tutorsky ensemble, a recent addition to the music talent of the Capital, made its radio debut recently from the Park road station. The concert is scheduled at 10 o'clock.

A second Washington feature of tonight's radio bill will be a joint recital by Hazel Gem Hughes, soprano; Frances Van Dem Bogen, alto; and Thomas Leef, tenor, of the Otto F. Simon studio. Miss Helen Burkart will assist at the piano. Others on WRC's program, to be broadcast from New York, will be the Royal Salon orchestra, directed by Bernard Levitov, and a moving-picture presentation of "High Steppers."

SOUTHEAST STREET WILL BE IMPROVED

Business Men's Association Is Told Newspaper Articles Are Bringing Results.

Articles in the Post portraying bad street conditions in some sections of the southeast have borne fruit, Clarence F. Donohoe, real estate dealer, reported at the meeting of the Southeast Business Men's association last night in Simpson's hall, 530 Seventh street southeast. Mr. Donohoe declared that work would be begun in the near future on C street southeast, which will be resurfaced from Twelfth street to the river.

The association voted to protest to the District commissioners the removal of the navy yard spur from New Jersey avenue along K street to the navy yard. A number of Washington business houses would suffer, if the spur were removed, it was said. The committee which will make the protest is composed of James B. Flynn, Mr. Donohoe, and W. A. Simpson.

Plans were made for an oyster roast next week, March 23. The entertainment committee is as follows: John T. Crouch, George J. Cross, Jr., J. Elmer Shelton, Clarence F. Donohoe, Julius J. Donohoe, Joseph J. Wood, Charles A. Everett, James T. Ryan, Howard Leapley, and Charles H. Jenkins.

Marconi Under Knife In London Hospital

London, March 10 (By A. P.).—William Marconi, having entered a London hospital last week-end suffering from overwork and nervousness, underwent a minor operation today for an internal disorder. At first it was feared that the inventor of wireless telegraphy was suffering from appendicitis, but this was found not to be the case.

A bulletin this evening stated that he was making satisfactory progress, and early recovery was expected if no complications developed.

DRY AMENDMENT LAID TO BIG CORPORATIONS

Agitation, Says Priest, Made Smoke Screen to Block Federal Inquiry.

Baltimore, March 10 (By A. P.).—The eighteenth amendment was added to the Constitution chiefly at the instigation of the United States Steel Corporation and the Standard Oil Co., the Rev. Joseph A. Ford, professor of sociology at Georgetown University, told members of the Knights of Columbus at a luncheon here today.

Both of these companies were in serious danger of a Federal investigation just before prohibition became an active issue in national politics, and in order to eliminate possible danger to themselves and divert public attention from the proposed inquiries, these companies decided to wipe out the liquor business, the speaker said.

The priest told of a "notorious group" whom he had often befriended. The man, showing evidences of wealth, called on him recently and offered a roll of bills in payment for his kindness, he said. When questioned as to the source of his wealth, the man admitted he was "Goon," saying Butler's prohibition squad" in Philadelphia. Father Ayl asserted.

U. S. Bankers Demand Congo Rule, Is Rumor

Brussels, March 10 (By A. P.).—Rumors have caused in political and financial circles today a report that a loan of \$100,000,000 to Belgium had been made by American bankers on the essential condition that their agents take over control of the finances of the Belgian Congo. The incident has necessitated postponement of Finance Minister Janssens' trip to London, England. He will appear before the cabinet tomorrow and explain the status of the loan negotiations.

CLASS IN BAPTIST HISTORY TO MEET

A class in Baptist history recently organized in the Fountain Memorial Baptist church, Q street and Naylor road southeast, will hold its first session in the church at 7:30 o'clock tomorrow night.

The class will be taught by the Rev. W. J. Hubbard, pastor of the church. A standard text will be used, and when the text is finished a written examination will be given. The Rev. Mr. Hubbard will use the blackboard in demonstrating, although the class is mainly for members of the Senior Baptist Young People's union, the public is invited.

The Baptist Church has existed under various names since the time of the apostles, the Rev. Mr. Hubbard declares. These various sects will be studied in order.

Sergeants to Hear Of Their Importance

Commissioner Frederick A. Pennington yesterday summoned Maj. Hesse, superintendent of police, and all the inspectors into his office to lay before them a plan to impress police sergeants with the importance of their work. As a result it was decided to hold a meeting of all sergeants March 19, in the board room of the District building, to listen to addresses on the subject.

Sure Relief FOR INDIGESTION

BELLANS
6 BELLANS
Hot Water
Sure Relief
26c and 75c Packages Everywhere

FEDERAL CASES JUMP, MARSHALS ARE TOLD

More Existing Than in History of Country, Assistant Attorney General Says.

Never before in the history of the Department of Justice have there been so many cases prosecuted, Assistant Attorney General John Marshall told 20 members of the United States Marshals' association yesterday at its annual meeting at the Willard hotel.

Mr. Marshall delivered the address of welcome in the name of the Department of Justice to the visiting marshals who have come from throughout the United States to attend the meeting. He said that the number present was a very good percentage of the marshals as the great majority could not attend because of the large number of cases crowding dockets of Federal courts throughout the country.

All of the officers for last year were reelected. They were: W. C. Snyder, of this city, president; Joseph Fritsch, of New York; vice president, and W. Frank Mathews, of Philadelphia, secretary-treasurer.

The association was received at the White House after the meeting by President Coolidge.

CREATED ARTIFICIAL LIFE, SAYS SCIENTIST

Miniature Snails and Low Forms of Plants Are Claimed Products.

Lorain, Ohio, March 10 (By A. P.).—Three Lorain science students were inclined tonight to give some credence to the claim of J. F. Mazur, 33, that he had discovered an artificial means of creating plant and animal life. Mazur, a graduate bacteriologist, claims to have developed, by means of chemicals and sunlight, sixteen varieties of cells in animals and plants.

After several hours of investigation the three men, members of the Lorain public schools faculty, told Mazur that they believed his discovery possible, encouraged him to continue his experiments.

The "committee" said, however, he might have allowed his solutions to become contaminated by bacteria and that life germs might have existed in the contamination. Mazur says he accidentally discovered the secret of creating life six years ago. Only recently, however, has he been able to create miniature snails, he said.

Among his exhibits is a small plant of a low stage which he says was developed by his sunlight and chemical process.

Settles for \$4,000 As Jury Gives \$20,000

New York, March 10 (By A. P.).—While a jury in Brooklyn supreme court was deliberating today on the \$50,000 alienation of affections suit brought by Albert Stone against Charles Z. Weiner, Stone and Weiner settled the matter between themselves for \$4,000. Five minutes later the jury announced that it had decided to award Stone \$20,000. Justice Strong disregarded the verdict and authorized the settlement.

8 Charges of Thermite Fired in Ice Gorge

Oil City, Pa., March 10 (By A. P.).—Eight more charges of thermite were placed in the Allegheny river gorge here today by aids of Dr. H. T. Barnes, McGill university scientist. All the shells exploded, but with lack of uniformity. Meanwhile the sun, shining brilliantly, thawed the surface ice to a considerable extent. Some of the thermite shells went off with one detonation, some with a series and some with none at all. One spent ball of fire into the air and others were accompanied with rumblings and heavings of the ice.

WOMAN AFRAID TO Eat Anything

"I was afraid to eat because I always had stomach trouble afterwards. Since taking Adlerika I can eat and feel fine." (signed) Mrs. A. Howard. ONE spoonful Adlerika removes GAS and often brings surprising relief to the stomach. Stops that full, bloated feeling. Removes old waste matter from intestines and makes you feel happy and cheerful. Excellent for obstinate constipation. Sold by all leading druggists.—Adv.

610 9th N.W. for Lease With Basement

Term of years commencing March 1. Glass ceiling, tile floor and walls. Will make alterations. Best business block in city. Inquire Hotel Inn, 608 9th st.

TROUSERS To Match Your Old Coats

EISEMAN'S, 7th & F
A very desirable apartment for rent in

THE DRESDEN

John W. Thompson & Co., Inc.
1636 Eye St. N.W. Main 1477

RED STAR BUS to PHILADELPHIA

With Stops At
Baltimore and Wilmington
Leaving Willard Hotel
and
Capitol Park Hotel

8:30 a.m. Every Day 3:30 p.m.
Washington to Philadelphia, \$8.00
Washington to Baltimore, 1.50
Washington to Wilmington, 4.00
FAROL SAFETY COACHES
INDIVIDUAL SEATS
CONVENIENT COMFORT STOPS.
RED STAR OFFICE
Phone Main 1075

RED STAR LINE, Inc.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

P.B. SPORTS SHOP for WOMEN



Warwick Lodge

Spring Frocks of Silk Crepe \$19.50

Smart jacket styles, pleats, button trimmings and trig belt effects distinguish these popular Warwick Lodge Dresses of silk crepe and other new Spring fabrics. \$19.50—\$29.50—\$39.50.

Warwick Lodge Spring Coats \$29.50—\$39.50—\$49.50

Warwick Lodge Spring Hats \$10

Parker-Bridget Co.

The Avenue at Ninth

NATIONALLY KNOWN STORE

SPECIAL NOTICES

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS other than those contracted by myself. LAWRENCE R. CRICKMAN, 625 0th st. n.w.

HEREIN I LEAVE TO MY COMMUNICATE with Mrs. Baughman at 1400 20th st. n.w. GEORGETOWN

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted other than by myself. WILLIAM C. MCCONNELL

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted by anyone other than myself. HERBERT GLASSMAN, 11

DIED

GARYAL—On Wednesday, March 10, 1926, at 10:30 a. m., at the residence of Thomas S. Gary, 1011 Seventh street northwest, in the city of Washington, D. C., **GARYAL**, a native of England, aged 72 years, died.

FRISTOE—On Wednesday, March 10, 1926, at 10:30 a. m., at the residence of Mrs. J. H. Fristoe, 1011 Seventh street northwest, in the city of Washington, D. C., **FRISTOE**, a native of England, aged 72 years, died.

FRISTOE—On Wednesday, March 10, 1926, at 10:30 a. m., at the residence of Mrs. J. H. Fristoe, 1011 Seventh street northwest, in the city of Washington, D. C., **FRISTOE**, a native of England, aged 72 years, died.

FRISTOE—On Wednesday, March 10, 1926, at 10:30 a. m., at the residence of Mrs. J. H. Fristoe, 1011 Seventh street northwest, in the city of Washington, D. C., **FRISTOE**, a native of England, aged 72 years, died.

FRISTOE—On Wednesday, March 10, 1926, at 10:30 a. m., at the residence of Mrs. J. H. Fristoe, 1011 Seventh street northwest, in the city of Washington, D. C., **FRISTOE**, a native of England, aged 72 years, died.

FRISTOE—On Wednesday, March 10, 1926, at 10:30 a. m., at the residence of Mrs. J. H. Fristoe, 1011 Seventh street northwest, in the city of Washington, D. C., **FRISTOE**, a native of England, aged 72 years, died.

FRISTOE—On Wednesday, March 10, 1926, at 10:30 a. m., at the residence of Mrs. J. H. Fristoe, 1011 Seventh street northwest, in the city of Washington, D. C., **FRISTOE**, a native of England, aged 72 years, died.

FRISTOE—On Wednesday, March 10, 1926, at 10:30 a. m., at the residence of Mrs. J. H. Fristoe, 1011 Seventh street northwest, in the city of Washington, D. C., **FRISTOE**, a native of England, aged 72 years, died.

FRISTOE—On Wednesday, March 10, 1926, at 10:30 a. m., at the residence of Mrs. J. H. Fristoe, 1011 Seventh street northwest, in the city of Washington, D. C., **FRISTOE**, a native of England, aged 72 years, died.

FRISTOE—On Wednesday, March 10, 1926, at 10:30 a. m., at the residence of Mrs. J. H. Fristoe, 1011 Seventh street northwest, in the city of Washington, D. C., **FRISTOE**, a native of England, aged 72 years, died.

FRISTOE—On Wednesday, March 10, 1926, at 10:30 a. m., at the residence of Mrs. J. H. Fristoe, 1011 Seventh street northwest, in the city of Washington, D. C., **FRISTOE**, a native of England, aged 72 years, died.

FRISTOE—On Wednesday, March 10, 1926, at 10:30 a. m., at the residence of Mrs. J. H. Fristoe, 1011 Seventh street northwest, in the city of Washington, D. C., **FRISTOE**, a native of England, aged 72 years, died.

FRISTOE—On Wednesday, March 10, 1926, at 10:30 a. m., at the residence of Mrs. J. H. Fristoe, 1011 Seventh street northwest, in the city of Washington, D. C., **FRISTOE**, a native of England, aged 72 years, died.

FRISTOE—On Wednesday, March 10, 1926, at 10:30 a. m., at the residence of Mrs. J. H. Fristoe, 1011 Seventh street northwest, in the city of Washington, D. C., **FRISTOE**, a native of England, aged 72 years, died.

FRISTOE—On Wednesday, March 10, 1926, at 10:30 a. m., at the residence of Mrs. J. H. Fristoe, 1011 Seventh street northwest, in the city of Washington, D. C., **FRISTOE**, a native of England, aged 72 years, died.

FRISTOE—On Wednesday, March 10, 1926, at 10:30 a. m., at the residence of Mrs. J. H. Fristoe, 1011 Seventh street northwest, in the city of Washington, D. C., **FRISTOE**, a native of England, aged 72 years, died.

FRISTOE—On Wednesday, March 10, 1926, at 10:30 a. m., at the residence of Mrs. J. H. Fristoe, 1011 Seventh street northwest, in the city of Washington, D. C., **FRISTOE**, a native of England, aged 72 years, died.

FRISTOE—On Wednesday, March 10, 1926, at 10:30 a. m., at the residence of Mrs. J. H. Fristoe, 1011 Seventh street northwest, in the city of Washington, D. C., **FRISTOE**, a native of England, aged 72 years, died.

FRISTOE—On Wednesday, March 10, 1926, at 10:30 a. m., at the residence of Mrs. J. H. Fristoe, 1011 Seventh street northwest, in the city of Washington, D. C., **FRISTOE**, a native of England, aged 72 years, died.

ATTACK ON COED BRINGS LIFE TERM FOR ARTHUR RICH

Wealthy Man's Son Convicted on Girl's Charge After Two Bitter Trials.

WOMEN WHO SMOKE ARE CALLED INDECENT

Defense Attorney Denounces All Who Drink or Don Flimsy Lingerie.

Special to The Washington Post.

Mason, Mich., March 10.—Arthur Rich, son of a millionaire, this afternoon was found guilty of attacking Louise King, 20-year-old coed of Battle Creek college and sentenced to life imprisonment. The jury was out less than half an hour.

NEW BANK TO INVEST IN FOREIGN SECURITIES

Proposed International Institution to Have Capital of \$50,000,000.

New York, March 10 (By A. P.). Plans are under way, it was learned in Wall street today, for the formation of a large private international bank with a subscribed capital of \$50,000,000. It is understood the institution is being sponsored by F. J. Lisman & Co. The new bank will be endowed with broad powers to finance foreign and domestic securities issues, including European and South American government loans, as well as municipal, industrial and railroad securities.

It will concentrate its activities in the investment field. It will not take deposits or do an acceptance business, but plans to invest its own funds in securities of foreign banks. The initial paid-up capital will be \$25,000,000, of which, it is understood, \$10,000,000 will be furnished by the Lisman interests. The remainder will be supplied by domestic and foreign banking institutions. There will be no public offering of stock.

Alfred O. Robin, a partner in the Lisman firm, will soon sail for Europe in connection with the sale of stock to foreign banking institutions.

Elsie de Wolfe Bride of Sir Charles Mendel

Paris, March 10 (By A. P.).—Miss Elsie de Wolfe, of New York, and Sir Charles Mendel, head of the press section of the British embassy, were married today at the British consulate.

Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt and Ambassador Herrick were officials for the bride and embassy associates acted for the groom.

Miss Elsie de Wolfe, born in New York, is widely known in social circles in America. She is 61 years old. Formerly an accomplished actress, of late she has been known as an active and successful interior decorator.

Seattle Woman Mayor Likely to Serve Term

Seattle, Wash., March 10 (By A. P.).—Seattle voters apparently have rejected a proposal to adopt the city manager form of government and have elected a woman for mayor.

This was indicated today when a complete unofficial tabulation of ballots in today's city election upset earlier calculations that the city manager proposal had carried.

As announced, the vote showed 48,700 for Mrs. Henry Landess, for mayor, as against 42,892 for Dr. Edwin J. Brown, incumbent. The vote on the city manager plan was 36,606 for and 36,709 against.

Berlin-Vladivostok Air Line Announced

(By The Associated Press.) A 50-hour airplane service between Berlin and Vladivostok, the principal soviet port on the Pacific, will be opened this year, said an announcement yesterday by the Russian information bureau.

Regular service is planned on the route of nearly 5,000 miles, the planes flying day and night. The time by rail is thirteen days. The new air line is being organized by the German-Russian Navigation Co., in conjunction with the German Co. Aero-Lloyd. From Vladivostok a special connecting airplane line will go to Tokyo.

Blimp Falls Into Sea; Crew of Three Unhurt

Newport News, Va., March 10 (By A. P.).—The United States army blimp TA-5, with a crew of three men aboard, fell into Hampton Roads, near Old Point, this afternoon. So far as could be ascertained, no one was injured.

The TC-4 put out from Langley field immediately, as did an airplane. Later the three members of the TA-5's crew were brought to port by the coast guard patrol boat 2214 and the TA-5 was towed to Langley field by the army tug Reno. The accident was attributed to escaping gas and failure of the blimp's motors to work.

Mourning Blacks Dyed Of Killing McEmore

Hancock Court Room, Bay St. Louis, Miss., March 10 (By A. P.).—Jesse Fayre was convicted of the murder of J. A. McEmore here this afternoon and his punishment fixed at life imprisonment. The verdict was returned at 3:18 p. m.

The jury was unable to agree as to the punishment, the disagreement meaning automatic imprisonment for life.

Mourning Blacks Dyed Of Killing McEmore

Mourning Blacks Dyed Of Killing McEmore

Auto Sales on Credit, \$3,000,000,000 in 1925

New York, March 10 (By A. P.). Automobiles valued at more than \$3,000,000,000 were sold on the installment plan in 1925, it is shown by a survey made public today by the American Bankers association journal. The customary plan was to collect one-third cash.

C. C. Hanch, general manager of the National Association of Finance Companies, who prepared the survey, said that so far the automobile paper had been sound, but warned that lowering the down payment and extending the period for the balance would seriously affect the present favorable loss ratio.

U. S. Warrants Charge Stockyards Frauds

Chicago, March 10 (By A. P.). Federal warrants for a group of employees of Chicago packing houses, government meat inspectors and cattle commission men operating in the Union Stock Yards charging violation of the anti-trust laws were reported issued tonight. The men, it is reported, are held responsible for frauds amounting to several thousands of dollars through irregularities in the grading of meats, short weights and other illegal practices.

HALT MANSLAUGHTER CASE TO GET JURORS

Two Men Taken From Box in Another Court and Put in Marshall Panel.

Philadelphia, March 10 (By A. P.).—Efforts to complete a jury for the trial of David L. Marshall for the murder of Miss Anna May Dietrich and distributing her dismembered body in Delaware county last January, broke up a manslaughter trial in another part of the court building today.

The jury panel had become exhausted and District Attorney Fox hit on the idea of using the twelve men trying a case on the floor below. Judge Charles E. Terry, presiding at the manslaughter trial, quiesced and one of the jurors was withdrawn, resulting in a mistrial.

The twelve were taken in the room where Marshall's trial was in progress and two were selected, bringing the Marshall jury to nine members.

Previously Joseph Mooney, foreman of the Marshall jury, had been barred from further duty in the case. Judge Harry S. McDevitt was informed that a corporation with which Mooney is connected had been represented by the law firm of which Abraham Verick, counsel for Marshall, is a member.

\$100,000 Is Asked As Price of Divorce

Chicago, Ill., March 10 (By A. P.).—Mrs. Katherine C. Thorne, widow of William C. Thorne, former vice president of Montgomery Ward & Co., is charged with having offered \$100,000 to a man who could obtain a divorce for William C. "Bill" Camp in a declaration filed today in the \$100,000 divorce case against Mrs. Thorne.

Mrs. Thorne married Camp less than ten days after he was divorced from Mrs. Elita Proctor Otis Camp. A non-committal practice in Shipman's suit had been on file for two years. Shipman charged that in 1918 Mrs. Thorne agreed to give him 1,000 shares of class A preferred stock of the mail order firm to obtain a divorce for Camp.

U. S. Steel Orders Show a Decrease

New York, March 10 (By A. P.).—Unfilled orders of the United States Steel Corporation at the end of February, made public today, totaled 4,616,822 tons, a decrease of 265,917 tons, compared with the close of the preceding month.

150 PERSONS FLEE FIRE IN APARTMENT

K streets northwest. The fire, which was caused by an overheated electric fixture, was quickly extinguished. At about the same time, fire apparatus was called out to extinguish a fire in a taxicab at Twelfth street and New York avenue northwest. At 7:18 o'clock another automobile caught fire at Eighth and N streets northwest.

Shortly after 8 o'clock, firemen were called out to extinguish a chimney fire at 1295 Hamilton street northwest. Six minutes later an alarm was sounded for a small fire at 5499 Illinois avenue northwest.

TILDEN HALL An Apartment Hotel of Refinement

215 Outside Rooms 3945 Connecticut Avenue Corner of Tilden Street—Entrance to Rock Creek Park

Only a Few Apartments Left TILDEN HALL

New, Modern, Fireproof, Attractive Foyer, Pleasing Apartments. All Outside Rooms. Two Elevators. Three Bathing—Charming View. Sweeping Lawns. Beautiful Trees and Shrubbery. An Acre of Ground. Plenty of Fresh Air. Excellent Bus and Trolley Service to Heart of City.

Where Else in Washington Can ALL These Advantages Be Found. Avoid Disappointment—Make Your Reservation NOW.

HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS UNFURNISHED 2 rooms and bath \$15 to \$60 monthly 3 rooms and bath \$25 to \$75 monthly 4 rooms and bath \$35 to \$85 monthly FURNISHED 2 rooms and bath \$25 to \$60 monthly 3 rooms and bath \$35 to \$75 monthly 4 rooms and bath \$45 to \$85 monthly

TABLE D'HOTE Breakfast (week days, served from 7 to 9:30 a. m.) 35 and 50 cents Breakfast (Sundays, served from 7 to 10:30 a. m.) 40 to 65 cents Dinner (week days, served from 5 to 8 p. m.) 70 cents to \$1.00 and \$1.25 Dinner (Sundays, served from 1 to 3 p. m.) \$1.00 and \$1.25 Monthly rate, breakfast and dinner, week days and Sundays \$27.50

Owned and Operated by Mudduz, Marshall, Moss & Mallory.

CITATION OF DRY LEAGUE OFFICIALS IS SOUGHT

Indiana's Attorney General Says Annual Report Is Contempt of Court.

BENCH IS BRANDED WET

Indianapolis, Ind., March 10 (By A. P.).—Citation of Edward S. Shumaker, superintendent of the Indiana Antislavery league for contempt of court, was asked of the State supreme court today by S. A. L. Gillon, attorney general. The request was made after the headquarters committee of the league had failed to retract statements made in Shumaker's annual report criticizing the attorney general for his presentation of appeals from liquor law convictions and comments upon reversals by the supreme court of prohibition cases.

The Shumaker general also requested the citation of Jesse E. Martin, a trustee of the league, and Ethan A. Miles, the league's attorney. Mr. Shumaker was reported today to be in Washington.

In his report Shumaker expressed a desire that "the next election would give the State a dry court instead of a wet one." The league superintendent alluded to Benjamin F. Willoughby, a supreme court justice, as a foe of prohibition.

Mr. Gillon suggested that the Supreme Court invite members of the State bar to appear as friends of the court "so that the court may have the benefit of their views touching the information."

The Attorney General would not discuss the petition, but he intimated that responsibility for the Shumaker statement rests primarily with the three men mentioned in the petition. The Gillon petition will be placed before the Supreme Court tomorrow.

The petition said that Martin and Miles, under the direction of Shumaker, collaborated in the preparation of statements concerning the court, its judges and decisions.

Gillon's petition asserted the statements were printed by the defendants "for the express purpose of influencing the court in its decisions on pending appeals." The league's petition stated that the report was prepared for the trustees' meeting and was not intended for a public document.

M. W. Tilden, Famed As Bean King, Dies

Albion, N. Y., March 10 (By A. P.).—Martin W. Tilden, former "bean king" died today at the age of 91 years. A native of Orleans county, Mr. Tilden early entered the farm produce business and attained success.

In the city war he contracted to supply beans for the Federal troops. After the conflict he effected the famous corner in the bean market. His first step toward cornering the market was taken in 1874 when he contracted for all the beans he could buy, paying \$2 a bushel. After he had purchased an enormous supply the price soared to \$6 a bushel.

Seattle Woman Mayor Likely to Serve Term

Seattle, Wash., March 10 (By A. P.).—Seattle voters apparently have rejected a proposal to adopt the city manager form of government and have elected a woman for mayor.

This was indicated today when a complete unofficial tabulation of ballots in today's city election upset earlier calculations that the city manager proposal had carried.

As announced, the vote showed 48,700 for Mrs. Henry Landess, for mayor, as against 42,892 for Dr. Edwin J. Brown, incumbent. The vote on the city manager plan was 36,606 for and 36,709 against.

Berlin-Vladivostok Air Line Announced

(By The Associated Press.) A 50-hour airplane service between Berlin and Vladivostok, the principal soviet port on the Pacific, will be opened this year, said an announcement yesterday by the Russian information bureau.

Regular service is planned on the route of nearly 5,000 miles, the planes flying day and night. The time by rail is thirteen days. The new air line is being organized by the German-Russian Navigation Co., in conjunction with the German Co. Aero-Lloyd. From Vladivostok a special connecting airplane line will go to Tokyo.

Blimp Falls Into Sea; Crew of Three Unhurt

Newport News, Va., March 10 (By A. P.).—The United States army blimp TA-5, with a crew of three men aboard, fell into Hampton Roads, near Old Point, this afternoon. So far as could be ascertained, no one was injured.

The TC-4 put out from Langley field immediately, as did an airplane. Later the three members of the TA-5's crew were brought to port by the coast guard patrol boat 2214 and the TA-5 was towed to Langley field by the army tug Reno. The accident was attributed to escaping gas and failure of the blimp's motors to work.

Mourning Blacks Dyed Of Killing McEmore

Hancock Court Room, Bay St. Louis, Miss., March 10 (By A. P.).—Jesse Fayre was convicted of the murder of J. A. McEmore here this afternoon and his punishment fixed at life imprisonment. The verdict was returned at 3:18 p. m.

The jury was unable to agree as to the punishment, the disagreement meaning automatic imprisonment for life.

Mourning Blacks Dyed Of Killing McEmore

Mourning Blacks Dyed Of Killing McEmore

Pere Marquette Puts Common Dividend Up

New York, March 10 (By A. P.). Another obstacle was placed in the path of the proposed Nickel Plate merger, already under the ban of the Interstate Commerce Commission, when directors of the Pere Marquette railway, one of the five roads involved in the unification plan, today increased the annual dividend rate on the common shares from \$4 to \$6, and declared an extra dividend of \$2 a share.

The action ensures better terms for the Pere Marquette stockholders if the merger is reconstructed on a new financial basis.

Lady Fisher Breaks Fast After 40 Days

London, March 10 (By A. P.).—Lady Fisher, who has been taking the "fruit juice cure" at Tring, Hertfordshire, broke her fast at noon today, exactly 42 days since her last meal. She drank half a glass of liquid food consisting of two parts milk and one part water. She said she was not really hungry, but was "beginning to take an interest in food."

Lady Fisher, who is the wife of Sir Warren Fisher of the British treasury, is greatly pleased with her fast.

Two Men Taken From Box in Another Court and Put in Marshall Panel

Philadelphia, March 10 (By A. P.).—Efforts to complete a jury for the trial of David L. Marshall for the murder of Miss Anna May Dietrich and distributing her dismembered body in Delaware county last January, broke up a manslaughter trial in another part of the court building today.

The jury panel had become exhausted and District Attorney Fox hit on the idea of using the twelve men trying a case on the floor below. Judge Charles E. Terry, presiding at the manslaughter trial, quiesced and one of the jurors was withdrawn, resulting in a mistrial.

The twelve were taken in the room where Marshall's trial was in progress and two were selected, bringing the Marshall jury to nine members.

Previously Joseph Mooney, foreman of the Marshall jury, had been barred from further duty in the case. Judge Harry S. McDevitt was informed that a corporation with which Mooney is connected had been represented by the law firm of which Abraham Verick, counsel for Marshall, is a member.

\$100,000 Is Asked As Price of Divorce

Chicago, Ill., March 10 (By A. P.).—Mrs. Katherine C. Thorne, widow of William C. Thorne, former vice president of Montgomery Ward & Co., is charged with having offered \$100,000 to a man who could obtain a divorce for William C. "Bill" Camp in a declaration filed today in the \$100,000 divorce case against Mrs. Thorne.

Mrs. Thorne married Camp less than ten days after he was divorced from Mrs. Elita Proctor Otis Camp. A non-committal practice in Shipman's suit had been on file for two years. Shipman charged that in 1918 Mrs. Thorne agreed to give him 1,000 shares of class A preferred stock of the mail order firm to obtain a divorce for Camp.

U. S. Steel Orders Show a Decrease

New York, March 10 (By A. P.).—Unfilled orders of the United States Steel Corporation at the end of February, made public today, totaled 4,616,822 tons, a decrease of 265,917 tons, compared with the close of the preceding month.

150 PERSONS FLEE FIRE IN APARTMENT

K streets northwest. The fire, which was caused by an overheated electric fixture, was quickly extinguished. At about the same time, fire apparatus was called out to extinguish a fire in a taxicab at Twelfth street and New York avenue northwest. At 7:18 o'clock another automobile caught fire at Eighth and N streets northwest.

Shortly after 8 o'clock, firemen were called out to extinguish a chimney fire at 1295 Hamilton street northwest. Six minutes later an alarm was sounded for a small fire at 5499 Illinois avenue northwest.

TILDEN HALL An Apartment Hotel of Refinement

215 Outside Rooms 3945 Connecticut Avenue Corner of Tilden Street—Entrance to Rock Creek Park

Only a Few Apartments Left TILDEN HALL

New, Modern, Fireproof, Attractive Foyer, Pleasing Apartments. All Outside Rooms. Two Elevators. Three Bathing—Charming View. Sweeping Lawns. Beautiful Trees and Shrubbery. An Acre of Ground. Plenty of Fresh Air. Excellent Bus and Trolley Service to Heart of City.

Where Else in Washington Can ALL These Advantages Be Found. Avoid Disappointment—Make Your Reservation NOW.

HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS UNFURNISHED 2 rooms and bath \$15 to \$60 monthly 3 rooms and bath \$25 to \$75 monthly 4 rooms and bath \$35 to \$85 monthly FURNISHED 2 rooms and bath \$25 to \$60 monthly 3 rooms and bath \$35 to \$75 monthly 4 rooms and bath \$45 to \$85 monthly

TABLE D'HOTE Breakfast (week days, served from 7 to 9:30 a. m.) 35 and 50 cents Breakfast (Sundays, served from 7 to 10:30 a. m.) 40 to 65 cents Dinner (week days, served from 5 to 8 p. m.) 70 cents to \$1.00 and \$1.25 Dinner (Sundays, served from 1 to 3 p. m.) \$1.00 and \$1.25 Monthly rate, breakfast and dinner, week days and Sundays \$27.50

Owned and Operated by Mudduz, Marshall, Moss & Mallory.

JOHN D. JR., ANNOUNCES SCHOLARSHIP CAMPAIGN

Phi Beta Kappa Will Raise \$1,000,000 for Prizes to Teachers and Students.

SEES LEARNING LOWERED

Providence, R. I., March 10 (By A. P.).—John D. Rockefeller, Jr., in an address tonight before Phi Beta Kappa members, announced the launching of a nation-wide movement by the Phi Beta Kappa national honorary scholastic society to raise a sequentennial fund of \$1,000,000 to aid in "restoring scholarship and teaching to their rightful place."

The campaign, Mr. Rockefeller said, would be divided into two phases, a canvass for special or large gifts, in almost a score of leading cities of the United States, and a nation-wide campaign among the membership generally. The canvass, he said, will begin at once and will extend to the close of the academic year. The second phase will begin in the autumn and end with the celebration in December of the society's 150th anniversary.

The fund, he said, will be put to two uses. One will be the erection of a memorial building at William and Mary college in honor of the 50 founders of Phi Beta Kappa. The other will be for the establishment of annual rewards for merit in scholarship.

One of the latter will be a grand prize for distinction in teaching or attainment in scholarship, which will be open to all teachers and to college graduates of not more than ten years standing. Smaller prizes not exceeding \$2,000 each, will be given to "chapters, or individuals, in aid of scholarship, teaching, production or constructive experiment." There also will be awards for scholarship in secondary and preparatory schools.

Apathy and neglect have affected a large part of our college population, Mr. Rockefeller said, and colleges are overcrowded with students who consider study no obligation. The result, he said, has been that faculties are overworked and standards of learning lowered.

He said it was the duty of Phi Beta Kappa, "which has furnished nearly half the nation's famous men," to revive interest in scholarship and teaching to offset this apathy and "make secure the future."

Col. John Coolidge Reported Improved

Plymouth, Vt., March 10 (By A. P.).—Improvement in the condition of Col. John C. Coolidge, father of the President, was reported tonight. Dr. Albert W. Gram, the colonel's physician, said that pain in the lower abdomen had subsided, the patient was "very comfortable" and there was no immediate cause for alarm. The doctor did not come to Plymouth today, confining his watch over Col. Coolidge to frequent telephone calls. He will visit him tomorrow morning.

JULIUS GARFINCKEL & Co.

WASHINGTON PARIS

Delightfully New and Different

COOLIDGE'S POLICY IN COMING ELECTION TO BE "HANDS OFF"

President Makes Known His Stand to Republican Party Leaders.

PRIMARIES INCLUDED:
VARE DEPARTS "GLAD"

Pennsylvania, Texas, Ohio, Illinois and California Discussed at White House.

By JOHN EDWIN NEVIN.
The Coolidge political creed for the coming congressional elections has been completed. It consists of two words—"hands off."

This became manifest yesterday at the executive offices when, following exchanges which took into consideration political conditions in Pennsylvania, California, Ohio and even Texas, it developed that the President had not the slightest intention of allowing himself to be used along purely partisan lines.

This does not mean that he will not enthusiastically back up the Republican ticket in every State in the Union. He will do so. But he will refuse to be drawn into purely partisan fights, either in the primaries or the regular campaign. He will not place the administration brand on any candidate to the exclusion of any other.

Not to Repeat Wilson Mistake.

In other words, it is apparent that the President is determined that the great mistake made by President Woodrow Wilson, when he was persuaded to issue an appeal to the country to elect a Congress "in sympathy with his policies," will not be repeated this autumn. The President's position, those who ought to know, will be that the record of his administration is squarely before the people and that they can make up their own minds whether it is such that he is entitled to have Republicans sent to the Congress to carry through his policies to fruition.

The first indication that this policy had been determined on came with the arrival at the executive offices of William S. Vare, Republican, who has been a candidate in the primaries to oppose Senator George Wharton Pepper and Gov. Gifford Pinchot. He was closeted with President Coolidge for half an hour. When he emerged he was smiling and freely admitted that politics had been the entire burden of his talk.

Vare Departs Pleased.

"I am extremely pleased and highly satisfied," he said as he left for the Capitol later to take a train for Philadelphia, where he delivered an address last night. Close followers of Vare said the President had made it very plain to him in unmistakable terms that he would not interfere in any way in the primary fight and that the representative very likely would shortly announce his candidacy.

Former Representative J. Hampton Moore, until now a candidate for the senatorial nomination, said later at the White House that injection of the Vare candidacy into the fight in the Keystone State will materially complicate the situation. He believes that Vare will have the support of the old-time regular organization faction, that Gov. Pinchot will be backed by the dregs everywhere and that Senator Pepper will be supported only by the so-called "intellectual" element.

R. B. Creager, Republican national committeeman from Texas, who saw the President, told him that he believed that Harry M. Wurzbach, the only Republican representative from the "Lone Star" State, ought to be defeated in the coming primaries. The representative on the floor of the House very recently assailed the Republican State organization and the administration for its handling of patronage. Creager stated that Wurzbach will have opposition in the primaries, but it is understood that he got no promise of support for his program from the President.

Republicans May Win Texas.

In the opinion of the Texas Republican chieftain, should Gov. "Ma" Ferguson win out in the coming primaries, and be a candidate for executive to succeed herself, then Texas will have the distinction of electing a Republican governor next fall. The feeling throughout the State against the governor and her "manager," "Jim" Ferguson, is increasing, it was said, but she probably will carry the primaries because of the patronage controlled.

The situation in Ohio, so far as it concerns the governorship, was described to the President as "very bad" by former Representative Charles F. Knight who, incidentally, was a luncheon guest at the White House. He believes that Senator Willis will be returned, but as conditions now exist Gov. Donahy will be reelected governor. The trouble in the Buckeye State is that there are too many factions in the Republican party and too many aspirants for the nomination to oppose Donahy, but it is understood that while the President listened very carefully to the report made to him, he maintained his policy of noninterference. Although Mr. Knight would not say so, it was stated he is a candidate for the gubernatorial nomination, as are Carmel Thompson, commander-in-chief of the Spanish War Veterans; Attorney General C. C. Crabbe, formerly closely identified with the

DAY IN CONGRESS

SENATE.

Met at noon March 10 and adjourned at 5:55 p. m. until today at 12 o'clock.

Confirmed the nomination of Charles W. Hunt to be member of Federal Trade Commission, also nomination of Robert J. Mahoney to be solicitor of Treasury Department.

Considered War Department appropriation bill. Passed bill to declare portion of the battlefield of Westport, Mo., a national military park.

Spirited discussion on prohibition enforcement was precipitated by Senator Bruce, of Maryland.

Senator King, of Utah, applied to Senate to order withdrawal of American forces from Haiti.

President Coolidge would be authorized under a bill by Senator McMaster, of South Dakota, to open public forests, gasoline and oil stations in times of excessive high prices and to purchase and sell coal to the public in carload lots in times of emergency.

Radical changes in McFadden branch bank bill have been made by banking committee and further revision will be urged at committee session tomorrow.

Agricultural committee ordered favorable reports on measures appropriating \$40,000,000 for cooperative work with States for protection of watersheds, \$550,000 for locating potash deposits, for protection of forests, for prevention of fires in California national forest and \$200,000 for a national arboretum in the District.

Subcommittee on elections completed investigation of ballots cast in the Steek-Brookhart Iowa senatorial election.

Foreign relations committee reported three treaties in which the United States recognizes the British mandates over the Cameroons, Togoland and East Africa.

Senator Harris, of Georgia, introduced a bill extending the time for awarding medals of honor, distinguished service crosses and distinguished service medals.

Under terms of a bill by Chairman Capper, of District committee, the new Post Office building at Fourteenth and F streets would be permitted to go to a height of 140 feet.

HOUSE.

Met at noon March 10 and adjourned at 4:30 p. m. until today at 12 o'clock.

Began general debate on the District appropriation bill, which carries \$2,762,387.

Mr. Busby, of Mississippi, declared corruption has accompanied Federal appointments "over the entire South."

Mr. Jones (Democrat), Texas, asked Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood to resign to govern the Philippines, and argued in favor of self government for the islands.

Mr. Celler (Democrat), New York, criticized prohibition enforcement methods, and quoted from newspaper articles showing that sentiment favors modification of the Volstead act.

A resolution requiring the Attorney General to transmit information concerning the alleged sale of postal positions in South Carolina was introduced by Mr. Stevenson, of that State.

President Coolidge was asked by Mr. Black, of New York, to make known his attitude on prohibition.

Congress would be placed on record as disapproving the action of the Russian government toward the republic of Georgia under a resolution by Mr. Moore, of Virginia.

Mr. Somers, Democrat, of New York, introduced a resolution calling for a referendum on proposed modification of the Volstead act.

Mr. Tinkham, of Massachusetts, asserted that hearings before the appropriations committee on District of Columbia appropriation bill disclosed that dry law violations were on a decided increase in the capital.

The military committee reported a bill for establishment of a military park on the site of the battle of Cowpens in South Carolina.

Bill to abolish capital punishment in the District of Columbia was approved by the District committee.

Foreign affairs committee ordered a favorable report on measure authorizing expenditure of \$10,000,000 for the purchase of embassy buildings in foreign capitals.

Military committee began consideration of the proposed five-year aircraft building program.

Antislavery league: Theodore Brown, secretary of state, and Joseph Tracey, State auditor.

Close Fight for Shortridge.

The California situation was discussed at considerable length by Ralph Arnold, of Los Angeles, who told the President that Senator Samuel M. Shortridge faces a very close fight and may lose the nomination in the primaries.

The senator is being opposed by Representative Walter F. Lineberger, of Long Beach, who has the support of the southern California Republican organization, and Robert M. Clarke, who has the active backing of the followers of Senator Hiram Johnson. The contest is close, according to Mr. Arnold, and the result will be in doubt until the primary votes are counted. Whoever gets the nomination will win, it is believed, because the Democratic organization in California is no longer a force to be reckoned with.

It also developed yesterday that the President has refused to bring Federal patronage into play for the use of sitting officials in the coming primary fights. Senators Deen and McKinley, of Illinois, have visited the executive offices several times recently in an effort to have certain patronage allotted at once so that it could be used by the McKinley forces in their favor in the primaries next month.

Phone Main 4205 when you decide to break into print in search of takers for any desirable Business Opportunities you may have to offer. You'll enjoy "same-day results."

M. MALVY IS MADE TARGET FOR ATTACK ON BRIAND CABINET

Minister, Once Banished for Defeatism, May Cause Ministry's Fall.

"GENEVA GOVERNMENT" LIST IS ANNOUNCED

Right and Center Groups Predict Overthrow When Premier Returns.

Paris, March 10 (By A. P.).—With Aristide Briand's ninth cabinet only a few hours old and the formal ministerial declaration still a week away, maneuvers had been started tonight to make its life short. One attack centers on Louis Malvy, who holds the portfolio of minister of the interior. Deputy Ybarnegaray served notice on M. Briand that he would interpellate the premier "upon the presence of M. Malvy in the cabinet."

It likely will be a hard task for the premier to attain a stable working majority since the nucleus of the left center deputies forming the backbone of his supporters is insufficient and must be reinforced either from the right or the left.

M. Malvy had been minister of the interior under three different cabinets in the war, and was called "the removable minister of the interior." His name is coupled in the mind of the people with M. Cailaux, as the two statesmen were convicted of defeatism in wartime and banished. He was reinstated by M. Herriot in 1924 and once more has become one of the ruling powers in French politics.

Cabinet Is Announced.

The new cabinet as officially announced is as follows: Premier and foreign minister, Aristide Briand; minister of justice, Pierre Laval; war, Paul Painlevé; navy, Georges Leygues; interior, Louis Malvy; finance, Raoul Peret; colonies, Leon Perrier; public instruction, Lucien Lamoureux; public works, Anatole De Monzie; commerce, M. Daniel-Vincent; labor, Antoine Durand; agriculture, Jean Durand; pensions, Paul Jourdain.

Existing cabinet completed the term being his cabinet work. M. Briand started for Geneva tonight. He had a big send-off, most of his ministers and many senators and deputies, the Polish ambassador and the Swiss Minister gathering at the station to bid him farewell.

Called "Geneva Ministry."

Senator Pams, the French supplement delegate to the League of Nations, also proceeded to Geneva by the same train.

The "Geneva ministry" is how M. Briand's cabinet is described by the right and center groups, which prophesy a short term of life for the ministry, hinting that it may fall immediately after M. Briand's return to Paris.

"The cabinet's sole object is to go to Geneva with full authority," says the Figaro. "Another probably will be formed shortly to deal with the financial problem."

The Temps and Journal des Debats bitterly attack M. Malvy, saying he will be the cause of Briand's early downfall.

3 NATIONS DECLINE PLEDGE TO GERMANY

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

unless the demands of some of the other countries were satisfied. Today's direct action on the German question followed what virtually was a German ultimatum that if Germany did not enter the council alone Chancellor Luther and Dr. Stresemann would return to Berlin.

It is learned that Japan is not necessarily opposed to the election of Germany to the council, but would like to know how many members the council will contain before definitely announcing that she will support Germany. Japan wants to be certain whether it is the council's intention to create other permanent seats, so that she may protect the countries, whom she believes best fitted for chairs.

The Japanese spokesman incidentally explained tonight that Japan is not under the same obligations as the Locarno signatories to support Germany's candidacy.

A birdseye view of the dangerous deadlock shows the existence of a fear on the part of the majority of those well-informed of Brazil's stand, for it is apparent that if Brazil does not obtain a permanent seat in her own right, she will at least insist on temporarily filling the chair held for the United States.

League Directs Inquiry Into U. S. Reservations

(Special Cable Dispatch.)

Geneva, March 10.—At the private semi-official session today the League of Nations council appointed a committee of four juridical experts to examine the reservations made by the United States concerning America's entry into the world court. Although the council members made a great attempt to maintain secrecy on this action, confirmation of this development was obtained.

The committee selected comprises Sir Cecil Hurst, of Great Britain; M. Fromageot, of France; Signor Belmonti, of Italy, and Mr. Sagamura, of Japan.

The action practically defeats every purpose of the Senate's reservations through permitting representatives of England, France, Italy and Japan to place their interpretation on the meaning of the words of the upper house of Washington and set it down on the records of the league, which today's development reveals conclusively as dominating the Hague court.

(Copyright, 1926, by the Chicago Tribune.)

STORMY PROHIBITION FIGHT GRIPS SESSIONS OF CONGRESS

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

midnight. In it were found a citizen named Harold F. Jackson, his wife and baby who were returning to the home in Springfield, Va., of the runaway, revealed vegetables and no liquor.

Calls Methods Revolting. After citing further evidence provided by Gov. Donahy relating to the employment of immoral women as decoys, Senator Reed described this method of enforcement as "sordid and revolting."

Characterizing Gov. Donahy's statement as fair, temperate and dispassionate, Senator Reed then quoted from directions which the governor of Ohio has now given to enforcement officers. These are strict injunctions against women to lure men into violations of the prohibition law and injunctions against shooting at automobiles and invading homes.

The dramatic scene precipitated by Senator Reed's speech came at the end of almost an hour of hilarious comedy over the prohibition question, in which Senator Willis, of Ohio, was the target for jokes while the galleries robed with laughter.

Humorous Features Injected.

The humorous features began shortly after 2 o'clock, when Senator Bruce had the clerk read their newspaper polls into the Record, showing a ratio of about 10 to 1 in favor of light wines and beer.

Vice President Dawes was in the chair and Senator Willis stood behind him, the former holding in his hand copious clippings. At this moment Senator Reed, of Missouri, who has been absent, strolled into the chamber and took his seat.

The poll had been read Senator Bruce said he simply wished to add the statement that Senator Ashurst, of Arizona, on Tuesday had said that if the senator from Kansas misrepresented the public sentiment on the light wine and beer question he need only run for the Senate in any one of about 43 States.

"If I were a candidate in 43 States," said Senator Bruce, "I would be elected in every one of them."

Senator Willis then got recognition and proceeded to say that polls from New York, Baltimore, Chicago and St. Louis, Nev., meant nothing. He asked that an editorial from a newspaper in Hamilton, Ohio, on Lincoln as a prohibitionist be read into the Record.

Record Cuts \$40 a Page.

Senator Reed at once reserved the right to object until he knew the tenor of the article. "I don't want history falsified or Lincoln misrepresented," he said. At this point Senator Smoot said he deprecated the idea of reading a lot of extraneous matter into the Record, as each page of the Record cost the government about \$40.

Senator Bruce said the information contained in the polls he had inserted tended to save the government \$25,000,000 a year, which amount, he added, was being wasted annually in a vain effort to enforce prohibition.

Senator Glass, of Virginia, said he was of the opinion that Senator Bruce had offered incorrect information.

He should be sorry to have my information on this subject measured by that of the senator from Virginia," replied Senator Bruce.

Here Senator Ashurst startled every one by shouting at the top of his voice that Senator Bruce was "using great ability to foist upon the people and rehabilitate the worst curse that ever afflicted the people—liquor."

Glass and Bruce Clash.

Senator Glass insisted on asking Senator Bruce if he thought wine and beer intoxicating.

"I regard the senator from Virginia has drunk too much not to know," replied Mr. Bruce.

"That shows the senator's ignorance," shot back Senator Glass, who said he had never touched a drop of liquor in his life. "I am therefore, asking the senator from Maryland to enlighten me on the question," he added. Senator Bruce did not reply and Senator Glass added, "The senator with his usual courtesy declines to respond."

Vice President Dawes had ruled earlier that the newspaper editorial, which Senator Willis offered, should be inserted in the Record, as the Vice President had put the question and the aye vote had carried.

Senator Watson, of Indiana, called attention to the fact that the Vice President's rulings could only apply to the reading of the article and that unless it was read it would not be printed in the Record. Accordingly Senator Willis proceeded to read the article on Lincoln from the Hamilton News, dated February 12. There was so much confusion that no one listened to the reading and Senator Reed brought smiles when he arose and said: "I call for order in the chamber."

Wadsworth Too Close. Senator Willis then continued his reading, using his sonorous voice to good advantage and incidentally sending the great volumes of sound into Senator Wadsworth's right ear.

"I ask unanimous consent that the senator from Ohio be excused from further reading," said Senator Wadsworth.

"I object," interposed Senator Reed, of Missouri, and the galleries again roared.

Senator Willis continued, but a little later Senator Wadsworth, sitting three seats away, called attention to a Senate rule which required that the clerk do the reading and made a point of order against Senator Willis continuing.

"Point of order sustained," snapped Vice President Dawes. As Senator Reed handed the editorial to the clerk, Senator Wadsworth arose to say "I couldn't hear the senator from Ohio."

It was after the reading of the editorial had been completed that Senator Reed got the floor and the comedy aspects of the scene soon changed to a serious and dramatic tenor.

On the other side of the Capitol the House was engaged with prohibition bills for more than three and a half hours of the afternoon set aside for general debate on the District appropriation bill.

der the complete control of the Federal government. If the Federal government, under present laws and policies, can not establish a better reign of law and order in its own territory, what can be expected from cities not so controlled and without such resources to govern themselves.

"Laws which deny to the individual the control of himself, and his actions in his own home," continued Mr. Tinkham, "and which dictate to him the regulation of his diet are not binding on the intelligence or the conscience of man."

Tydings Quotes Bible.

Tydings declared that the position taken by those who favor national prohibition "is not only untenable, but in direct conflict with the principles on which this country is founded."

Tydings quoted the scriptures to show, as he said, "the un-Christian aspect of prohibition." "St. Paul says, 'If righteousness shall come by the law, then Christ is dead in vain,'" declared Tydings.

Representative Blanton asked Tydings to give the verse and chapter of his quotation.

"I thought the gentleman from Texas, being a great prohibitionist, would know all about the Bible," answered Tydings. "It is apparent that he does not know all about it when he tries to square prohibition and the Bible."

Representative Upshaw, of Georgia, interrupted to remind Tydings that the scriptures and the Bible are not a legal authority.

"You have not the spirit of the sacrifice of Christ on the cross, who died between two thieves, but you take the narrow, intolerant power of force," Tydings said to Upshaw.

Upshaw Mourns "Amen."

Mr. Upshaw shook his head in despair, murmuring a series of "amens."

Mr. Tydings sparred with the two leading dries successfully, handing them Scriptural retorts, and the House roared when the dries gave up and silent.

Representative Howard, of Nebraska, spoke of prohibition in allegorical terms, the title of his sketch being "My Face the Facts Dream."

The fact that Mr. Howard is a dry member from a dry State and was formerly secretary to William Jennings Bryan gave his speech added significance, especially when he painted a dream picture of the wet to make a Manhattan cocktail. He was not sure that light wines and beer were dead or that John Barleycorn was dead and the impression he gave was that the wake was being held for John Barleycorn "without the corpse."

Ethics Discussed.

In the tilt in debate the question was argued as to whether it was not more honorable for a man to be a member of the Anti-Saloon league and drink liquor and yet vote dry. Mr. Blanton said that any one who votes dry and drinks should be chased out of the Capitol.

"Then we wouldn't have a quorum," said Representative La Guardia, of New York.

Mr. Blanton replied that he could count on the fingers of his hand the colleagues "on whose breath I smell liquor."

"Does the gentleman go around every morning after a call for a quorum has been made and smell every member's breath as he comes into the chamber?" asked La Guardia.

Representative Somers, of New York, put in a resolution to provide for a nation-wide poll on the wet and dry issue by the House of Representatives. The question to be put is, "Shall the national prohibition act be amended so as to authorize the manufacture, transportation and sale of nonintoxicating beverages, the alcoholic content of which does not exceed 2 1/2 per centum by weight in the case of beer and 6 per centum in the case of wine?"

Members Would Poll Districts.

The clerk of the House would be authorized to have printed and to furnish to any member upon request a sufficient number of ballots, together with franked envelopes therefor, "to permit such members to afford each registered voter of his or her congressional district an opportunity to vote upon the question of the modification of the national prohibition act."

"The time has come," Mr. Somers said, "when the people themselves should be permitted to decide whether or not they want a continuance of the present conditions."

Discussing the question of prohibition polls, Mr. Blanton said: "Forty-six States out of the forty-eight ratified the amendment to the Constitution. The gentleman from New York (Mr. Celler) introduced a lot of poll here, as he calls them, from dry papers."

"I presume the Denver Post is just about as dry as The Washington Post, and I presume that the Denver editor of the Denver Post is just about as dry as the Washington editor of The Washington Post, and I presume the two Post editors are just about as dry as Mr. Hearst's newspaper."

Tinkham Sees Depravity.

Representative Tinkham, in a speech, said that arrests for intoxication in the District of Columbia had increased 111.9 per cent in the last fifteen years, according to reports submitted by the superintendent of the District police. The statistics, Mr. Tinkham said, "disclose a profound civic depravity and social disintegration."

"The District of Columbia is un-

Saks

PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE AT SEVENTH

The Largest Men's and Boys' Wear Store in Washington

TOPCOATS

interpreting the Spring style notes

You know the long service you can get out of a topcoat—warm days of early Spring, cool days in Summer—and then a lot more in the Fall.

For instance, the blue fancy weave chevrot with wide lapels, new smart length in the tubular body.

A topcoat that appeals to smart dressers.

Single and Double Breasted Models

\$27.50 and \$35

English Topcoats

A wide range of English coats in a choice of patterns that will appeal to most any taste.

Grays, browns and fancy gray overblades—especially made for Saks—they embody all the requirements of the Saks standard for their apparel for men.

Every coat is weatherproofed.

Priced

\$27.50

Saks—Third Floor.

THE WASHINGTON POST Saks & Company

1409 H ST. N. W.

YOUR HOME

is not complete until you get Superior Linoleum on your floors. Superior Linoleum means to you that you will purchase Armstrong and Certain-teed Linoleums with a full guarantee of perfection in every detail from these mills.

SUPERIOR LINOLEUM CO. (Wholesale and Retail) Phone M. 10223 927 H. St. N. W. We Contract to Builders and All Institutions.

MORRIS PLAN BANK Under Supervision U. S. Treasury 1409 H ST. N. W.

5% PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

Nearly Every One likes PEPPERMINT

Here is the Old Fashioned Bar Double Strength Peppermint

If you prefer Sugar Coated Gum then get the HANDY PACK

Peppermint Clear Thru!

3 packs for 5¢

PIANOS FOR RENT

McHugh & Lawson

1222 G St. N.W.

Phone Franklin 5580

WILSON WORRIES ALL HIS ADVISERS ON WAR QUESTION

Pacifism Is Intensified by Attitude of Allies Toward Peace Note, Although He Had Been Secretly Strongly in Sympathy With Them—Friends Fear President Is for Peace at Any Price.

INTIMATE PAPERS OF COL. HOUSE

INSTALLMENT XXXX.

WILSON'S pacifism had been intensified by the events of the year. Previous to 1916 his sympathies, although carefully concealed, were strongly with the allies and he agreed with House that the welfare of the world depended upon the defeat of Germany. But the refusal of the allies to accept his proffered intervention in December aroused his suspicions of their motives and led him to fear that, if we brought them military assistance, it would be used merely to further European nationalist aspirations. He distrusted intensely the real purposes of all the belligerent governments, whatever their avowed war aims. He was equally affected by the course of the electoral campaign, which convinced him that he owed his reelection largely to the votes of those who counted upon him to keep them out of war. He regarded the mandate of peace as compelling.

"I took the occasion," wrote the colonel January 4, 1917, "to express the feeling that we should not be so totally unprepared in the event of war."

"The President replied, 'There will be no war. This country does not intend to become involved in this war. We are the only one of the great white nations that is free from war today, and it would be a crime against civilization for us to go in.'"

"The President may change this view," added House, "for, as I have said before, he changes his views often."

"We are on the verge of war," wrote House in November, "and not a move is being taken in the direction of immediate preparation."

"December 14, 1916: I had an opportunity of talking to Secretary Daniels at the cabinet dinner. I obtained enough from him to know that my worst fears as to our unpreparedness were confirmed."

Place Due to Luck.

"I am convinced that the President's place in history is dependent to a large degree upon luck. If we should get into a serious war and it should turn out disastrously he would be one of the most discredited Presidents we have had. We have no large guns. If we had them we have no trained men who would understand how to handle them. We have no air service, nor men to exploit it, and so it is down the list."

"I believe the President will pull through without anything happening, but I could not sleep at night if I had this responsibility upon my shoulders."

"December 28, 1916: I have been in constant communication (with Washington) regarding foreign affairs. The State Department is worried sick over the President's laissez-faire policy."

"I have promised to go (to Washington) next week, but I have no stomach for it. It is practically impossible to get the President to have a general consultation. I see him and then I see Lansing, and the result is we get nowhere. What is needed is consultation with the three of us and a definite program worked out and followed as consistently as circumstances will permit."

"January 2, 1917: I am much disturbed over conditions in Washington, especially as to the President's frame of mind. He thinks he is for peace almost at any price. He is concerned, too, at the lack of positive program."

"January 3, 1917: The President wished to know what I thought of his stating in some way what, in his opinion, the general terms of the settlement should be, making the keystone of the settlement arch the future security of the world against wars and letting territorial adjustments be subordinate to the main purpose. I was enthusiastic, since it was the exact proposal I outlined to Bernstorff and wrote of to the President in my letter of December 27. The war and its consequences have become too great for any ordinary settlement, and the terms upon which it should be closed should be the fairest and best that the human mind can devise."

"We went into a long discussion as to what terms he might properly lay down and how could be done. I thought he could outline the terms in an address to Congress if he wished to make it impressive. If he desired not to attract marked attention at first, then it would be better to make it in an address before some society. He thought he might do it before the Senate, and that was the tentative arrangement when we finished our discussion."

Right of Determination.

"We thought that the main principle he should lay down was the right of nations to determine under what government they should continue to live. This, of course, involves a wide range. We thought that, since Germany and Russia had agreed to free Poland, that should be put in. We naturally agreed upon Belgium and Serbia being restored. Alsace and Lorraine we were not quite certain of, but we agreed that Turkey (in Europe) should cease to exist. I urged, in addition, that something be put in regarding the right of Russia to have a warm seaport. If

Fine for Neuralgia

Musterole insures quick relief from neuralgia. When those sharp pains go shooting through your head, just rub a little of this clean, white ointment on your temples and neck.

Musterole is made with oil of mustard, but will not blister like the old-fashioned mustard plaster.

Jars & Tubes

MUSTEROLE

Better than a mustard plaster.

time. . . . Almost as soon as we arrived the President and I went into executive session. "He read the address which he had prepared in accordance with our understanding last week. It is a noble document and one which I think will live."

"As usual, he struck the wrong note in one instance which he seems unable to avoid. He said, 'This war was brought on by distrust of one another.' I asked him to strike out this sentence, which he did. In another instance he said, 'Both sides say they have no desire to humiliate or destroy the other.' I asked him to strike out 'humiliate,' which he did."

"I asked him if he had shown the address to Lansing. He replied that he had shown it to me, but that he intended to read it to the Secretary and Senator Stone before cabling it. He thought Lansing was not in sympathy with his purpose to keep out of war."

"We decided that his address should be delivered before the Senate, and we discussed how best to get the text of it to the peoples of the belligerent nations. The President is not so much concerned about reaching the governments as he is about reaching the people."

"I suggested that it be cabled to London, Paris, Berlin and Petrograd, letting Gerard give it to the Central Powers and Sharps to the Entente other than Russia and England, where it would be sent direct. That was tentatively agreed upon, although he rather hesitated on account of the cost. It was also agreed that the address was published in full in the several belligerent countries. This is important, as one can see by reading the text of the address."

"I am proposing, as it were," said the President, "that the nations should with one accord adopt the doctrine of President Monroe as the doctrine of the world; that no nation should seek to extend its polity over any other nation or people, but that every people should be left free to determine its own polity, its own way of development, unhindered, unthreatened, unafraid, the little along with the great and powerful."

"There is no entangling alliance in a concert of powers. When all unite to act in the same sense and with the same purpose, all act in the common interest and are free to live their own lives under a common protection."

House to the President.

New York, January 23, 1917.

Dear Governor: Wiseman (Sir William, British Liberal) brought a depressing story from Washington. He said that on the surface and officially your address was accepted with cordiality, but that underneath there was a deep feeling of resentment. The underlying feeling was that you were making a proposal to enforce arbitration in the future while the allies were giving up both blood and treasure now for the same purpose. If Germany had arbitrated as Grey demanded, this war could not have happened. Germany refused, and the allies are doing exactly what you suggest should be done in the future; that since

House to the President.

New York, January 30, 1917.

Dear Governor: Bernstorff has just called me up to say that he is sending over by messenger tomorrow a very important letter. I asked him if it was an answer (to the American demand for German peace terms). He replied: "A partial one." Affectionately yours,

E. M. HOUSE.

The main text of Bernstorff's letter was, of course, telegraphed from Berlin and merely passed on to House by the Ambassador.

Bernstorff to House.

Washington, January 31, 1917.

My dear Col. House: I have received a telegram from Berlin, according to which I am to express to the President the thanks

of the imperial government for his communication made through you. The imperial government has complete confidence in the President and hopes that he will reciprocate such confidence. As proof I am to inform you in confidence that the imperial government will be very glad to accept the services kindly offered by the President for the purpose of bringing about a peace conference between the belligerents. My government, however, is not prepared to publish any peace terms at present, because our enemies have published such terms which aim at the dishonor and destruction of Germany and her allies. My government considers that as long as our enemies openly proclaim such terms, it would show weakness, which does not exist, on our part, if we publish our terms and we would in so doing only prolong the war. However, to show President Wilson our confidence, my government through me desires to inform him personally of the terms under which we would have been prepared to enter into negotiations, if our enemies had accepted our offer of December 12.

"Restitution of the part of upper Alsace occupied by the French. 'Gaining of a frontier which would protect Germany and Poland economically and strategically against Russia. 'Restitution of colonies in form of an agreement which would give Germany colonies adequate to her population and economic interest. 'Restitution of those parts of France occupied by Germany under reservation of strategical and economic changes of the frontier and financial compensations. 'Restoration of Belgium under special guaranty for the safety of Germany which would have to be decided on by negotiations with Belgium. 'Economic and financial mutual compensation on the basis of the exchange of territories conquered and to be restituted at the conclusion of peace. 'Compensation for the German business concerns and private persons who suffered by the war. Abandonment of all economic agreements and measures which would form an obstacle to normal commerce and intercourse after the conclusion of peace, and instead of such agreements reasonable treaties of commerce. 'The freedom of the seas. 'The peace terms of our allies run on the same lines."

My government further agrees, after the war has been terminated, to enter into the proposed second international conference on the basis of the President's message to the Senate."

"My government would have been glad to postpone the submarine blockade if they had been able to do so. This, however, was quite impossible on account of the preparations, which could not be canceled. My government believes

that the submarine blockade will terminate the war very quickly. In the meantime my government will be everything possible to safeguard American interests and begs the President to continue his efforts to bring about peace, and my government will terminate the submarine blockade as soon as it is evident that the efforts of the President will lead to a peace acceptable to Germany. * * * Yours very sincerely,

J. BERNSTORFF.

(Copyright, 1926, by Edward M. House. All rights reserved. Printed by arrangement with Houghton Mifflin Co. and New York Tribune, Inc.)

(Continued tomorrow.)

Kerr Pleads Guilty To Accepting Bribe

David C. Kerr, former American vice consul at Vancouver, British Columbia, who was indicted on five charges of accepting bribes of \$50 each for aiding Chinese to enter the United States in violation of the coolie exclusion law, pleaded guilty to one of these charges yesterday before Justice Jennings Bailey in criminal court.

Kerr was ordered to report for duty in this city in the summer of 1924, while the State Department got busy with its investigation. While here he was arrested. The case in which he pleaded guilty involves the admission of a Chinese Jan Yen. The bribe was accepted July 27, 1922, according to the indictment. The case was referred to the probation officer. Kerr is at liberty on bond.

Two records, one for service and one for health, are held by Miss Samantha Plummer, first lieutenant, army nurse corps. It was announced at War Department headquarters yesterday. Miss Plummer is 69 years old; the oldest nurse in the army, and has served continuously for the last 27 years without being absent a day on account of illness. She is chief nurse at Fitzsimons General hospital, Denver, and will be eligible for retirement if a bill presented to Congress becomes a law.

She entered the army as a contract nurse August 3, 1899, at Aspen, Colo., and has served in many stations in this country and six years in the Philippine Islands. She was among the first to enter the army nurse corps when it was organized in 1902.

Navy to Sell Radio Sets.

More than 200 radio receiving sets will be sold as surplus material by the navy at the central sales office, navy yard, at 11 o'clock, May 7. Sealed bids should be mailed to the officer in charge, central sales office.

Charming Frocks for Matron and Debutante

ERLEBACHER Frocks are poems in silk and lace, pictures in fabric, made for girls in the bud, in the first bloom of womanhood, and women of whatever age who cherish youth.

The Model Sketched

of Flat Crepe, in Cocoa, with self trimming of embroidery. \$49.50.

Erlebacher
Feminine Apparel of Individuality
TWELVETEN TWELVE TWELVE F STREET



We Pay You on your DAILY BALANCES

2%
3%
4%

Interest on checking accounts on daily balances — compounded monthly.

Interest on ordinary savings accounts — compounded quarterly.

Interest on special savings certificates — compounded semi-annually.

The Munsey Trust Co.

Munsey Building

Pa. Ave. Bet. 13th & 14th Sts. N.W.



Actual Size of
Package,
15c

A Nourishing Substitute For Meat

If Lenten observance or dietary predilection bars meat from the menu—Chestnut Farms Cottage Cheese will take its place to your palatable delight. For Chestnut Farms Cottage Cheese is rich in the essential elements for nourishment.

In a hygienically sealed package—delivered direct to your home—with your milk; or later by special delivery, as you may prefer—15 cents.

Also on Sale by Leading Grocers and Delicatessens

Chestnut Farms Dairy

Pennsylvania Avenue Potomac 4000 At 26th Street



These Sedans Illustrate the Low Cost of Finer Transportation

Every day the American public becomes better acquainted with the Better Buick.

The capacity of the great Buick factories is taxed to supply the demand.

The Better Buick 5-passenger, 4-door and 2-door sedans are good illustrations of the reasons for Buick's accelerated popularity.

These sedans are real sedans with Fisher bodies, and striking Buick closed car body lines. Graceful. No harsh corners anywhere. Objects of admiration on

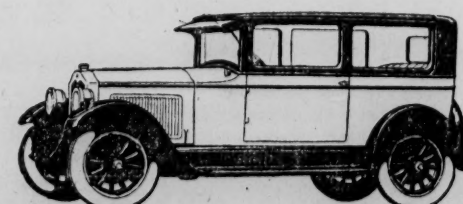
boulevard and highway. Upholstery of fine quality. Interior refinements luxurious and complete.

And these fine bodies ride on the famous Buick chassis, with all the modern improvements and refinements introduced by the Better Buick.

The only similarity to "coaches," and other low-priced closed-car types, is price. Come in and compare these sedans, before you spend your money. Here is finer transportation at lower cost.

The Better Buick

Buick Motor Cars now are sold on the basis of Federal taxes effective Midnight, March 28.



BUICK MOTOR COMPANY

Fourteenth and L Streets N.W.

WASHINGTON BRANCH

Telephone Franklin 4066

EMERSON & ORME

Retail Dealers

STANLEY H. HORNER

1620 M St.

1018 Conn. Ave.

1015 14th St.

1220 19th St.

WHEN BETTER AUTOMOBILES ARE BUILT, BUICK WILL BUILD THEM

The Washington Post.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Delivered by Carrier in Washington and Alexandria.
Daily, Sunday included, one year.....\$8.00
Daily, Sunday excluded, one year.....7.00
Sunday only, one year.....2.00
Daily, Sunday included, one month......80
Daily, Sunday excluded, one month......70
Sunday only, one month......20

By Mail, Payable in Advance.

Daily and Sunday.....\$10.00 One year.....\$10.00
Daily only.....8.00 One year.....8.00
Six months.....5.00 Six months.....5.00
Three months.....3.00 Three months.....3.00
One month......80 One month......80
All subscriptions by mail payable in advance.

New subscriptions for The Post or renewals will not be accepted unless payment accompanies the order. Remittances should be made by draft, check, postal note, registered letter or express order, payable to
THE WASHINGTON POST CO.
Washington, D. C.
EDWARD B. McLEAN, President and Publisher.

Entered at the Postoffice at Washington, D. C., as second-class mail matter.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

The Washington Post is a member of the Associated Press, receiving the complete service of the world's greatest news-gathering organization.
The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news published herein.

National Advertising Representatives: PAUL BLOCH, Inc., Park-Lexington Building, New York; Century Building, Chicago; Little Building, Boston; Kresge Building, Detroit; Commonwealth Trust Building, Philadelphia.

Thursday, March 11, 1926.

UPKEEP OF THE DISTRICT.

The House of Representatives has under consideration the District appropriation bill, carrying a total of \$33,762,987. This sum is \$2,425,415 less than the appropriations for the current year, and \$290,035 below the recommendations made by the bureau of the budget. A deficiency bill appropriating \$1,700,000 already has passed the House, as well as a bill appropriating \$345,000 for the construction of two public bathing beaches. These latter sums will bring the total appropriations to more than \$35,000,000, should the Senate approve.

The House committee has done its work well. It has covered a multitude of projects that are necessary, such as the widening of streets, the improvement of the traffic system, the protection of bridges, enlarging hospital facilities, an increased water supply, new public school sites and buildings, street and road improvements, public playgrounds, improvements of the river front, and other items that are requisite to provide for the welfare and comfort of the people of Washington.

But it has stuck to its principle of saddling the great burden of the cost on the taxpayers of the District. The bill as presented to the House provides that \$20,823,296 shall be payable from District revenues derived from taxes on real estate, personal property, banks, public utilities and other sources. It takes from the Treasury \$9,000,000, and the remainder is to be made up from other revenues, such as the surplus fund for schools, playground and park purposes, from water taxes and the gasoline tax.

This is not a fair division of the cost of maintaining the National Capital. It is far from the 60-40 ratio which was in effect until last year. The taxpayers of Washington do not object to paying their just proportion of the cost of maintenance and necessary improvements. They want Washington to be a model city, but they rebel at the disposition of Congress continually to impose upon them an unfair and unwarrantably high proportion of the cost. Only a few weeks ago the House voted an appropriation of \$600,000 for completing the Rock Creek-Potomac Park link, the entire sum to come out of accumulated revenues belonging to the District. The thought that lay behind this action of the House seemed to be, "Let the people of the District pay for developing the Federal city."

It is to be hoped that the Senate will find a way to adjust equitably the burden of maintaining and developing the seat of government.

Friendship helps, of course, but you never heard of friendship alone bringing in repeat orders.

HOPE FOR DOBBIN.

Evidences are multiplying that poor Dobbin, unceremoniously banished from the streets of the big cities because he occasionally gets in the way of some speedster, will not eventually become a curiosity, as some statisticians have predicted. It is true that there has been a marked decrease in the number of young horses bred on the farms, and the population of the horse kingdom has been reduced. But the champions of man's best friend have not been idle. Take, for instance, the Federal remount service, which, in conjunction with the American Remount association, is continually extending its efforts to produce more and better horses of a type best fitted for the needs of the United States during peace and war conditions.

The annual report of Richard H. Williams, Jr., president of the American Remount association, discloses that there are now 413 sires at the service of farmers and horse breeders in 36 States, the Hawaiian Islands and the Panama Canal Zone. Of this number 352 are thoroughbreds, most of them donated to the remount service by the Jockey Club of New York and various racing associations; 28 Arabian, 26 Morgan, 4 standard bred and 1 hackney. It has been proved that the best heavy-weight hunters have a cross of draft blood, and none surpasses the thoroughbred draft grade for general purposes, while as artillery horses they are superior to all others.

The remount plan for encouraging the breeding of riding horses authorized by Congress has been in operation for five years, according to Mr. Williams. Its central feature is to place pure-bred stallions of proper riding type at the service of farmers and breeders willing to assist in the production of riding horses. In 1921 there were 183 such stallions, and the number has steadily increased. In five years more than 40,000 mares were bred to remount stallions, and it is estimated that not less than 16,000 will be bred this year. The total production, it is expected, will be in excess of 9,000, valued conservatively at \$170 each at 4 years old, or approximately \$1,500,000. Thus the farmer is being assisted in raising good horses in place of valueless scrubs, and at the same time the nation is creating a war reserve at a reasonable cost. A recent survey made by the remount association showed that there is a great scarcity of riding horses of good type and conformation to meet not only the requirements of the armed forces, but of civilian horse users. It is necessary, officials

of the remount association say, to encourage breeding without interruption over a long period of years in order materially to increase the riding horse supply.

Wales may tumble at times, but Americans he was nice to are still on their high horses.

HOUSING AMERICAN ENVOYS.

Representative Stephen G. Porter, of Pennsylvania, chairman of the committee on foreign affairs of the House, will today bring into the House, with the sanction of his committee, the foreign service buildings bill. The bill was framed after exhaustive hearings which continued from early in January until March. The object of the measure is to provide quarters for the American diplomatic and consular personnel wherever they may be most needed, and incidentally to relieve American representatives abroad from the necessity of paying out of their own funds expenses which should, in all decency, be paid by the government which they serve.

As far back as the days when Thomas Jefferson was United States Minister to Paris, American representatives have had cause to complain of the meagerness of the allowances made to them for the expenses of their offices. For the last half century it has been a matter of common knowledge that no man, however well qualified, could afford to accept an appointment in the diplomatic corps to be stationed in one of the principal foreign capitals unless possessed of sufficient private income to enable him to expend two or three times the amount allowed him for salary and expenses. Before the war the post at Vienna was regarded as one of the most expensive stations in the diplomatic service. The late Charles S. Francis, of New York, who filled that post during a portion of the McKinley administration, spent upward of \$50,000 in addition to his salary in maintaining the prestige of the United States, and he was not a man of extravagant habits.

London, Berlin, Paris and Petrograd have all proved expensive posts for American diplomatic representatives. And in recent years many of the South American capitals have reached the grade wherein the ambassador assigned to them finds the post as expensive to maintain as are those in European capitals.

It is a notorious fact that the United States has been "punctiliously stingy" in the matter of furnishing quarters for its representatives abroad, not only those in the diplomatic service but among the consular posts as well. Nor has this stinginess been without its effect upon American trade. A dingy room in an obscure building, furnished with a rough desk and a few uncomfortable chairs, presided over by an overworked official on an inadequate salary, is not calculated to lead to increased trade.

The Porter bill, which is to be considered under a special rule on Monday next, is designed to remedy the housing question, primarily. It authorizes a commission, which is provided for, to enter into arrangements for the acquisition or construction of buildings for diplomatic and consular service in such capitals and other places as it may decide to be most needed, and for this purpose directs that contracts may be entered into for such purchases or construction at a cost not to exceed \$10,000,000, of which not more than \$2,000,000 is to be appropriated in any one year. The bill has the indorsement of the State Department and the unanimous support of the committee on foreign affairs. It should be passed under suspension of the rules when it is reached next week.

As to the early fly, a swat in time saves nine million.

AMERICAN INVESTMENTS ABROAD.

According to the Department of Commerce, approximately \$9,000,000,000 of American capital is invested in foreign countries, a large portion of it in industrial enterprises. Obviously this will have an important effect upon the future fiscal policy of the United States. It will add to the complications arising out of the efforts of the American government to collect war debts. While most of these government debts have been funded or adjusted, they will not have been paid until more than 60 years have passed.

Both foreign government debts and private American investments in Europe will be a powerful factor in America's future relations with foreign countries, especially Europe. Already influences are at work to lower the tariff in order to permit the payment of these public and private debts more easily.

Now it is proposed to ascertain how much American money is invested in foreign manufacturing institutions by American manufacturers. Since the war it has become quite the fashion for the American manufacturer to establish a branch in some foreign country. This practice will tend to bring a conflict between the American parent establishments and the foreign branches, in regard to the tariff. Obviously a foreign industrial branch should be treated as a foreign institution, subject to the existing tariff laws. If it seeks a foreign country in order to escape American wages and cost of production, it must pay the Treasury the regular fee or duty for the privilege of selling in the American markets. American prosperity and living standards must not be jeopardized simply because of American investments abroad.

Well, modern kids come as near to copying the righteousness of their parents as old-fashioned kids did.

INFLATED SCHOOL LAND VALUES.

It is gratifying to note that the citizens' advisory council has undertaken an investigation of the alleged exorbitant values placed upon land recommended for school sites. The council has appointed a committee of three—W. I. Swanton, William S. Torbert and George C. Havener—to conduct the inquiry. The naming of this committee was prompted by the recent appearance before the District subcommittee of the House appropriations committee of Mr. Havener and Harry N. Stull, who were asked why whenever a recommendation was made for the purchase of a public school site the price jumped ten times the amount of its assessed valuation. Invariably, it is said, whenever land is needed for public purposes the price is advanced. It was hinted by a member of the council that there may be persons who make it their business to obtain early knowledge of a prospective purchase and acquire an option on the parcel and then pro-

ceed to place a price upon it far beyond its real value.

If this be so, the abuse should be speedily corrected. In every community there are persons who will go to any length to make huge profits, no matter what public or private interest may suffer. Real estate dealers of Washington, as a body, are square-dealing, high-minded men as much interested in the public welfare as any other class of citizens. They would not countenance such methods as have been employed by Ponzi or other sharks. But evidently there are hidden influences somewhere at work. They should be stamped out.

Undoubtedly the investigation to be made by the citizens' committee will be thorough, and the result of its findings may disclose some interesting and valuable information.

It must be a great trial to marry a genius, and even more of a trial to marry one who thinks he is a genius.

GOVERNMENT BY BUREAUS.

United States Senator Wadsworth, of New York, has an interesting and thoughtful article in a current magazine on the growth and danger of what he calls "this 50-50 business." It had its inception in what is known as the Smith-Lever law of 1914. Then came the Federal good roads act of 1916, which has cost the government many millions, until now it takes something like \$100,000,000 from the Treasury.

There are five forms of Federal subsidies, says the senator: Highway construction, agricultural extension, vocational education, vocational rehabilitation and maternity and infant hygiene. For highway construction the disbursements in 1924 were about \$90,000,000; vocational education, \$5,400,000; agricultural extension, \$5,800,000, and promotion of maternity and infant hygiene, about \$720,800. The Department of Agriculture in 1924 disbursed more than \$98,700,000 in various forms of subsidies.

The greatest danger, says Senator Wadsworth, is the tendency toward the breaking down of the principle of local self-government and the creation of an all-powerful Federal bureaucracy. This creation of commissions, boards and bureaus has resulted, according to the senator, in establishing at Washington, with branches all over the country, a vast governmental machinery so powerful and so complicated that the average citizen is utterly unable to comprehend it. Further, centralization of power and assumption of governmental functions will certainly hamper the ability of the people to govern themselves in the States and in their home communities.

This is a subject attracting wide attention, and the considerations of the senator from New York are worthy of serious thought. Others in high official positions have talked and written on the same theme. Current differences in several Federal commissions are samples of the peril attending the delegation of so many powers and functions to a centralized body independent of Congress or the executive.

Is it not about time to stop the drift toward government by bureaus?

Free speech is all right so long as there is no compulsory listening.

THE TARIFF COMMISSION.

A showdown in Congress between those who have different views on the United States tariff commission is in sight. Certain charges have been made and denied relative to the activities of the commission on the sugar and other matters wherein the so-called flexible tariff has been invoked.

Now it is proposed to have the commission send to the Senate a certified copy of its proceedings from September 22, 1922, when the present tariff law was enacted, to January 26, 1926. This should disclose any unauthorized or improper activity of the commission or any extraneous influences giving rise to suspicion or doubt.

The tariff commission, established in 1916 by the Democrats, has been a subject of controversy ever since Congress met last December. It would be well to have the public know what the commission has been doing.

A NEW SERVICE.

Do you ever fail to receive your Washington Post in the morning? The Post has inaugurated a new service to supply any subscriber whenever for any legitimate reason the paper is not delivered. In the event The Post is not at your door when you go to look for it, all that will be necessary is to take up the telephone, call the circulation department of The Washington Post and make complaint. A copy of the paper will be immediately sent to your home by special messenger.



The Worst Joke I heard today was told to me by Jack Degraftenreid, of Breckenridge, Texas. If you never heard of Breckenridge, you never heard of the Oil business because it is the Oil business. It is a real live city and will be a good town even when the oil is all gone, and a mighty fine bunch of people live there. I showed there the other night, and had the time of my life, in addition to having a full house, which always makes a town a good town in the actor's eye. I want to show you what a progressive little town it is. Jack Degraftenreid, an old Cowpuncher friend of mine, is a great roper, and he wanted to go to the big rodeo that Tex Austin gave in London. Well, that is a pretty expensive trip. What does this town do but make up a purse and send him over as the representative of their town. They appreciated advertising and they didn't care how far away from home they got it. They like old Jack down there. He is a good boy, and I got the best child that I got anywhere, outside of that in Austin with the Ferguson family. Somebody is always yapping about what place raises the best grape fruit. What difference does it make? Chill is what we want to know about. Is it made good? It's an ingredient, not just a topic.

Jack told me the following story. After an old fellow had been Postmaster for quite a while, complaints began to come in to Washington that mail was not being sent out from that Postoffice. They sent a Postoffice Inspector down to see Mr. Coolidge's Political Ally. He asked the old fellow about it.
"Where is the mail you was supposed to send out?"
"There it is there. I can't send it because the bag ain't anywhere near full yet."

(Copyright, 1926, by the McNaught Syndicate, Inc.)



"And, Among the Things I Don't Need Are Political Promises That Can't Be Fulfilled."

PRESS COMMENT

Something to Worry About.

Philadelphia Inquirer: England is worrying over a threatened coal strike. We can tell England, however, there are worse things than a threatened strike. There is, for instance, on occasion, the settled one.

Costly Diplomacy.

Brooklyn Eagle: John W. Davis doesn't hesitate to tell a congressional committee that it cost him \$60,000 to be Ambassador at the Court of St. James. Diplomacy depends on money spending. It has always been so since diplomacy was born, and Uncle Sam can not afford to be niggardly.

Just Moderately Smarter.

Ohio State Journal: There is a good deal of criticism of Col. House for what he says in his intimate papers, but we must not be hypercritical and, so far as we have perused them, we find no evidence that he thinks he was so very much smarter than President Wilson, but only moderately so here and there.

Up Against It.

Philadelphia Record: The forces attacking prohibition have made considerable progress in their preliminary campaign of agitation, capturing more than one strong outpost. But the farther they advance the stiffer becomes the resistance, and their shock troops have now come up against the real barbed wire entanglements of the defense, represented by the uncompromising dryness of the present Congress.

Baldwin and the Pubs.

Baltimore Sun: Mr. Baldwin, the British prime minister, told the Classical association that after frequenting pubs in search of votes in his first campaign he used to go home and read the Greek and Latin classics to get the smell out of his garments and the sound of humorous songs out of his ears. Mr. Baldwin should be told there is a country in which any book that can recreate the smell of barrooms in one's garments and revive the humorous songs that went with the brass bands outclass any classic of which Horace ever dreamed.

A New Word.

New York Times: The rich, soupy, sooty mixture of smoke and moisture in the air which has lately been rising from New York is mistaking 8 o'clock for a much earlier hour than it is. Our Eastern meteorologists have either been at a loss for a word or have not considered the child of smoke and fog worth naming. But out in the middle West, where mid-night blackness in the morning is much discussed, they have put a tag on it. The Indianapolis News, for example, has commented editorially on "smog" and credited the Indianapolis weather man with the invention of the term.

Window Colors.

Fort Worth Star-Telegram: Window display artists have discovered that a green light thrown on porch furniture and summer clothing in a show window makes them seem more desirable to the public. Also that clear daylight makes men's clothing more attractive; that amber light lures feminine eyes to fall clothing; and that women simply can't resist dainty underclothing displayed in a pink light. There must be a great deal more in light and color than people have suspected. Full use of these factors may make the fortune of a merchant or manufacturer.

He Hated Americans.

Philadelphia Public Ledger: G. K. Chesterton has written a play around the personality of Dr. Johnson and the imaginary contact of the latter with an American

Are You An Educated Man?

By GLENN FRANK

THE manufacturers of waste-baskets should handsomely subsidize the senders of questionnaires.

Every mail brings stacks of these printed impertinences asking us a thousand and one questions. Like other helpless sufferers, I protest against the practice. And yet today I want to suggest a questionnaire to the readers of this column. Its saving grace is that I ask no reply. I want simply to ask seven questions, the answers to which will, in my judgment, indicate whether the reader is an educated or an uneducated man or woman.

These seven questions are based on the assumption that whether or not a man is educated depends, not upon what his mind contains, but upon what his mind can do.

First, can you and do you read books? You read newspapers and magazines, but do you read books? I neither dare nor desire to suggest that the reading of newspapers and magazines is not one of the marks of an educated man. It is. In them you catch the moving world of idea and action on the wing. But do you, in addition, read books? And do you read books other than fiction? Does a non-technical book of philosophy, like Miguel de Unamuno's Essays and Soliloquies, let us say, bore you, despite its stimulating ideas and the almost lyric loveliness of its style? Do you read books outside your specialty? Do you now and then dip into stimulating volumes on politics, religion, science, and other fields? Do you ever spend an evening with any of the old essayists or old historians or old poets?

Second, can you with measurable ease express your own ideas in writing? Do you find it a chore to set down on paper your analysis of a problem or a proposal?

Third, can you talk clearly and accurately across a desk or a dinner table? Do you flounder or find your way with ease through an ordinary discussion?

Fourth, can you follow the varied threads of a conversation with understanding and with interest? Are you a bad listener or do you find your mind challenged by the ideas that emerge from the talk of a group you are in?

Fifth, can you, with a decent average of accuracy, distinguish between a fact and a guess or assertion that lacks adequate backing? I do not mean an encyclopedic knowledge of all the things that are proved. I mean: Have you a sort of setter's nose for reality?

Sixth, can you see the implications of a fact? Can you, with a sense of assurance, feel that a given fact implies this but does not imply that? Seventh, have you a sensitiveness to values? Do you quite naturally respond to beauty and react against ugliness? Does truth attract you and error repel you? Have you a feeling for worth?

If you can answer these seven questions in the affirmative, you need not worry about having flunked some detailed examination in your school-days. You can even get along without a degree.

Alexander Melikoff has suggested that these questions might well be the test by which we determine the results of the general training college is supposed to give.

(Copyright, 1926)

of the Revolution whose investigations take him to England. As the literary world well knows, Johnson did not love Americans, and Boswell puts in his mouth some rather peevish language concerning those whose stand for freedom enraged the stanch Tory. The sparks would have flown in such a contact as that which the dramatist envisages. Yet today among the pilgrims to the old house that Johnson occupied in Gough square, in the heart of London, there are no more enthusiastic devotees than those who come from the hotbed of political dissent which had brought from his home the harshest words to be found in the big dictionary he made.

All-American Ship Canal. Brooklyn Eagle: An All-American ship canal from Oswego to Troy and the Hudson river had only two opposing votes in the Albany assembly, and it had passed the senate. Foreign propaganda for the St. Lawrence route, too evident in the West, did not appear. 'Twas bad business for the propagandist to neglect our legislature. This is still the Empire State.

Pretty Good So Far. New York Telegram: The year 1926 is just 68 days old and yet its contributions to the stirring histories of science, coupled with daring sportsmanship, already loom large. Cobham has accomplished the feat to Cairo flight by airplane in

nine and one-half days of rough and arduous going, while only a fortnight or so ago France swam the ether from Palos to Buenos Ayres, to the glory of old Spain.

The same newspaper page which contains the account of Cobham's triumph announces the successful conduct of four hours of uninterrupted radio conversation between New York and London.

Pretty good for the first two months of the new year and significant of the fact that some more records are going to be established or some old ones broken before 1926 slips into history!

Paris Styles. Philadelphia Record: It is almost startling to hear from Paris that the learned and dignified Academy of Fine Arts has been appealed to by fearful and fretful observers of the trend of feminine styles to create a commission from among the academicians to exercise a censorship. That elusive and volatile thing that is called French elegance is said to be in peril because of the short skirts, bare arms and other too liberal displays of what should be concealed which at present appeal to the women of Paris. The real joke of it all—looked at from this side of the water—is that the anxious critics refer to this as "the Americanization of our French womanhood." Dear, oh dear, and here we in this country have been imagining time out of mind that all this sort of thing has always had its origin in Paris.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Latitudinal vs. Turpitudinal.

To the Editor of The Post: Sir—With due respect for the honorable judge's ruling in the Cathcart case, we are among what we believe a great majority of the laymen who beg to think otherwise.

Lay's technicalities, at times seem cryptic to the layman's mind, synchronously working throughout its whole organism—cerebrum and cerebellum. Hence we fail to appreciate the judicial decision holding that an admitted moral transgression committed by a citizen person in a section of the world with uncivilized or semicivilized environment, leaves the transgressor legally immune when confronted by the moral standard written in our immigration laws.

The court's ruling imparts a geographical "atmosphere" to the case, and makes it a matter of latitude instead of turpitude.
EDWIN I. SHOPE
Washington, March 9.

Amending the Constitution.

To the Editor of The Post: Sir—The Wadsworth-Garrett bill to amend the amending clause of the Constitution is not receiving the attention of the public that its importance demands. In fact it is doubted that more than 100,000 of the more than 100,000,000 of the people of the United States have ever heard of the proposed amendment, and a very small percentage of the 1,000,000 have ever read the bill—fewer still have studied it. Why this apathy or ignorance?

The several hearings that have been held by the judiciary committees of the Senate and House on the bill known as the Wadsworth-Garrett bill cover less than 200 pages altogether—the hearing now being held by the judiciary committee of the House is exciting a small attendance indeed. But the hearing to vent our opinion on the management of the public schools taxes the capacity of the largest committee room in the House office building.

GROVER WARREN AYERS.
Washington, March 9.

Annuities of Minor Employees.

To the Editor of The Post: Sir—In the public discussion of the bill amending the present law retiring Federal employees, considerable emphasis has been placed on the necessity of increasing the maximum annuity to \$1,200, on the ground that the present maximum of \$720 is entirely inadequate to meet the present cost of living.

If this be so, what about those annuitants who are receiving much less than this maximum? It has been shown that about one-third of the number of retired employees are receiving the maximum amount; therefore, the remaining two-thirds are compelled to live as best they can on starvation annuities. And under the proposed law their condition would not be much improved.

It is generally understood that the intent of retirement legislation is to provide for the comfort and well-being of retired employees, but under the present and the proposed scales of payment the low salaried employees do not come within this provision.

If the \$1,800 employees are to be given an annuity amounting to two-thirds of that salary, why should not the lower salaried employees—who have rendered just as valuable service to the government, as every one who is familiar with conditions in the departments knows—receive the same proportionate increase all along the line?

As a matter of justice, it is hoped that the committee of Congress having charge of this matter will recommend more liberal annuities for the under-paid employees, when presenting the amended legislation to Congress.
FAIR PLAY.
Washington, March 8.

Great Sale of
BREAKFAST SETS

—A magnificent stock of Breakfast Sets from which to select. In styles to suit all tastes. Priced low.

5-Piece Mahogany-Finish
Breakfast Set

\$39.75

Gate Leg Table and Four Chairs

Tea Wagons
Special
\$21.00Telephone
Stand & Stool
\$11.50Bridge Lamp
and Shade
\$10.00PAINTING—PAPERHANGING—UPHOLSTERY
Let us submit estimates now and start the work before the rush

Our Terms Are Most Convenient

GEORGE PLITT CO., Inc.

Painting, Paperhanging, Upholstering, Draperies
Call Main 4224 for Estimates

1325 14th St. N.W.

The Doctor That's Loved
But Seldom Seen

THE friendly physician—he has protected the health of three generations, and the family all love him—advises Walker-Gordon Certified Milk for baby. But, once the diet is thus established, Doctor is needed very seldom. For the pure, safe nutrition of this specially produced food builds the tiny body strong, with the strength that safeguards health.

Be Guided by Baby Specialists

FOR over 30 years family doctors and baby specialists the country over have depended on Walker-Gordon Laboratories for this absolutely pure, clean, safe Milk. Phone us now, and let us tell you more about it!

WALKER-GORDON
LABORATORIES
Certified Milk

26th and Pa. Ave. N. W. Potomac 3963

TODAY AT KANN'S

The Chic Tailored Suit

Worn By Smart
Womankind This
Spring!

\$24.75

—Trim, youthfully smart tailored suits of Twills and Tweeds are shown in this collection. There are single and double-breasted styles of navy and hairline twills. Man-tailored models of tan and gray tweeds, with gold ribbon on collar and pockets which gives quite a military air. Youthful models of pastel colored tweeds. Link button suits with short jackets, of gray, tan and brown novelty tweeds. The skirts in side pleated, wrap around or straight effects and the sizes 14 to 40.

—Other Suits at \$35, \$39.75, \$45 and \$49.75.

The
Busy
CornerKann's Pa. Ave.,
8th & D
Sts.

SOCIETY

THE Baroness de Cartier, wife of the Belgian Ambassador, was the guest in whose honor Mrs. Leland Harrison, wife of the Assistant Secretary of State, entertained at luncheon yesterday, when there were twelve guests. There was bridge afterwards.

The Cuban Ambassador and Mme. Sanchez Abail, who are in Havana, Cuba, are not expected to return to Washington until April. During the absence of the ambassador, Senor Don Jose T. Baron, Secretary of Embassy, is in charge of affairs.

The Secretary of Commerce, Mr. Hoover, will return to Washington today from the middle West. He will be joined the latter part of the week by Mrs. Hoover, who has been in California for some time.

Mr. Justice and Mrs. Harlan Pike Stone will be among the guests at dinner this evening of Mr. and Mrs. Grosvenor Hyde Backus, who will entertain fourteen guests. The dinner is being given in celebration of the birthday of Mr. George H. Thompson, who is married to Miss Louise C. Sewall, daughter of Mrs. Backus, on Monday.

Mr. Chauncey G. Parker, Jr., will entertain Mr. Thompson at his bachelor dinner tomorrow evening. Senator and Mrs. Walter E. Edge will entertain at a supper Sunday evening for all the out-of-town guests who will come to attend the wedding of Miss Sewall to Mr. Thompson.

Miss Margaret Olivia Flint, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Flint, whose marriage to Mr. Thomas Emerson Proctor 2d, of Boston, will take place Saturday afternoon, April 10, at 4 o'clock in the Washington cathedral, has chosen as her attendants Mrs. Augustus A. Bradburn Field, Jr., of New York, as matron of honor; Miss Mary B. Strange, Miss Marie Louise Bird, Miss Sophie B. Duer, and Miss Grace Vanderbilt, all of New York; Miss Mary J. Proctor, sister of the bridegroom, and Miss Adeline Oxnard, formerly of Washington and now living in Virginia, as bridesmaids.

Entertain at Dinner.

Representative and Mrs. John Philip Hill entertained at dinner last evening, when there were 20 guests.

The Undersecretary of State and Mrs. Joseph C. Grew entertained at dinner last evening. There were 16 guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Grew will entertain at dinner again next Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Victor Cushman will entertain with a small tea Sunday afternoon.

The Marquis and Marchioness of Huntly will go to Baltimore, where they will be entertained at luncheon Sunday by Mrs. J. Wilmer Biddle.

Mrs. Charles B. Howry will entertain at luncheon today.

Herr Emil Wiehl, first secretary of the German embassy, after a trip to Florida and Cuba, has arrived in Arizona, en route to California. He will return to Washington in about a month.

The Assistant Postmaster General, Mr. W. Irving Glover, returned to his apartment in the Wardman Park hotel Tuesday after an extended inspection tour which took him as far west as the coast.

Going to South Carolina.

Mrs. William J. Donovan, wife of the Assistant Attorney General, Mrs. C. C. Glover, Jr.; Mrs. McCook Knox, Mrs. Clarence Wilson, and Miss Wilson will depart Monday for Charleston, S. C., to be gone about ten days.

Mrs. Joseph Noel will entertain at dinner next Wednesday.

Mrs. Emerson Howe entertained at dinner last evening in her apartment at 1302 Eighteenth street.

Spring
Millinery
Opening
TODAY—
TOMORROW—
and
SATURDAY
March 11, 12, 13
The Cleverest Style Concepts
of the Coming Season's Mode.
MAE A. BUCKLEY,
916 H St. N. E.
Lincoln 3353

Cairo Hotel
4 Street at 10th
DINNER, \$1.25
Canape Rechee
Chicken Gumbo Creole
Cream of Spinach with Rice
Salt Codfish Fritters-Orley
Roast Milk Fed Chicken au Crouton
Braised Veal with Noodles
Fresh Spinach au Jus
Carrots Vichy Lima Beans Tomato
Cucumbers White Potatoes
Fried Sweet Potatoes
Lettuce and Beet Salad
Egg Dressing
Cherry Pie
Tartelette Apicotees
Fresh Strawberry Custard
Cocoanut Cake
Vanilla Ice Cream—Chocolate Sauce
French Ice Cream
Tea Coffee Milk
Sunday Table d'Hôte Dinner,
\$1.50
A la carte and table d'hôte.
Cuisine personally supervised by the famous chef, Jacques E. Haerling, former Head Chef at the Shoreham Hotel.

There were twelve guests. She will entertain a small company at dinner tomorrow evening preceding the Friday evening dancing class.

Mrs. Dallett Wilson will entertain at dinner Friday evening, March 26. A cable has been received in Washington from Copenhagen, Denmark, from Mr. and Mrs. Erik Hennius, Jr., who are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter born Tuesday. Mrs. Hennius is the daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Charles Koonen, of this city, and was formerly Miss Elizabeth Koonen.

Mr. and Mrs. Ashton Rollins entertained a small party at the Club Chantecleer last evening.

Following the musical program at the Congressional club tomorrow afternoon, tea will be served, with Mrs. Charles Townsend, Mrs. Lloyd Thurston, Miss Emily Taber, Mrs. H. F. Tolly, Mrs. South Trimble and Mrs. Charles J. Thompson alternating at the tea table.

Mrs. Wallace Radcliffe will not receive this afternoon. Mrs. Radcliffe will be at home as usual, March 18 and 25.

Mrs. Fred Dennett and Mrs. Patton Wise Slomp were hostesses yesterday at the Washington club at a luncheon and bridge in compliment to Mrs. Everett Sanders and Mrs. John Q. Tilton. Mrs. George Sutherland, wife of Mr. Justice Sutherland, assisting Mrs. Dennett and Mrs. Slomp.

The additional guests were Mme. Bryn, wife of the Minister of Norway; Representative Florence Kahn, Mrs. Ralph Cameron, Mrs. J. W. Harrold, Mrs. R. S. Copeland, Mrs. F. J. Garrett, Mrs. T. A. Treadway, Mrs. J. A. Frear, Mrs. L. H. Hadley, Mrs. J. O'Connor, Mrs. F. Crowther, Miss Spaul, Mrs. H. A. Cooper, Mrs. John McSweeney, Mrs. Charles Brand, Mrs. S. B. Hill, Mrs. J. A. Van Orsdell, Mrs. William Spry and Mrs. William A. Rosenberg.

Mrs. Slomp entertained 20 friends at bridge-lunch at the Congressional club Tuesday, Mrs. Ralph Graves being the guest of honor.

Hostess at Luncheon.

Mrs. Walter F. George, wife of Senator George, of Georgia, who entertained at luncheon yesterday in the reception room of the Mayflower, had as her guests Mrs. William J. Harris, Mrs. Morris Sheppard, Mrs. Charles L. McNary, Mrs. Woodbridge Ferris, Mrs. Robert Traub, Mrs. George Paul Harrison, of Georgia; Mrs. Eugene Pomeroy, Mrs. Wilton J. Lambert, Mrs. Beverly Williamson, Mrs. Robert Love Taylor, Mrs. Frederick Coleman, Mrs. Theodore Miller, Mrs. Royal Meeker, Mrs. W. W. Dukes, of Georgia, and Mrs. Blair Banister.

Mrs. Lucy Russell Ogston, who will entertain at luncheon today in the presidential dining room of the Mayflower, will have as her guests Mme. Kazem, wife of the charge d'affaires of the legation of Persia; Mme. Lipa, wife of the counselor of the legation of Czechoslovakia; Mrs. Wade Ellis, Mrs. Morgan Shuster, Mrs. J. W. Kruger, Mrs. Edward Stafford, Mrs. Albert H. Putney and Mrs. Charles Wells Russell.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Donnelly departed yesterday for their home in St. Paul after a short visit in Washington. Mr. and Mrs. Donnelly entertained at dinner Tuesday night at the Willard, when they had five guests.

Miss M. DeForrest Hicks, a member of the Pen Women's club, is visiting her brother, the Rev. Mr. Hicks, in Cambridge, Mass., where she will be extensively entertained.

Mrs. William Crawford Gorgas was hostess at luncheon yesterday at the Washington club, when covers were laid for 14.

Mrs. Smith, wife of Brig. Gen. H. A. Smith, entertained at bridge luncheon yesterday in the Presidential dining room of the Mayflower, her guests being Mrs. Mason M. Patrick, Mrs. Frank E. Hopkins, Mrs. George W. Cocheu, Mrs. Robert M. Danford, Mrs. Aristides Moreno, Mrs. Mortimer M. Beall, Mrs. James W. Phalen, Mrs. Louis C. Brinton, Mrs. Willis V. Morris, Mrs. Charles M. Bundel, Mrs. Arthur J. Davis and Mrs. John M. Morgan.

Bach Choir Boxholders.

Boxes for the performance of the "St. Matthew's Passion," by the Bach Choir, April 6, have been taken by the Undersecretary of State and Mrs. Joseph C. Grew, Judge and Mrs. Edward B. Parker, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Lansing, the Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Z. B. Phillips, Dr. and Mrs. John C. Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Casper Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Dallett Wilson and Miss Lucy Brickenstein.

The committee on arrangements includes Mrs. Edward B. Parker, Mrs. Sinclair Bowen, Mrs. Walter Bruce Howe, Mrs. Adolph C. Miller, Mrs. Lawrence Townsend, Miss Ella May Powell, Miss Lucy Brickenstein, the Rev. Dr. Phillips, the Rev. Jason Noble Pierce, the Rev. W. L. Darby, the Rev. Abram Simon, Mr. Carl Engel, Mr. Alexander Hennemann and Mr. T. Arthur Smith.

A "House of Representatives night" will be held by the Pennsylvania society in the Willard hotel ballroom tonight. Col. Ira F. Fravel, stationed at Bolling field, will be the official introducer and present the members to the Pennsylvania representatives who will be in the reception line. After the program there will be dancing.

Mrs. Delos Blodgett will entertain a small party at tea this afternoon in the garden of the Mayflower.

Mrs. Rose Gouverneur Hoes, chairman for Washington of the Thomas Jefferson Memorial Foundation, announces that the Jefferson breakfast to be given by the women of Washington on Tuesday, April 13, at the Mayflower will have several prominent speakers.

The Palm room of the Mayflower will be the setting for the concert that will be given by Columbia chapter, D. A. R., on Tuesday eve-

AUNT HET



"Pa don't especially mind havin' other men superior to him, but he won't never feel respectable again if he finds out that I've got more sense than he's got."

(Copyright, 1926, Publishers Syndicate.)

ning. The proceeds will be apportioned among the patriotic and educational lines of work carried on by the National society. The program is in charge of Miss Nellie Grant Ross, assisted by Mrs. James Henry Harper, regent; Mrs. Paul Anderson, Mrs. W. W. Wallace, Mrs. Jason Waterman, Mrs. Mary B. Snively, Mrs. Childress B. Gwyn, Mrs. William L. Matlocks, Mrs. Thomas J. Dickson and Mrs. H. C. Gauss. The uniers will be Miss Lois Floy Himes, Miss Florence Hortense Bosard, Miss Mary Beatrice Gwyn and Miss Marietta Wallace.

Mrs. Walter Austin, of Dedham, Mass., and her aunt, Miss Lindsey, of Somerville, N. J., who have been staying at the Lafayette for the days, departed yesterday.

Mrs. Edward H. Horton will act as luncheon hostess following the meeting of the Women's Alliance of All Souls' church, Sixteenth and Harvard streets, tomorrow.

New York Society.

Special to The Washington Post. New York, March 10.—Mr. and Mrs. William Walker Smith of Washington and Cincinnati, have arrived at the Waldorf.

Mrs. William Jay returned from Europe on the Majestic and is at the Plaza on an extended stay. While abroad she was the guest of Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont in the south of France.

Ogden H. Hammond, the Ambassador to Spain, started for his diplomatic post today on the George Washington accompanied by Mrs. Hammond and their daughters, the Misses Mary and Millicent Hammond. Maj. Fred M. Manley, military attaché of the Spanish embassy at Madrid; Mrs. Manley, and Miss Helen Manley also were passengers.

\$8.00
Round Trip
BOSTON

Sunday, March 21

Special Through Train via Hill Gate Bridge Route
Leaves Saturday Night, March 20
Lv. WASHINGTON (Union Station)
7:10 P. M.

SUNDAY, MARCH 21
Ar. Boston, N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. (South Station) 7:30 A. M.
Returning, leave Boston, N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. (South Station) 6:00 P. M.
Visit Bunker Hill Monument; Old North Church; Harvard University; Longfellow's House; Paul Revere's House; Faneuil Hall; Boston Common; Museum of Fine Arts; Numerous sight-seeing trips by auto.

Pennsylvania Railroad

Coffee Shoppe
Hotel Raleigh
WASHINGTON, D. C.

THE DELICIOUS PIE,
French Pastry and Salads
for which Hotel Raleigh
is notably famous are now
served at Popular Prices
in Hotel Raleigh Coffee Shoppe.

Week days—Breakfast, Lunch, Dinner.
Sundays, Dinner only, 6 to 9.

BUDGET YOUR
Clothing ex-
pense. Husband
and wife may both
use same account. Small
initial payment—balance
in 20 parts.

THE
ROSS
702 7th N. W. 702 7th N. W.

Reid S. Baker,
Inc.
Temporarily
Located at
1405 F St. N. W.

During Construction
of our New Building
at 1322 F St. N. W.

Headquarters for
Printing
Kodaks
Easter Cards
Developing
Cameras
Pictures
Novelties

THE MEN'S STORE OF WOODWARD & LOTHROP

Golf Courses Open
Saturday, March 13Will Your Scores Be Better
Than Last Season's

The assurance of being correctly attired permits you to put every bit of attention to improving your game. Proper habiliments give the self-confidence that you know is so imperative when you are trying for that "birdie three," or attempting a difficult pitch shot to the green.

And you can find here in our Sporting Goods Section equipment for the actual playing that will go a long way toward improving your golf.

Our Correct Stocks Will Help
You Make Better Scores

Golf Knickers

\$7.50 to \$13.50

Made of all-wool, and to be had in both regular and plus-four sizes.

Leather Wind Breakers

\$22.50 and \$27.50

An exclusive selling. Some have plain knitted neck, cuffs and bottom, and some have fancy Jacquard patterns.

Imported Raincoats

\$10 to \$18

An exclusive showing of these Raincoats, made in Scotland, of oiled cambric and silk.

Peter Jackson, in charge of the Golf School, will help improve your scores—See him today.

The Sportocasin Oxford

\$12

In Brown Veal with oak leather sole and spikes; in Natural Puri-Tan Veal with crepe sole.

Imported Golf Hose, \$10

Handmade Irish and Scotch Hose, in the popular Argyle patterns and colorings.

Golf Clubs, \$2 to \$15

Both wood and iron clubs, in every wanted style; many are hand forged.

Golf Bags, \$2.50 to \$60

Imported and Domestic Bags, in leather, and canvas, leather trimmed.

Golf Balls, 60c, 85c and \$1

Woodward & Lothrop

Men's Clothes and Sporting Goods Sections, Second floor.

Use it on Fried Fish
LEA & PERRINS'
SAUCE
Ask your grocer for it

Papering—Painting—Awnings
There is no job you want done too small for us to handle. Awnings carefully made and reconditioned. Estimates cheerfully given—reasonable prices.
CORNELL WALL PAPER CO.
714 13th St. N.W. Main 5373-5374

Make That Luncheon
Appointment at
The Harrington
Special Luncheon, 75c
A la Carte If Preferred
Management FRANK MAYER

VISITORS' GUIDE & SHOPPERS' COLUMNS

Hotel Directory

Hotel Inn
Phone Main 8108-8109
604-610 9th St.
N. W.

\$7 rooms, \$6 weekly; \$10.50 rooms, \$8; \$11 with toilet, shower and lavatory, \$10; 2 in room, \$15 more. Rooms like Mother's, \$1.50 and \$2.

Enjoy the best without extravagance at
THE MARTINIQUE
A Residential Hotel of Refinement.
SIXTEENTH ST. AT M—Main 5184
Moderate Daily and Monthly Rates.
Furnished—New and Modern—Convenient
Location—Quiet Restful Environment—
Excellent Cuisine—Table d'Hôte Service.

MANCHESTER
1420 M st. n.w. One-room-and-bath apt.; elevator and phone service; home cooking. deliv-
er.

THE PARKSIDE HOTEL
1339 Eye st. n.w., facing Franklin square
Furnished suites by the day or week—
Monthly rate, \$20 and up.
Excellent cafe—A La Carte Breakfast—
Lunch, 60c; Dinner, \$1.
Personal management M. W. Beadon.

Gordon Hotel Apartment
16th and Eye Sts. N. W.
ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BATHS
NOW AVAILABLE.
DAILY OR WEEKLY RATES.
CAFE.
(Under Wardman Management)

Places of Interest

Unless otherwise noted all are open daily except Sundays and holidays.
WHITE HOUSE—East room and corridor open to public 10 A. M. to 2 P. M.
PHILLIPS MEMORIAL GALLERY.
1808 21st St. n.w. Open Tuesdays, Saturdays and Sundays, 2 to 6 p. m.
Paintings by Old and Modern Masters.
SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION—
The Mall at 10th St. n.w. 9 A. M. to 4:30 P. M. Sundays, 1:30 to 4:30 P. M.
Open Holidays.
M. VERNON—10 A. M. to 4 P. M.
No admission to grounds after 3:15.
Saturday hours same. Open holidays.
NATIONAL MUSEUM—New Building.
Natural History, 10th & 3rd Sts. n.w. Old Building, Arts & Industries.
The Mall at 9th St. n.w. Open 9 A. M. to 4:30 P. M. including Holidays. Sundays, 1:30 to 4:30 P. M.

Where to Dine

Special This Evening
A Chicken Dinner \$1.00
WYOMING CAFE
2023 COLUMBIA ROAD, NORTH 2041

Hotel Directory

RIGHT DOWN TOWN.
One of the coolest and most attractive hotels you ever saw. You are cordially invited to inspect the hotel.
NEW BLACKSTONE HOTEL.
1018 17th St. N. W.
Two-room suites, beautifully furnished, with complete hotel services. Both residential and transient. One block from Army and Navy Club and Mayflower Hotel. Enjoys refined and aristocratic patronage.

Sightseeing

BIGHT SEEING
THE
GRAY LINE
MOTOR TOURS
M. VERNON \$2
Visiting Home and Tomb of George Washington, also Christie Church and Per Person Masque Lodge Rooms Round Trip to Alexandria.
Lv. 1417 Pa. Ave. N.W. All Fees (Chas. Poll's Theater) PHONE 10 11 A.M.—1 2 P.M. N. 600

Phillips Memorial Gallery
1808 21st St. N.W.
Open Tuesdays, Saturdays & Sundays from 2 to 6 p. m. showing paintings of Old and Modern Masters

Where to Dine

THE
RENDEZVOUS
RESTAURANT—CAPETRIA
1100 Connecticut, Near Mayflower
Home-Cooked Food at Moderate Prices
Table d'Hôte or A la Carte
Special Chicken Dinner \$1.00
Open Daily Until 10 P. M.

Magazine Page of Fashions and Features

The Barbarian Lover By Margaret Pedler

The Story Thus Far: Patricia Lathrop, daughter of a British nobleman, is in India, where she is engaged to marry a prince. She is a beautiful girl, and her fiancé is a handsome prince. They are both very rich and powerful. Patricia is a very kind and gentle girl, and she is very much loved by her fiancé. She is also very much loved by her father and mother. She is a very good daughter and a very good friend. She is a very kind and gentle girl, and she is very much loved by her fiancé. She is also very much loved by her father and mother. She is a very good daughter and a very good friend.

CHAPTER XII.

Sidelights.

PATRICIA stood at the open window of her bedroom, looking at the final survey before descending to breakfast. Below her stretched a wide expanse of well-kept parkland, with a ribbon of road coming into view and disappearing again quietly as it wound its way between the grassy slopes to where, in the distance, a gray spiral of smoke drifted upward from the lodge which guarded the northern entrance to the park. Beyond, to the right and separated from the Strangways estate only by the width of the highway, lay the forest, a dark blot of trees still dim and somber with the morning mist which hung above them, extending almost as far as eye could reach, while on the left the silver thread of the River Strang skirted the park.

It was all very beautiful, with a beauty that was essentially English—a landscape of tender greens and browns and grays which merged imperceptibly into one another, of copses and meadows, dotted with homely cottages. To Patricia, her eyes accustomed to the brilliant, arid beauty of the East, with its riot of rich color and blazing clarity of light, the scene was infinitely restful, and she turned aside from it with a little sigh of regret as the deep-toned booming of a gong resounded through the corridors and passages, heralding the fact that breakfast was ready.

Fortunately for the preservation of the family digestion, Lord Marchdale invariably breakfasted alone upstairs. "I don't require society at breakfast," he was wont to remark testily, and he would sit alone at a table with a plate of poached kidneys and bacon. So that Patricia found only Lady Mary and Kit waiting to greet her when finally she made her way downstairs to the sunny morning room where breakfast was usually served.

"Did you sleep well?" demanded Kit, as he pulled a chair out for her. "Or were you troubled by one of the family ghosts?" Patricia smiled faintly. She rather thought she had been troubled by one of them—one that a little kindness and understanding and forgiveness might have laid to rest long ago.

"I didn't know Strangways was supposed to be a ghost," she replied lightly. "Is it?" "Oh, no more than any other place of the same age," returned Kit. "I believe there's supposed to be a chap who loafs round in chains in the Tower room, and clanks them at odd moments for the benefit of unsuspecting visitors, but as you sleep at the other end of the house, I don't imagine he'll trouble you much. What will you have by way of breakfast?"

"Decently grilled kidneys and bacon," said Patricia. "Or am I?" "The former, please," answered Patricia. "I'm so glad you've got a bona-fide ghost. It would hardly seem respectable not to have one at a place like Strangways."

"A sort of flying in the face of established custom?" suggested Kit, as he came round to her side with a plate of kidneys and bacon, griddled to Patricia's liking.

"Or it might be considered as setting up a dangerous precedent," she returned, smiling. "What would the strictly homes of England be without their ancestral ghosts, or the beds Queen Elizabeth slept in? You might as well live in the suburbs."

The two chatted away gaily throughout breakfast, while Lady Mary sat at the head of the table and beamed on them both. It was a new joy to her gentle heart to hear a couple of young people chit-chatting nonsense together. When the meal was over she disappeared to confab with Mrs. Merfield, the housekeeper, while Kit volunteered to show Patricia the castle. It was a wonderful place—the oldest part, which included the ghost-haunted tower, dating from Norman times. Since then, successive lords of Strangways had added to and pulled down, and rebuilt, according to the spirit moved them, so that on to the original grim Norman fortress, miraculously left intact, had been grafted a habitation of bygone periods, often bearing here and there a quaintly individual touch characteristic of one or other of its former warlike, or romantic, or scholarly owners.

"You must be very proud to feel that all this is yours—or will be, some day," said Patricia, thoughtfully.

They had wandered from room to room, Kit exhibiting the special treasures of each, and now they were passing through the hall on their way to the picture gallery which lay beyond in the northern wing of the castle. Suits of old armor glinted intermittently from odd corners as a shaft of sunlight flickered across steel plate or huckle, while above the faded, tattered folds of ancient banners, stained with the blood of long-dead Wensboroughts. The visible linking back to bygone times appealed to Patricia just as the ancient temple and observances of India, handed down from remote ages, had appealed. It suggested something carefully guarded and preserved, sanctified by usage and custom.

"I don't know," answered Kit, with all an Englishman's reticence, as they entered the discussion of anything that touched him very deeply or closely.

But for sheer, over-flowing pride in Strangways and everything belonging to it, there's your man!" And he nodded toward Jonathan Mathers, who was at that moment approaching with a large folio clutched tightly under his arm.

The librarian hesitated upon catching sight of them, as though uncertain whether to beat a retreat or not, and a pleased smile overspread his rather wistful old face as Patricia stopped and held out her hand.

"You are going up to the picture-gallery?" he inquired a trifle timidly.

She nodded.

"Yes, I'm looking forward to seeing the portraits," she replied eagerly. "There are some very good Old Masters amongst them, aren't there?"

Jonathan yielded a rather superficial assent.

"Yes, yes. There are some beautiful paintings there," he allowed, but there was a grudging note in his voice.

Kit burst out laughing.

"Only they're not to be compared with the treasures in the library, are they, Jonathan?" he said chaffingly. "That's what he means, you know," he added, turning to Patricia.

A sudden radiance illumined the old man's face. His eyes glowed with enthusiasm.

"Yes, that's what I mean, Mr. Christopher. Even his voice appeared to ring with an unconscious enthusiasm. "There are many pictures by Reynolds and Gainsborough. But"—he drew a little nearer and tapped Kit's arm with a delicate forefinger to emphasize his words—"there's only one complete manuscript in the world illuminated by the old monk, Fra Angelo. And that manuscript's in the Strangways library."

He had drawn himself erect while he was speaking, but as he finished his shoulders drooped and he slumped back nervously, as though rather overwhelmed by his own temerity.

"I beg your pardon," he murmured. "I beg your pardon. I get carried away."

Patricia smiled kindly at him.

"I don't wonder," she said, "if you have such treasures as that in the library. You must show them to me one day, Mr. Mathers. Will you?"

A dull red flushed the old librarian's thin cheeks.

"It would be a great pleasure," he said. "A great honor. Her ladyship comes sometimes—but not lately."

"I expect Aunt Mary knows them all inside out by this time," suggested Kit unfeelingly.

Old Jonathan nodded. The fire had died out of his eyes.

"Perhaps so," he assented rather wearily. "Perhaps that's it."

"But they'll be quite new to me," Patricia assured him warmly. "You'll have to explain to me all about them."

"I shall like to show them to you," he answered simply, and there was a flash of gratitude in his eyes as he continued on his way back to the library.

"His heart seems quite bound up in his books, doesn't it?" observed Patricia, smiling.

"It's bound up in Strangways altogether," answered Kit. "I think if he ever had to leave here, he'd die."

"But he never will!" she questioned quickly. "Godfather would never turn him away after all these years?"

"Oh, never. Of course not. Jonathan is an institution here—part and parcel of the place."

The picture-gallery was approached by a spiral staircase, its steep, high steps worn with years of usage. Narrow slits in the ancient walls admitted the only light, and Kit uttered a hasty warning.

"Wait a moment! I'll strike a match. These stairs are beastly dangerous and uneven."

By the flickering gleam of a succession of matches they climbed to the top without accident and thence emerged into the long gallery where hung the portraits of dead and gone Wensboroughts. Bearded gentlemen and ladies of Good Queen Bess's time, who looked as though they could hardly have turned their stiffly held necks without breaking them; gay cavaliers with laughter in their eyes and love-locks on their shoulders, who had yet bravely followed Charles the Martyr through good and evil repute and even to the steps of the scaffold itself; pompous-looking Georgians, Early Victorians—they were all there, even down to the portraits of the present

holder of the title, and his two sisters. Lady Mary looked very simple and sweet and lovable in hers, but Patricia's glance passed on rapidly to the neighboring portrait of Lynette, involuntarily searching the lovely painted face for any likeness to that son whom she had brought into the world and died without seeing.

It was rather a sad face, as though some premonition of the sorrow which was to end her life so tragically already shadowed the young eyes that looked out of it. There was no very definite point of resemblance between mother and son, Patricia decided. You could not pick out a single feature that was common to them both, and yet that Kerry had his mother's eyes or his mother's mouth, as the case might be. But none the less, there was an unmistakable likeness—it lay in the contour of cheek, the width of brow, perhaps—and Patricia turned sharply away from the picture, conscious of a sudden odd pang of remembrance.

Kit glanced at the portrait casually.

"That's Aunt Mary's sister," he vouchsafed. "She was the beauty of the family, and died quite early in life."

"Yes," said Patricia soberly. "I know. Lady Mary told me last night."

Something in her tone seemed to rivet Kit's attention. He regarded her curiously.

"Do you mean she told you about my cousin?" he asked doubtfully.

"About Kerry—yes."

He emitted a low whistle of surprise, glancing round instinctively as though to assure himself they were alone.

"That's rather odd. You know, my uncle won't allow his name to be mentioned."

"So she said. But you see, I happen to know him quite well. I met him in India. That started it."

"Great Jehoshaphat! Fancy your knowing the family black sheep!" Kit was silent for a moment in sheer astonishment. Then he added warningly: "You'd better keep your name and address without fail to the sheet of paper on which your recipe and nothing else appears."

Since today we have consumed most of our space with our contest I am going to give you a menu which provides for only two dishes that we have not already had, except the cod and parsnip fritters. Undoubtedly you remember in particular the chocolate cake—the recipe was published on January 26, and we have had it, I think, more nice let us have about it than any other one thing.

Persons who are engaged in sedentary occupations should live in the temperature of which ranges from 68 to 72 and the humidity of which ranges from 30 to 70. The range he recommends is from 68 on the dry bulb thermometer and 62 on the wet bulb as low, to 72 on the dry bulb and 64 on the wet bulb as the top. In such an atmosphere the air currents should never exceed 100 feet a minute. The supposition is that the occupants of the room will be suitably dressed.

The conditions under which men work in the hot industries are different. It has been found that a man can do five times as much work in air that has a temperature of 90 and a humidity of 30 as he can when the air is 88 and it is saturated with moisture. Men suitably dressed for working in a hot place work at greatest efficiency when the temperature of the air is held at 80. They lose their heat equilibrium and develop a heat fever when the thermometer passes 85, provided the humidity is high.

Most men think they keep cooler if they drink excessive quantities of water. Yaglon did not find that to be so. In fact, the water which runs off the body as sweat cools almost none at all. The water, as sweat, which evaporates, does cool the body.

Yaglon's method of cooling the steel mill workers was to take in outside air by means of fans to cool it by humidifying it and then to pump it over the men. He recommends that they work in drafts of such air, which drafts are traveling at a velocity of 200 feet per minute.

The men who work in deep, hot mines are kept cool by means of the same procedure. The air is drawn in by fans, humidified, and pumped over the men. It is driven at a velocity of 500 feet per minute.

When You Feel a Cold Coming On Take Laxative BROMO QUININE Tablets to work off the cause and to fortify the system against an attack of Grip or Influenza. A Safe and Proven Remedy. The box bears signature of E. W. Grove. 30c.—Adv.

Our youth is pleasure mad; and made some progress, it appears. Despite the lanky gloom. Today our youth is pleasure mad, in fear our parents are howl at a stock of Grip or Influenza. A Safe and Proven Remedy. The box bears signature of E. W. Grove. 30c.—Adv.

But still you've lived two hundred years.

Past your predicted doom, and made some progress, it appears. Despite the lanky gloom. Today our youth is pleasure mad, in fear our parents are howl at a stock of Grip or Influenza. A Safe and Proven Remedy. The box bears signature of E. W. Grove. 30c.—Adv.

Two hundred years from now."

(Copyright, 1926, by Edgar A. Guest.)

MODISH MITZI

One of the chief things Mitzi is working newly discovered will power on is the buying of new clothes. Still, she can look at them and since she has a card for the opening of a new and extremely smart shop she thinks it will certainly burn no one if she stops in for a minute.

Mitzi and the model (in the first sketch) show you two of the cape-costumes of the season. This young woman is exhibiting quite successfully the spring suit made to look like a man's dinner jacket. It is of navy blue serge, and is worn with a frilled white silk blouse.

Mitzi admires the brocade evening gown, with the low back and high front neckline, and is converted to the cause of the one-piece frock trimmed with scallops of braid. Besides, she is still thinking of that suit. "Why, Mitzi," exclaims Polly, arriving from nowhere, "you're not buying clothes!"

"Of course not," says Mitzi; "can't I look at them without buying any?" The answer to that is usually no, but Polly doesn't make it—she only guides Mitzi out of the alluring place and suggests that it's time for them to study the fifth, or is it fifteenth, lesson on Will Power.

(All rights protected by The George Matilew Adams Service—Trade Mark Registered U. S. Patent Office)

Fashion Hint



CHILDREN'S VOUE 2539

This model is unusually attractive for girls from 4 to 12, for it is smart for the formal, as well as the informal occasion. It has raglan sleeves, turned-back cuffs, and a scarf collar that ties in front. Inverted pleats at the side front add not only width, but a "dressed-up" effect.

(Copyright, 1926, by Children's Vogue.)

HOW TO KEEP WELL

By DR. W. A. EVANS

HEAT, HUMIDITY AND EFFICIENCY.

C. P. YAGLON has been devoting his energy to research work to determine what makes people uncomfortable and inefficient in badly ventilated places. He offers a simple and inexpensive way of increasing the efficiency of men who work in steel mills, around furnaces, in mines, and in other very hot places. It is to drive currents of humidified air over them.

It has been established that the important attributes of air are temperature, humidity, and air movement. Cleanliness is of some importance, and so is bacterial content. But ordinary variation in chemistry, such as deficiency of oxygen, excessive amounts of carbonic acid, and crowd poisons are of no consequence.

Persons who are engaged in sedentary occupations should live in the temperature of which ranges from 68 to 72 and the humidity of which ranges from 30 to 70. The range he recommends is from 68 on the dry bulb thermometer and 62 on the wet bulb as low, to 72 on the dry bulb and 64 on the wet bulb as the top. In such an atmosphere the air currents should never exceed 100 feet a minute. The supposition is that the occupants of the room will be suitably dressed.

The conditions under which men work in the hot industries are different. It has been found that a man can do five times as much work in air that has a temperature of 90 and a humidity of 30 as he can when the air is 88 and it is saturated with moisture. Men suitably dressed for working in a hot place work at greatest efficiency when the temperature of the air is held at 80. They lose their heat equilibrium and develop a heat fever when the thermometer passes 85, provided the humidity is high.

Most men think they keep cooler if they drink excessive quantities of water. Yaglon did not find that to be so. In fact, the water which runs off the body as sweat cools almost none at all. The water, as sweat, which evaporates, does cool the body.

Yaglon's method of cooling the steel mill workers was to take in outside air by means of fans to cool it by humidifying it and then to pump it over the men. He recommends that they work in drafts of such air, which drafts are traveling at a velocity of 200 feet per minute.

The men who work in deep, hot mines are kept cool by means of the same procedure. The air is drawn in by fans, humidified, and pumped over the men. It is driven at a velocity of 500 feet per minute.

When You Feel a Cold Coming On Take Laxative BROMO QUININE Tablets to work off the cause and to fortify the system against an attack of Grip or Influenza. A Safe and Proven Remedy. The box bears signature of E. W. Grove. 30c.—Adv.

Our youth is pleasure mad; and made some progress, it appears. Despite the lanky gloom. Today our youth is pleasure mad, in fear our parents are howl at a stock of Grip or Influenza. A Safe and Proven Remedy. The box bears signature of E. W. Grove. 30c.—Adv.

But still you've lived two hundred years.

Past your predicted doom, and made some progress, it appears. Despite the lanky gloom. Today our youth is pleasure mad, in fear our parents are howl at a stock of Grip or Influenza. A Safe and Proven Remedy. The box bears signature of E. W. Grove. 30c.—Adv.

Two hundred years from now."

(Copyright, 1926, by Edgar A. Guest.)

MODISH MITZI

One of the chief things Mitzi is working newly discovered will power on is the buying of new clothes. Still, she can look at them and since she has a card for the opening of a new and extremely smart shop she thinks it will certainly burn no one if she stops in for a minute.

Mitzi and the model (in the first sketch) show you two of the cape-costumes of the season. This young woman is exhibiting quite successfully the spring suit made to look like a man's dinner jacket. It is of navy blue serge, and is worn with a frilled white silk blouse.

Mitzi admires the brocade evening gown, with the low back and high front neckline, and is converted to the cause of the one-piece frock trimmed with scallops of braid. Besides, she is still thinking of that suit. "Why, Mitzi," exclaims Polly, arriving from nowhere, "you're not buying clothes!"

"Of course not," says Mitzi; "can't I look at them without buying any?" The answer to that is usually no, but Polly doesn't make it—she only guides Mitzi out of the alluring place and suggests that it's time for them to study the fifth, or is it fifteenth, lesson on Will Power.

(All rights protected by The George Matilew Adams Service—Trade Mark Registered U. S. Patent Office)

THE HOUSEKEEPER

By NANCY CAREY.

FOR today—a surprise! We are to have a contest of recipes—favorite recipes, unusual recipes, delicious recipes—in fact any recipe that is a good recipe and that you consider sufficiently worth while to be printed with your name and address in "The Housekeeper."

The contest is to begin at once, and the prize winners will be announced in the column on Saturday morning, March 20.

There are to be two prizes—one for the best and one for the second best recipe. The first prize is \$4.00, and the second prize \$2.00, and should our contest prove as great a pleasure and help to us all as we anticipate, we will follow it immediately with a second contest.

There are very few rules governing it. The recipes must be clearly written on a sheet of paper on which appears in addition only the name and address of the contributor. Any additional communication must be on an entirely separate sheet of paper, and only one recipe may be submitted per person. All contributions must reach The Editor on or before midnight of Wednesday, March 17, and to facilitate sorting and investigating the many recipes that will come to us may I ask that you do not wait until the last moment, but send in your offering as soon as it is practicable for you to do so.

Remember that the final selection is made by actually testing the likely recipes so be very accurate with your measurements.

Because of our limited space we shall not again publish in detail the conditions of the contest. If, however, everything is not quite clear we shall be glad to have you write in for further information. Remember to write clearly, omitting any unnecessary details, and to affix your name and address without fail to the sheet of paper on which your recipe and nothing else appears.

Since today we have consumed most of our space with our contest I am going to give you a menu which provides for only two dishes that we have not already had, except the cod and parsnip fritters. Undoubtedly you remember in particular the chocolate cake—the recipe was published on January 26, and we have had it, I think, more nice let us have about it than any other one thing.

Persons who are engaged in sedentary occupations should live in the temperature of which ranges from 68 to 72 and the humidity of which ranges from 30 to 70. The range he recommends is from 68 on the dry bulb thermometer and 62 on the wet bulb as low, to 72 on the dry bulb and 64 on the wet bulb as the top. In such an atmosphere the air currents should never exceed 100 feet a minute. The supposition is that the occupants of the room will be suitably dressed.

The conditions under which men work in the hot industries are different. It has been found that a man can do five times as much work in air that has a temperature of 90 and a humidity of 30 as he can when the air is 88 and it is saturated with moisture. Men suitably dressed for working in a hot place work at greatest efficiency when the temperature of the air is held at 80. They lose their heat equilibrium and develop a heat fever when the thermometer passes 85, provided the humidity is high.

Most men think they keep cooler if they drink excessive quantities of water. Yaglon did not find that to be so. In fact, the water which runs off the body as sweat cools almost none at all. The water, as sweat, which evaporates, does cool the body.

Yaglon's method of cooling the steel mill workers was to take in outside air by means of fans to cool it by humidifying it and then to pump it over the men. He recommends that they work in drafts of such air, which drafts are traveling at a velocity of 200 feet per minute.

The men who work in deep, hot mines are kept cool by means of the same procedure. The air is drawn in by fans, humidified, and pumped over the men. It is driven at a velocity of 500 feet per minute.

When You Feel a Cold Coming On Take Laxative BROMO QUININE Tablets to work off the cause and to fortify the system against an attack of Grip or Influenza. A Safe and Proven Remedy. The box bears signature of E. W. Grove. 30c.—Adv.

Our youth is pleasure mad; and made some progress, it appears. Despite the lanky gloom. Today our youth is pleasure mad, in fear our parents are howl at a stock of Grip or Influenza. A Safe and Proven Remedy. The box bears signature of E. W. Grove. 30c.—Adv.

But still you've lived two hundred years.

Past your predicted doom, and made some progress, it appears. Despite the lanky gloom. Today our youth is pleasure mad, in fear our parents are howl at a stock of Grip or Influenza. A Safe and Proven Remedy. The box bears signature of E. W. Grove. 30c.—Adv.

Two hundred years from now."

(Copyright, 1926, by Edgar A. Guest.)

MODISH MITZI

One of the chief things Mitzi is working newly discovered will power on is the buying of new clothes. Still, she can look at them and since she has a card for the opening of a new and extremely smart shop she thinks it will certainly burn no one if she stops in for a minute.

Mitzi and the model (in the first sketch) show you two of the cape-costumes of the season. This young woman is exhibiting quite successfully the spring suit made to look like a man's dinner jacket. It is of navy blue serge, and is worn with a frilled white silk blouse.

Mitzi admires the brocade evening gown, with the low back and high front neckline, and is converted to the cause of the one-piece frock trimmed with scallops of braid. Besides, she is still thinking of that suit. "Why, Mitzi," exclaims Polly, arriving from nowhere, "you're not buying clothes!"

"Of course not," says Mitzi; "can't I look at them without buying any?" The answer to that is usually no, but Polly doesn't make it—she only guides Mitzi out of the alluring place and suggests that it's time for them to study the fifth, or is it fifteenth, lesson on Will Power.

(All rights protected by The George Matilew Adams Service—Trade Mark Registered U. S. Patent Office)

MENU
Consumme Celery
Crackers Scalloped Cod
Parsnip Fritters Mashed Potatoes
Dressed Lettuce
Whipped Applesauce
Dark Chocolate Cake
Coffee

Scalloped Cod.
Line a buttered baking dish with cod which has been previously cooked, allowed to cool and flaked. (To line a dish is to put a thin layer over the bottom of the dish and bank it up as well as you can around the sides of the dish, leaving a decided cavity in the center.) Place in the center slices or quarters of hard-boiled egg to the amount of at least a half cupful, several slices (very thin) of green pepper, one fresh tomato peeled and cut in small pieces, a few grains of red pepper, salt to taste, a half teaspoonful of onion juice mixed with the juice of half a lemon and poured over the contents of the baking dish, and cover the whole with more flaked cod. Then sprinkle cracker crumbs over the top of the cod and fill the baking dish with milk until it may be seen through the flakes of fish and cracker crumbs. If you like things that are scalloped to be rather dry sprinkle about two teaspoonfuls of flour over the contents of the bowl before adding the last layer of fish. Unless you do this your finished product, after baking half an hour in a moderate oven, will be still almost floating in the milk, which is the way the person who told me of this dish likes it. The dish is supposed to have come, originally, from Norway.

Parsnip Fritters.
Somehow all fritters sound difficult—and these are so easy. Wash, peel and cook your parsnips in boiling salted water 45 minutes and then drain them well and mash them. Add salt, pepper and butter until they are seasoned to the taste and shape in small flat round cakes. Roll the cakes in flour and saute them in butter.

If at any time any one wishes to have a particular recipe they have only to write to Miss Carey, care of The Post, and the recipe will be printed as soon as possible. We are having a great many delightful letters from our readers, and we enjoy being of any assistance that we may.

NANCY CAREY.

WIVES OF TOMORROW

By FRANCES McDONALD

Insanity and Adolescence.

DEAR Miss McDonald: Please tell me which one of us is wrong. Now my problem is, my son, 16, is awfully cranky. We have not had any real war in the camp since he was born. No matter what you say or do he is just unbearable. He works every day in an office and goes to night school four nights a week, but even when he wasn't working he was cranky just the same. For instance, if I have company he goes in another room and never speaks. If I have anybody for a meal he is like a beast. It bothers me so, for I never know what he is going to do next. He is good looking, but there is nobody can say a word to him. He throws anything he has in his hand at me when he is mad. Many times he has punched me till I was black and blue. His father tries to talk to him but he is afraid of him. I am awfully discouraged. He wasn't always like this but he was always a little queer. If we are nice to him he calls us down for everything. If we try to be strict it is just frightful. He recently was put out of high school on account of his disposition. Do you think that ancestry has anything to do with it? Tell me, is there any way to make him stop abusing me and throwing things at me? He is very insulting in his manner of talking. His father has a pretty fair disposition and I have too—till morning till night. I have serene except when the boy is around—even when I am tired. But when he is tired everything is knocked to pieces. I just hate to live this way. He goes to parties twice in a while, also to dances and movies and shows, yet he certainly is terrible.

MOTHER.

When a 16-year-old girl was recently tried for the cold-blooded murder of her mother, testimony was offered to show that the girl had been abnormal for several years. And, as this testimony unfolded, the one question in the

minds of those in the courtroom was how any parent could calmly observe the convulsion of mental disorder in a child, and fail to seek medical advice. So strong was the belief that no parent could be so negligent, most of the testimony was regarded as just so much perjury offered in an effort to save a girl from the death penalty.

Yet here, to this column comes a mother who tells of a boy of 16 who has beaten her—who hurls things at her; who in every way gives evidence of a condition that warrants his being sent to a hospital for observation to determine his sanity. No boy of 16 beats his mother if he is normal.

And if a boy of 16 is not normal, it is the duty of those who brought him into the world, to seek medical aid for him—at once.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK EARNINGS ARE DOUBLED

Combined Net for 1925 Shows Increase of \$5,730,886 Over 1924.

DIVIDENDS OF \$6,915,958

By F. W. PATTERSON.
Combined net earnings of the twelve Federal Reserve banks in 1925 were \$9,449,066, an increase for the year of \$5,730,886. This increase was due to various measures to an increase of \$3,450,257 in gross earnings and in part to a reduction of \$902,963 in current expenses and of \$1,367,666 in net charges for depreciation reserves for probable losses, and the like, according to report of the Federal Reserve board.

Gross earnings were sufficient to meet expenses and other charges, and leave balances for net earnings for distribution, in all except the St. Louis bank, where a deficit of \$93,540 was met out of surplus. Dividends amounting to \$6,915,958 were paid by the twelve banks. Gross earnings for the year amounted to \$11,800,706, as against \$8,349,449 in 1924. This increase reflected a growth in the banks' holdings of bills and securities, which, as indicated by daily averages for the year, were larger in 1925 than in 1924 for all banks except Dallas, Tex. As a result of the increased volume of bills and securities, gross earnings showed increases for the year in all except Richmond, Minneapolis and Dallas districts.

Maj. Gen. Coe Takes Charge.

Maj. Gen. Frank W. Coe, new manager for the local offices of Brooke, Stokes & Co. Investment bankers, has returned to the city following an extended leave, and yesterday took over the direction of the local office.

Gen. Coe is not only known throughout the army, but has a wide acquaintance here through numerous details to army duty in the District, and at the time of his retirement, which took place recently, he was chief of coast artillery of the army, with station here. He is a West Point graduate and holds the distinguished service medal for exceptional service in the world war.

Washington Stocks Firm.

Stocks on the Washington Stock Exchange expressed a good tone yesterday, but in none of the issues did the gains attain more than nominal proportions.

The principal beneficiaries were Capital Traction, Washington Gas Light and Columbia Title Insurance Co. Shares of the two last named moved up a full point, leading the list in the matter of betterment, and Capital Traction improved 1/2 a point to 113 1/2.

Potomac Electric Power preferred was easier at 107, but picked up the loss on closing sales with price recorded at 107 1/2. United Trust Co. was strong and unchanged at 235. Mergenthaler Linotype was firm with ten shares changing hands at 208. Merchants Transfer & Storage preferred opened at 100 1/2, but parted with 1/2 a point on further sales of 50 shares to close at par.

In the bond division, City and Suburban 5s advanced to 86 1/2. Washington Railway & Electric continued at 81 1/2. Potomac Electric Power general 7s were easier at 106 1/2, and Capital Traction 5s sold at par.

Women to Give Card Party.

The women's committee, Washington chapter, American Institute of Banking, is making plans for a bridge and 500 party in the chapter rooms, March 17. Due tribute will be paid to St. Patrick's day in the scheme of decorations.

Members of the committee having the arrangements in charge are: Miss Catherine M. Krieger, National Bank, chairman; Miss Rose Royce, Washington Loan & Trust Co., vice chairman; Miss Winifred Burwell, National Metropolitan, treasurer; Miss Loretta Ennis, Second National; Miss Frances Orison, Federal-American National; Miss Anna Varmon, District National; Mrs. Marjorie Plumpton, American Security & Trust Co.; Miss Eleanor McGowan, Security Savings & Commercial; Miss Thea Roberts, Commercial National; Miss Harriet Barret, Riggs National; and Miss Mary Jane Winfree, Continental Trust Co.

New Building Almost Ready.

Finishing touches are now being put on the new building of the Federal-American National Bank, and with the work nearly completed announcement of the date of opening is expected within a few days. Under the program outlined by John Poole, president, at least a week will be given over to stockholders, depositors, and the general public in order that they may inspect the building and become familiar with the banking equipment, much of which is installed for the first time in the District, before the bank will physically move to its new home.

Heads His Own Company.

Clarence L. O'Donnell, manager of the mortgage department of Cafritz Co., has resigned to take charge of his own company, which will be known as C. L. O'Donnell's Mortgage Co., doing a business in first and second mortgage investments. The new company will occupy offices in the Denrike building, 1010 Vermont avenue northwest, and will begin operations April 1.

Mr. O'Donnell is well known in the real estate and mortgage investment field. Coming here from Oklahoma in 1921, he became associated with John H. Wright, later going to Harry L. Chew as a real

Advent of Buying Power Upsets Plans of Bears

By S. S. FONTAINE.

New York, March 10.—Buying power came into the market just after the noon hour today and completely upset the plans of the bears, who had been laying low the last couple of days waiting for the market to work itself into a vulnerable position. The news that American Locomotive and Railway Steel Spring were getting ready to merge convinced Wall street that all of the big deals which have been pending for several months have not yet been completed, and that there still remains plenty of ammunition to be utilized in a brisk spring advance. In fact, the dividends declared by the Pere Marquette directors were accepted as meaning that a new plan for a Nickel Plate merger, carrying guarantees to the holders of the unit stocks, is going to be worked out. There was heavy absorption of the oils and there is a persistent story of two big combinations forming, one of the South American, under the benevolent auspices of Standard Oil of Indiana, and the other of prosperous domestic companies. Behind both is said to stand a great Broad street banking group.

Statements in the oil trade that the decrease in Pennsylvania production would not be accepted as a danger signal, but is merely an index of a local condition, seems to be borne out by the increase announced today in California crude and gasoline, and by the weekly bulletin of the American Petroleum Institute, which estimates that daily average gross crude oil production in the United States for the week ended March 6 was 1,920,300 barrels, as compared with 1,927,050 barrels for the preceding week, a decrease of 6,750 barrels. The average production east of California was 1,321,300 barrels, as compared with 1,324,050 barrels, a decrease of 2,750 barrels.

But the sponsors for the stability of the trade would welcome any temporary development that would control over-industry, which is the bane of the industry. This tendency has become slightly apparent in the middle West, for the estimated daily average gross production of the mid-continent field, including Oklahoma, Kansas, north, east, central, west central and southwest Texas, north Louisiana and Arkansas, for the week ended March 6 was 1,028,500 barrels, as compared with 1,025,400 barrels for the preceding week, an increase of 3,100 barrels. Mid-continent production, excluding Smackover, Ark., heavy oil, was 895,250 barrels, as compared with 888,350 barrels, an increase of 6,900 barrels.

Further proof that the steel trade is in a healthy condition still prevails in the industry despite Wall street's pessimism is furnished by the advance proofs of the Iron Age market summary, to be published tomorrow. This authority says:

"Output by steel consuming industries shows no decline and leading steel companies are operating at the high rate of recent weeks. However, new business coming to the rolling mills is not sufficient to replace current shipments. The Chicago district is alone in showing an increase in tonnage on the books. The Steel Corporation, which for several weeks has averaged above 90 per cent in ingot production, should be shipping about 10,000 tons today more of finished steel than it has booked. In the past week, it has operated at nearly 95 per cent of capacity. Independent companies appear to be averaging close to 85 per cent."

"With no signs thus far of the overproduction that marked the first quarter of 1925, the country's ingot output in January and February was 7,948,000 tons, or only 6,000 tons less than in the first two months of 1925. Today railroad, building, automobile, and oil and gas pipe consumption is on a scale indicating good mill schedules for the heavier products in the next 60 days."

"Of much moment to sheet producers is the fact that the auto-

mobile industry is now ordering body sheets more freely than in any preceding week of the year.

"The effort of producers to get higher prices on plates, shapes and bars for second quarter shipment continues to work against the building of backlogs. Some mills are naming 2 cents, Pittsburgh, on bars and 1.85 cents on shapes only scales for prompt or March delivery."

Earnings of the Federal Mining & Smelting Co. for 1925 show a net income of \$2,730,249, compared with \$903,676 in 1924. After deducting miscellaneous charges, which include taxes and depreciation, earnings were equal, after 7 per cent preferred dividend requirements, to \$37.52 a share on 50,400 common shares, against \$903,676, or \$1.07 a share, on 60,000 shares in 1924. The value of product produced showed a gain to \$12,546,161, against \$9,468,309 in the previous year. Costs, etc., \$8,505,650, against \$6,882,063 in the preceding year. Surplus recorded a big jump to \$1,891,215, compared with \$44,642 in 1924. Total assets reflected a slight falling off to \$17,959,391, against \$18,457,771 in the preceding year. Cash on hand advanced to \$161,560, compared with \$128,582 in the previous year. The company's earnings, according to President P. H. Brownell, were the largest in the company's history, and were due principally to the increased average price of metal, increased metallurgical recoveries per ton of ore, and increased output of ore mined and favorable operating conditions throughout the year.

(Copyright, 1926.)

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Chicago, March 10 (United States Department of Agriculture).—Cattle: The steer trade steady at 15c higher; mostly steady to strong; bulk, 9.00@10.25; extreme, 10 to 10.75; paid for weighty steers, best, long yearlings, 10.75; bulk, 9.00@10.25; butchers, 11.50@12.25; mostly desirable, 12.50@14.25; top, 14 to 16.00; 14.50; sorted, killing pigs, 14.00@14.50; shipper's took 4.50; estimated hog, 7.00.

SHEEP: Receipts, 15,000; slow; even, 10 to 35c higher; lighter weights scoring full average; heavy butchers, 14.00@14.25; bulk, 13.00@13.50; forward up to 12.50; 14.00; clipped yearling wethers, 9.25@10.25; fat lambs, 11.50@12.00; choice aged wethers, 10.00; fat ewes, upward to 9.00; shearling lambs, 13.00@13.75 mostly.

CATTLE: Receipts, 530; steady; steers, 7.00@10.75; State bulls, 4.00@6.75; calves, 1.90@2.00; steady; veals, common to prime, 7.00@12.00; culled and little calves, 4.00@6.00; grassers and fed calves, 4.50@7.00.

HOGS: Receipts, 5,490; steady; light to medium weights, 13.75@14.25; pigs, 14.00@14.50; heavy hogs, 13.00@13.25; toughs, 10.75@11.00.

REAL ESTATE NOTES

First and Second Trusts

Purchased on

Improved Real Estate

In District of Columbia

Nearby Maryland and Virginia

The Steel Corporation, which for several weeks has averaged above 90 per cent in ingot production, should be shipping about 10,000 tons today more of finished steel than it has booked. In the past week, it has operated at nearly 95 per cent of capacity. Independent companies appear to be averaging close to 85 per cent.

"With no signs thus far of the overproduction that marked the first quarter of 1925, the country's ingot output in January and February was 7,948,000 tons, or only 6,000 tons less than in the first two months of 1925. Today railroad, building, automobile, and oil and gas pipe consumption is on a scale indicating good mill schedules for the heavier products in the next 60 days."

"Of much moment to sheet producers is the fact that the auto-

mobile industry is now ordering body sheets more freely than in any preceding week of the year.

"The effort of producers to get higher prices on plates, shapes and bars for second quarter shipment continues to work against the building of backlogs. Some mills are naming 2 cents, Pittsburgh, on bars and 1.85 cents on shapes only scales for prompt or March delivery."

Earnings of the Federal Mining & Smelting Co. for 1925 show a net income of \$2,730,249, compared with \$903,676 in 1924. After deducting miscellaneous charges, which include taxes and depreciation, earnings were equal, after 7 per cent preferred dividend requirements, to \$37.52 a share on 50,400 common shares, against \$903,676, or \$1.07 a share, on 60,000 shares in 1924. The value of product produced showed a gain to \$12,546,161, against \$9,468,309 in the previous year. Costs, etc., \$8,505,650, against \$6,882,063 in the preceding year. Surplus recorded a big jump to \$1,891,215, compared with \$44,642 in 1924. Total assets reflected a slight falling off to \$17,959,391, against \$18,457,771 in the preceding year. Cash on hand advanced to \$161,560, compared with \$128,582 in the previous year. The company's earnings, according to President P. H. Brownell, were the largest in the company's history, and were due principally to the increased average price of metal, increased metallurgical recoveries per ton of ore, and increased output of ore mined and favorable operating conditions throughout the year.

(Copyright, 1926.)

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Chicago, March 10 (United States Department of Agriculture).—Cattle: The steer trade steady at 15c higher; mostly steady to strong; bulk, 9.00@10.25; extreme, 10 to 10.75; paid for weighty steers, best, long yearlings, 10.75; bulk, 9.00@10.25; butchers, 11.50@12.25; mostly desirable, 12.50@14.25; top, 14 to 16.00; 14.50; sorted, killing pigs, 14.00@14.50; shipper's took 4.50; estimated hog, 7.00.

SHEEP: Receipts, 15,000; slow; even, 10 to 35c higher; lighter weights scoring full average; heavy butchers, 14.00@14.25; bulk, 13.00@13.50; forward up to 12.50; 14.00; clipped yearling wethers, 9.25@10.25; fat lambs, 11.50@12.00; choice aged wethers, 10.00; fat ewes, upward to 9.00; shearling lambs, 13.00@13.75 mostly.

CATTLE: Receipts, 530; steady; steers, 7.00@10.75; State bulls, 4.00@6.75; calves, 1.90@2.00; steady; veals, common to prime, 7.00@12.00; culled and little calves, 4.00@6.00; grassers and fed calves, 4.50@7.00.

HOGS: Receipts, 5,490; steady; light to medium weights, 13.75@14.25; pigs, 14.00@14.50; heavy hogs, 13.00@13.25; toughs, 10.75@11.00.

REAL ESTATE NOTES

First and Second Trusts

Purchased on

Improved Real Estate

In District of Columbia

Nearby Maryland and Virginia

The Steel Corporation, which for several weeks has averaged above 90 per cent in ingot production, should be shipping about 10,000 tons today more of finished steel than it has booked. In the past week, it has operated at nearly 95 per cent of capacity. Independent companies appear to be averaging close to 85 per cent.

"With no signs thus far of the overproduction that marked the first quarter of 1925, the country's ingot output in January and February was 7,948,000 tons, or only 6,000 tons less than in the first two months of 1925. Today railroad, building, automobile, and oil and gas pipe consumption is on a scale indicating good mill schedules for the heavier products in the next 60 days."

"Of much moment to sheet producers is the fact that the auto-

mobile industry is now ordering body sheets more freely than in any preceding week of the year.

"The effort of producers to get higher prices on plates, shapes and bars for second quarter shipment continues to work against the building of backlogs. Some mills are naming 2 cents, Pittsburgh, on bars and 1.85 cents on shapes only scales for prompt or March delivery."

Earnings of the Federal Mining & Smelting Co. for 1925 show a net income of \$2,730,249, compared with \$903,676 in 1924. After deducting miscellaneous charges, which include taxes and depreciation, earnings were equal, after 7 per cent preferred dividend requirements, to \$37.52 a share on 50,400 common shares, against \$903,676, or \$1.07 a share, on 60,000 shares in 1924. The value of product produced showed a gain to \$12,546,161, against \$9,468,309 in the previous year. Costs, etc., \$8,505,650, against \$6,882,063 in the preceding year. Surplus recorded a big jump to \$1,891,215, compared with \$44,642 in 1924. Total assets reflected a slight falling off to \$17,959,391, against \$18,457,771 in the preceding year. Cash on hand advanced to \$161,560, compared with \$128,582 in the previous year. The company's earnings, according to President P. H. Brownell, were the largest in the company's history, and were due principally to the increased average price of metal, increased metallurgical recoveries per ton of ore, and increased output of ore mined and favorable operating conditions throughout the year.

(Copyright, 1926.)

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Chicago, March 10 (United States Department of Agriculture).—Cattle: The steer trade steady at 15c higher; mostly steady to strong; bulk, 9.00@10.25; extreme, 10 to 10.75; paid for weighty steers, best, long yearlings, 10.75; bulk, 9.00@10.25; butchers, 11.50@12.25; mostly desirable, 12.50@14.25; top, 14 to 16.00; 14.50; sorted, killing pigs, 14.00@14.50; shipper's took 4.50; estimated hog, 7.00.

SHEEP: Receipts, 15,000; slow; even, 10 to 35c higher; lighter weights scoring full average; heavy butchers, 14.00@14.25; bulk, 13.00@13.50; forward up to 12.50; 14.00; clipped yearling wethers, 9.25@10.25; fat lambs, 11.50@12.00; choice aged wethers, 10.00; fat ewes, upward to 9.00; shearling lambs, 13.00@13.75 mostly.

CATTLE: Receipts, 530; steady; steers, 7.00@10.75; State bulls, 4.00@6.75; calves, 1.90@2.00; steady; veals, common to prime, 7.00@12.00; culled and little calves, 4.00@6.00; grassers and fed calves, 4.50@7.00.

HOGS: Receipts, 5,490; steady; light to medium weights, 13.75@14.25; pigs, 14.00@14.50; heavy hogs, 13.00@13.25; toughs, 10.75@11.00.

REAL ESTATE NOTES

First and Second Trusts

Purchased on

Improved Real Estate

In District of Columbia

Nearby Maryland and Virginia

The Steel Corporation, which for several weeks has averaged above 90 per cent in ingot production, should be shipping about 10,000 tons today more of finished steel than it has booked. In the past week, it has operated at nearly 95 per cent of capacity. Independent companies appear to be averaging close to 85 per cent.

"With no signs thus far of the overproduction that marked the first quarter of 1925, the country's ingot output in January and February was 7,948,000 tons, or only 6,000 tons less than in the first two months of 1925. Today railroad, building, automobile, and oil and gas pipe consumption is on a scale indicating good mill schedules for the heavier products in the next 60 days."

"Of much moment to sheet producers is the fact that the auto-

CURB MARKET REVIEW.

New York, March 10 (By the Associated Press).—The upward movement of prices was resumed in today's curb market, with all groups participating in the advance. The recovery was aided by reports that all known weak speculative holdings had been cleared out and that the technical position of the market had been materially strengthened as a result.

Public utilities spurred upward under the leadership of United Light & Power 2 1/2 points, and then eased to 100 1/2, for a net gain of 2 1/2 points in the day, while several others, including North American Power Light, Commonwealth Electric Bond & Share, Electric Investors and Southeastern Power & Light advanced a point or two.

Oils received fresh buying support on predictions of higher crude prices, the first of which came true after the market closed when the Standard Oil of New York announced higher prices for both crude and gasoline. Humble jumped 3 points, to 88 1/2; Lago on a heavy turnover and Standard Oil of New York closed a point higher, at 84, on unconfirmed rumors of merger negotiations with General Petroleum. Mexican Petroleum strengthened on the announcement of the action of new acreage.

Glen Alden was one of the strong spots of the industrial group, climbing the government report on farm reserve holdings. The immediate outstanding feature was that the official California history, and recent private estimates. However, as soon as prices had undergone a tumble, brisk purchasing began, associated largely with options that farm supplies calculated on a per capita basis are the lowest on record and that with monthly milling consumption and seed requirements, the United States is likely to exhaust its supplies before the harvest of the new 1926 crop.

Beneficial rains in Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas, Missouri and Nebraska failed to check the late upward movement of wheat values. On the contrary, much more attention was given to news that export sales today from North America would total 800,000 bushels, including 500,000 bushels of Canadian wheat to Japan. Notice was also taken that the world's available supply had decreased 2,124,000 bushels for the week, and is 210,219,000 bushels, against 251,745,000 bushels a year ago. Besides, primary domestic receipts were only half of last year's total and shipments much larger.

Action of corn and oats prices paralleled the changes in the wheat market. Oats established a new low price record for the season. Continued sharp interest by corn traders was shown in prospective grain legislation at Washington.

Provisions were easy, influenced a good deal by lack of trade.

Cash grain: WHEAT—No. 2, red, 1.69; No. 2, hard, 1.64 1/2. OATS—No. 2, mixed, 76; No. 3, yellow, 74 1/2. RYE—No. 2, white, 40 1/2; No. 3, white, 39 1/2 @ 40 1/4. RYB—None.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS FUTURES:

Wheat—Open. High. Close. May (new) 1.60 1.55 1.59 1/2. May (old) 1.54 1.54 1.54 1/2. July 1.39 1.36 1.39 1/2. September 1.33 1.31 1.33 1/2.

Corn—Open. High. Close. May 78 76 78 1/2. July 82 81 82 1/2. September 82 81 82 1/2.

Oats—Open. High. Close. May 39 39 39 1/2. July 40 40 40 1/2. September 41 41 41 1/2.

Provisions—Open. High. Close. May 89 88 89 1/2. July 89 88 89 1/2. September 89 88 89 1/2.

Chicago, March 10 (By A. P.).—Despite temporary sharp setbacks, the wheat market today scored a major advance. Buying for heavy stocks with Eastern connections became notably active and export demand for the preceding year's surplus was closing quotations on wheat were firm, 1c to 1 1/2c higher, May (new), 159 1/2, to 159, and July, 159 1/2, to 158 1/2, with crop up, out at a shade to 1/2c gain and provisions varying from 7c decline to a rise of 2c.

At first the wheat market was depressed on account of bearish aspects of the government report on farm reserve holdings. The immediate outstanding feature was that the official California history, and recent private estimates. However, as soon as prices had undergone a tumble, brisk purchasing began, associated largely with options that farm supplies calculated on a per capita basis are the lowest on record and that with monthly milling consumption and seed requirements, the United States is likely to exhaust its supplies before the harvest of the new 1926 crop.

Beneficial rains in Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas, Missouri and Nebraska failed to check the late upward movement of wheat values. On the contrary, much more attention was given to news that export sales today from North America would total 800,000 bushels, including 500,000 bushels of Canadian wheat to Japan. Notice was also taken that the world's available supply had decreased 2,124,000 bushels for the week, and is 210,219,000 bushels, against 251,745,000 bushels a year ago. Besides, primary domestic receipts were only half of last year's total and shipments much larger.

Action of corn and oats prices paralleled the changes in the wheat market. Oats established a new low price record for the season. Continued sharp interest by corn traders was shown in prospective grain legislation at Washington.

Provisions were easy, influenced a good deal by lack of trade.

Cash grain: WHEAT—No. 2, red, 1.69; No. 2, hard, 1.64 1/2. OATS—No. 2, mixed, 76; No. 3, yellow, 74 1/2. RYE—No. 2, white, 40 1/2; No. 3, white, 39 1/2 @ 40 1/4. RYB—None.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS FUTURES:

Wheat—Open. High. Close. May (new) 1.60 1.55 1.59 1/2. May (old) 1.54 1.54 1.54 1/2. July 1.39 1.36 1.39 1/2. September 1.33 1.31 1.33 1/2.

Corn—Open. High. Close. May 78 76 78 1/2. July 82 81 82 1/2. September 82 81 82 1/2.

Oats—Open. High. Close. May 39 39 39 1/2. July 40 40 40 1/2. September 41 41 41 1/2.

Provisions—Open. High. Close. May 89 88 89 1/2. July 89 88 89 1/2. September 89 88 89 1/2.

Chicago, March 10 (By A. P.).—Despite temporary sharp setbacks, the wheat market today scored a major advance. Buying for heavy stocks with Eastern connections became notably active and export demand for the preceding year's surplus was closing quotations on wheat were firm, 1c to 1 1/2c higher, May (new), 159 1/2, to 159, and July, 159 1/2, to 158 1/2, with crop up, out at a shade to 1/2c gain and provisions varying from 7c decline to a rise of 2c.

At first the wheat market was depressed on account of bearish aspects of the government report on farm reserve holdings. The immediate outstanding feature was that the official California history, and recent private estimates. However, as soon as prices had undergone a tumble, brisk purchasing began, associated largely with options that farm supplies calculated on a per capita basis are the lowest on record and that with monthly milling consumption and seed requirements, the United States is likely to exhaust its supplies before the harvest of the new 1926 crop.

Beneficial rains in Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas, Missouri and Nebraska failed to check the late upward movement of wheat values. On the contrary, much more attention was given to news that export sales today from North America would total 800,000 bushels, including 500,000 bushels of Canadian wheat to Japan. Notice was also taken that the world's available supply had decreased 2,124,000 bushels for the week, and is 210,219,000 bushels, against 251,745,000 bushels a year ago. Besides, primary domestic receipts were only half of last year's total and shipments much larger.

Action of corn and oats prices paralleled the changes in the wheat market. Oats established a new low price record for the season. Continued sharp interest by corn traders was shown in prospective grain legislation at Washington.

Provisions were easy, influenced a good deal by lack of trade.

Cash grain: WHEAT—No. 2, red, 1.69; No. 2, hard, 1.64 1/2. OATS—No. 2, mixed, 76; No. 3, yellow, 74 1/2. RYE—No. 2, white, 40 1/2; No. 3, white, 39 1/2 @ 40 1/4. RYB—None.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS FUTURES:

Wheat—Open. High. Close. May (new) 1.60 1.55 1.59 1/2. May (old) 1.54 1.54 1.54 1/2. July

PRICES GO UP FURTHER

UNDER RAIL LEADERSHIP

Some Stocks Score New Highs for Current Movement: Steels Do Well.

INDUSTRIALS IN DEMAND

Special to The Washington Post.

New York, March 10.—New high levels for the current upward movement in stocks were registered as the market continued to recover to-day under the leadership of the rails. Prices registered gains from a point or more to more than 7 1/2 points, much to the embarrassment of a sleeping short interest. Transactions totaled nearly 1,600,000 shares. Plainly the improvement was the result of a strong revival of demand for stocks, due to development of construction character. These included abundant money at reasonably low rates, although these firms in the afternoon—and favorable dividend transactions by various corporations, together with signs of activity among important groups in negotiations of additional deals involving large financial interests.

Evidently a decrease in unfilled tonnage orders of the United States Steel Corporation was not interpreted as indicating a pessimistic view in the steel industry, for steel stocks rallied strongly after the figures were made public. Steel common itself closing 1 1/2 points higher.

Following a mid-forenoon session, the market turned decidedly bullish, immediately after the Steel tonnage report was issued, but the rally did not take definite form until after announcement that directors of the Pere Marquette railway had declared an extra dividend of \$2 a share and had placed the stock on a 6 percent basis. It had been understood that Van Sweringen influence had been exerting against the increase at this time with the result that Wall street had felt extremely doubtful that the advance would be ordered. The stock, which had reacted sharply in the morning, snapped back nearly 8 points from its low level of the session and closed 2 1/2 points higher, although about a point under the day's best.

The scramble of shorts to buy back their Pere Marquette stock after the rather unexpected action and the resultant sharp jump in the stock's price sympathetically affected other rails and prices rebounded all through the division, with special demand in evidence for all the so-called Van Sweringen stocks. Nickel Plate closed 4 points net higher, Atlantic Coast Line gained 3 points, Louisville & Nashville 3 1/2, and other strong stocks on the rails included Canadian Pacific, St. Louis Southwestern, Texas and Pacific, Kansas City Southern, all Erie and Southern Railway.

Heavy buying also was done in the industrial division. Sloss-Sheffield, with a 2 1/2 point net gain; Crucible, Gulf States and Steel, and other independent stocks were bid up sharply. Certain equipments were in marked demand, with American Brake Shoe gaining 3 1/2, and New York Air Brake and Westinghouse Air Brake up half as much and Symington, Thompson and Foundry, Lima Locomotive and others also improving, but Baldwin lost a fraction. Railway Steel Springs, 1 1/2, and American Locomotive closed 2 1/2 net lower. These latter, with National Chain & Steel, American Radiator, American Sugar, Worthington Pump, United Fruit and Standard Milling were about the only stocks in the list to finish lower on the day.

Allied Chemical registered a recovery at 8 1/2 points and held 7 1/2 of this net gain at the close. Sears-Roebuck, up 4; Pathe Exchange A, up 5; Famous Players-Lasky, with a gain of 5 1/2; American Smelting, 3 1/2 higher; Foundation Company, up 2 1/2; Remington Typewriter, both National Distillery Products issues, U. S. Distributing and Federal Light & Traction were other features of strength. American Can at one time was up 1 1/2 points, but lost half this before the close.

Motors were somewhat irregular, but finished stronger, with General Motors up 1 1/2 points.

Oils were bid up on merger talk and statistics showing a further decline in production of crude petroleum. The weakness here and there among the sugar stocks was due doubtless to the weakness in the raw sugar market.

In the foreign exchange market, French francs rallied 3 points and Sterling went to 4.89-32, the highest price in a fortnight. Norwegian kroner were run up 21 points and Japanese yen also showed strength.

Statement of the Condition of the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada.

On the 31st day of December, 1925, as required under the District of Columbia code, amended June 10, 1925, section 15, 1911.	
Capital stock, paid up	\$2,000,000.00
Surplus	1,000,000.00
Cash in bank	\$2,000,000.00
Real estate	6,500,000.00
Stocks and bonds	20,000,000.00
Loans made	4,200,000.00
Interest due and accrued	3,200,000.00
Unpaid claims	800,000.00
Other assets	1,000,000.00
Net assets	\$20,000,000.00
Reserve as required by law	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for contingencies	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for interest on loans	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for salaries, expenses, taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for other liabilities	\$2,000,000.00
Unpaid dividends	\$2,000,000.00
Capital stock paid up	\$2,000,000.00
Surplus	1,000,000.00
Cash in bank	\$2,000,000.00
Real estate	6,500,000.00
Stocks and bonds	20,000,000.00
Loans made	4,200,000.00
Interest due and accrued	3,200,000.00
Unpaid claims	800,000.00
Other assets	1,000,000.00
Net assets	\$20,000,000.00
Reserve as required by law	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for contingencies	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for interest on loans	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for salaries, expenses, taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for other liabilities	\$2,000,000.00
Unpaid dividends	\$2,000,000.00
Capital stock paid up	\$2,000,000.00
Surplus	1,000,000.00
Cash in bank	\$2,000,000.00
Real estate	6,500,000.00
Stocks and bonds	20,000,000.00
Loans made	4,200,000.00
Interest due and accrued	3,200,000.00
Unpaid claims	800,000.00
Other assets	1,000,000.00
Net assets	\$20,000,000.00
Reserve as required by law	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for contingencies	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for interest on loans	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for salaries, expenses, taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for other liabilities	\$2,000,000.00
Unpaid dividends	\$2,000,000.00
Capital stock paid up	\$2,000,000.00
Surplus	1,000,000.00
Cash in bank	\$2,000,000.00
Real estate	6,500,000.00
Stocks and bonds	20,000,000.00
Loans made	4,200,000.00
Interest due and accrued	3,200,000.00
Unpaid claims	800,000.00
Other assets	1,000,000.00
Net assets	\$20,000,000.00
Reserve as required by law	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for contingencies	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for interest on loans	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for salaries, expenses, taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for other liabilities	\$2,000,000.00
Unpaid dividends	\$2,000,000.00
Capital stock paid up	\$2,000,000.00
Surplus	1,000,000.00
Cash in bank	\$2,000,000.00
Real estate	6,500,000.00
Stocks and bonds	20,000,000.00
Loans made	4,200,000.00
Interest due and accrued	3,200,000.00
Unpaid claims	800,000.00
Other assets	1,000,000.00
Net assets	\$20,000,000.00
Reserve as required by law	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for contingencies	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for interest on loans	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for salaries, expenses, taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for other liabilities	\$2,000,000.00
Unpaid dividends	\$2,000,000.00
Capital stock paid up	\$2,000,000.00
Surplus	1,000,000.00
Cash in bank	\$2,000,000.00
Real estate	6,500,000.00
Stocks and bonds	20,000,000.00
Loans made	4,200,000.00
Interest due and accrued	3,200,000.00
Unpaid claims	800,000.00
Other assets	1,000,000.00
Net assets	\$20,000,000.00
Reserve as required by law	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for contingencies	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for interest on loans	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for salaries, expenses, taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for other liabilities	\$2,000,000.00
Unpaid dividends	\$2,000,000.00
Capital stock paid up	\$2,000,000.00
Surplus	1,000,000.00
Cash in bank	\$2,000,000.00
Real estate	6,500,000.00
Stocks and bonds	20,000,000.00
Loans made	4,200,000.00
Interest due and accrued	3,200,000.00
Unpaid claims	800,000.00
Other assets	1,000,000.00
Net assets	\$20,000,000.00
Reserve as required by law	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for contingencies	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for interest on loans	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for salaries, expenses, taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for other liabilities	\$2,000,000.00
Unpaid dividends	\$2,000,000.00
Capital stock paid up	\$2,000,000.00
Surplus	1,000,000.00
Cash in bank	\$2,000,000.00
Real estate	6,500,000.00
Stocks and bonds	20,000,000.00
Loans made	4,200,000.00
Interest due and accrued	3,200,000.00
Unpaid claims	800,000.00
Other assets	1,000,000.00
Net assets	\$20,000,000.00
Reserve as required by law	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for contingencies	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for interest on loans	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for salaries, expenses, taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for other liabilities	\$2,000,000.00
Unpaid dividends	\$2,000,000.00
Capital stock paid up	\$2,000,000.00
Surplus	1,000,000.00
Cash in bank	\$2,000,000.00
Real estate	6,500,000.00
Stocks and bonds	20,000,000.00
Loans made	4,200,000.00
Interest due and accrued	3,200,000.00
Unpaid claims	800,000.00
Other assets	1,000,000.00
Net assets	\$20,000,000.00
Reserve as required by law	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for contingencies	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for interest on loans	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for salaries, expenses, taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for other liabilities	\$2,000,000.00
Unpaid dividends	\$2,000,000.00
Capital stock paid up	\$2,000,000.00
Surplus	1,000,000.00
Cash in bank	\$2,000,000.00
Real estate	6,500,000.00
Stocks and bonds	20,000,000.00
Loans made	4,200,000.00
Interest due and accrued	3,200,000.00
Unpaid claims	800,000.00
Other assets	1,000,000.00
Net assets	\$20,000,000.00
Reserve as required by law	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for contingencies	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for interest on loans	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for salaries, expenses, taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for other liabilities	\$2,000,000.00
Unpaid dividends	\$2,000,000.00
Capital stock paid up	\$2,000,000.00
Surplus	1,000,000.00
Cash in bank	\$2,000,000.00
Real estate	6,500,000.00
Stocks and bonds	20,000,000.00
Loans made	4,200,000.00
Interest due and accrued	3,200,000.00
Unpaid claims	800,000.00
Other assets	1,000,000.00
Net assets	\$20,000,000.00
Reserve as required by law	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for contingencies	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for interest on loans	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for salaries, expenses, taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for other liabilities	\$2,000,000.00
Unpaid dividends	\$2,000,000.00
Capital stock paid up	\$2,000,000.00
Surplus	1,000,000.00
Cash in bank	\$2,000,000.00
Real estate	6,500,000.00
Stocks and bonds	20,000,000.00
Loans made	4,200,000.00
Interest due and accrued	3,200,000.00
Unpaid claims	800,000.00
Other assets	1,000,000.00
Net assets	\$20,000,000.00
Reserve as required by law	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for contingencies	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for interest on loans	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for salaries, expenses, taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for other liabilities	\$2,000,000.00
Unpaid dividends	\$2,000,000.00
Capital stock paid up	\$2,000,000.00
Surplus	1,000,000.00
Cash in bank	\$2,000,000.00
Real estate	6,500,000.00
Stocks and bonds	20,000,000.00
Loans made	4,200,000.00
Interest due and accrued	3,200,000.00
Unpaid claims	800,000.00
Other assets	1,000,000.00
Net assets	\$20,000,000.00
Reserve as required by law	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for contingencies	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for interest on loans	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for salaries, expenses, taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for other liabilities	\$2,000,000.00
Unpaid dividends	\$2,000,000.00
Capital stock paid up	\$2,000,000.00
Surplus	1,000,000.00
Cash in bank	\$2,000,000.00
Real estate	6,500,000.00
Stocks and bonds	20,000,000.00
Loans made	4,200,000.00
Interest due and accrued	3,200,000.00
Unpaid claims	800,000.00
Other assets	1,000,000.00
Net assets	\$20,000,000.00
Reserve as required by law	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for contingencies	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for interest on loans	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for salaries, expenses, taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for other liabilities	\$2,000,000.00
Unpaid dividends	\$2,000,000.00
Capital stock paid up	\$2,000,000.00
Surplus	1,000,000.00
Cash in bank	\$2,000,000.00
Real estate	6,500,000.00
Stocks and bonds	20,000,000.00
Loans made	4,200,000.00
Interest due and accrued	3,200,000.00
Unpaid claims	800,000.00
Other assets	1,000,000.00
Net assets	\$20,000,000.00
Reserve as required by law	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for contingencies	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for interest on loans	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for salaries, expenses, taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for other liabilities	\$2,000,000.00
Unpaid dividends	\$2,000,000.00
Capital stock paid up	\$2,000,000.00
Surplus	1,000,000.00
Cash in bank	\$2,000,000.00
Real estate	6,500,000.00
Stocks and bonds	20,000,000.00
Loans made	4,200,000.00
Interest due and accrued	3,200,000.00
Unpaid claims	800,000.00
Other assets	1,000,000.00
Net assets	\$20,000,000.00
Reserve as required by law	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for contingencies	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for interest on loans	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for salaries, expenses, taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for other liabilities	\$2,000,000.00
Unpaid dividends	\$2,000,000.00
Capital stock paid up	\$2,000,000.00
Surplus	1,000,000.00
Cash in bank	\$2,000,000.00
Real estate	6,500,000.00
Stocks and bonds	20,000,000.00
Loans made	4,200,000.00
Interest due and accrued	3,200,000.00
Unpaid claims	800,000.00
Other assets	1,000,000.00
Net assets	\$20,000,000.00
Reserve as required by law	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for contingencies	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for interest on loans	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for salaries, expenses, taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for other liabilities	\$2,000,000.00
Unpaid dividends	\$2,000,000.00
Capital stock paid up	\$2,000,000.00
Surplus	1,000,000.00
Cash in bank	\$2,000,000.00
Real estate	6,500,000.00
Stocks and bonds	20,000,000.00
Loans made	4,200,000.00
Interest due and accrued	3,200,000.00
Unpaid claims	800,000.00
Other assets	1,000,000.00
Net assets	\$20,000,000.00
Reserve as required by law	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for contingencies	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for interest on loans	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for salaries, expenses, taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for other liabilities	\$2,000,000.00
Unpaid dividends	\$2,000,000.00
Capital stock paid up	\$2,000,000.00
Surplus	1,000,000.00
Cash in bank	\$2,000,000.00
Real estate	6,500,000.00
Stocks and bonds	20,000,000.00
Loans made	4,200,000.00
Interest due and accrued	3,200,000.00
Unpaid claims	800,000.00
Other assets	1,000,000.00
Net assets	\$20,000,000.00
Reserve as required by law	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for contingencies	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for interest on loans	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for salaries, expenses, taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for other liabilities	\$2,000,000.00
Unpaid dividends	\$2,000,000.00
Capital stock paid up	\$2,000,000.00
Surplus	1,000,000.00
Cash in bank	\$2,000,000.00
Real estate	6,500,000.00
Stocks and bonds	20,000,000.00
Loans made	4,200,000.00
Interest due and accrued	3,200,000.00
Unpaid claims	800,000.00
Other assets	1,000,000.00
Net assets	\$20,000,000.00
Reserve as required by law	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for contingencies	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for interest on loans	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for salaries, expenses, taxes	\$2,000,000.00
Reserve for other liabilities	\$



SPORTS



The Washington Post.



SPORTS



WASHINGTON: THURSDAY, MARCH 11, 1926.

13

EASTERN FIVE DOWNS WAITE HIGH, 42-31, AT PENN

Harvard Grid
Coach to Be
HorweenHero of Oregon Game
Appointed Head
Of Football.Salary and Terms Not
Yet Agreed Upon
At Cambridge.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 10 (By A. P.).—The committee on regulation of athletic sports at Harvard tonight announced the appointment of Arnold Horween, 21, of Chicago, as head coach of Harvard football.

In the game with Oregon in January, 1920, won by Harvard, 7 to 6, Horween kicked a field goal, and at the end of the game when almost worn out burst through the center of the line for a 25-yard gain.

William J. Bingham, Harvard's newly appointed athletic director, said that Horween had accepted the position for which no contract or term of service had been fixed. The selection was made at a meeting of the athletic commission today.

No salary has been agreed upon, and athletic officials only said that under the terms of the present agreement with Princeton and Yale the Harvard football coach salary must not exceed \$3,000. Horween is connected with a tannery business in Chicago.

HORWEEN played full-back on the Harvard varsity in 1919, and captained the team from that position in 1920. In the Yale game of the latter year he helped to defeat the Blue, 9 to 0, by booting one of the three field goals.

Horween was born in Chicago 28 years ago. Both he and his older brother, Ralph, also prominent in Harvard athletics, prepared at the Francis W. Parker High school in that city. Arnold reached Harvard in the fall of 1916 and won the regular fullback position on his freshman team. He also played on the baseball squad.

In April, 1917, he enlisted in the navy and was assigned to the First naval district in Boston, receiving his discharge in the fall of that year to return to Harvard for the naval course there. In that year he captained the Crimson's informal war time football team.

Since leaving Harvard Horween's main coaching experience has been with the Chicago Cardinals, for which he has acted as strategy coach, backfield coach and scout.

Horween is thoroughly versed in Harvard football lore and the Houghton system, under which he was trained during his entire collegiate football career.

BASEBALL HAS COME INTO ITS OWN AT CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY AND THE BROOKLAND SQUAD MAY BE seen daily working out in the huge bowl under the direction of Coach Charles Moran, a scout for the Detroit Tigers. In the pictures below are: Top, left, Jerry Sheffield, pitcher; top, right, Coach Moran imparting to his charges a bit of batting advice; center, left, Ed Geyer, pitcher; center, right, Johnny Long, second baseman; below, Eddie Kane, catcher.

Four Netmen Survive
Palm Beach Tourney

Palm Beach, Fla., March 10 (By A. P.).—Francis T. Hunter, of New Rochelle, N. Y., will meet Takeuchi Harada, of Japan, and Vincent Richards, of Yonkers, N. Y., will oppose Jerry Lang, of New York, tomorrow morning in the semifinals of the singles tournament for the tennis championship of Florida as a result of today's matches.

Hunter gained semifinals by defeating Manuel Alonso, of Allentown, Pa., 6-4, 3-6, 8-6. Harada won over S. Howard Voshell, of New Gardens, N. Y., 6-3, 6-4, while Vincent Richards eliminated Roy Coffin, of Philadelphia, 6-3, 6-3. Lang won from A. Chapin, Jr., of Springfield, Mass., 6-0, 6-2.



Joe Jamieson, Post Staff Photographer.

Browns Might Fly Pennant
FAVORED BY OPINION
If Breezes Bless St. Louis

By WESTBROOK PEGLER.

TARPON SPRINGS, Fla., March 10.—The summer breezes of St. Louis haven't toyed with a major league pennant since 1888, and they didn't toy with one then, for the gaudy drapery that Charlie Comiskey won that year was not a major league pennant, and there were no summer breezes in St. Louis.

Comiskey's club was a member of the old American association, and baseball at the time was a somewhat haphazard industry, with neither a year nor a schedule of winter banquets. There was a parthenical understanding that a ball lost in an outfielder's whiskers was good for two bases, but bad for the field mice.

Comiskey's team did business under the name of the Browns, and that color is now prominent again in the design of the baseball business, being represented in Tarpon Springs by George Sisler's team, which expects to win the American league pennant this year. The Washington Nationals also expect to win the pennant this year, and the Philadelphia Athletics, who are training at Fort Myers down near Land's End on the west coast of Florida, are enjoying expectations of their own.

BUT among the disinterested ballplayers attached to teams which have no chance to win the pennant, and among the frosty old heads who sit around the hotel lobbies or in the sun-warmed bleachers, gesturing with leopards' fingers, which proclaim them survivors of the meat-hand age of baseball, there is a plurality of opinion in favor of the Browns.

Tarpon Springs is fragrant with the smell of new stucco and the tang of new lumber for the building mania has touched the town, but it is a leisurely place nevertheless, with no street cars, and no tall buildings leaping with giddy optimism ten or twelve stories above the street.

George Sisler says it is an ideal

town in which to train a ball club because the nearest road house is a ten dollar back ride from the Brown's hotel and there's nothing for an athlete to do after the movies at night but go back to his room, pull up the covers and reach out with an educated toe to twick off the lights.

Like the Nationals, the Browns are inclined to be youthful and this collegiate feeling in a squad of players that includes half a dozen men in the thirties, probably is due to their realization that by hustling this year they may win the first major league pennant ever unfurling to the nonexistent summer breezes of St. Louis and the first of any kind unfurled there in 53 years.

The Browns have been shaping as a champion ball club for about six years and now, after a slow process of development, recruiting and elimination they are ready to challenge the Nationals with a quick and resourceful defense, a threatening clump of hits and a pitching squad that is coming, not going.

SISLER himself is the best first baseman in the American league, and the second baseman is Marty McManus, who is not the best in either league, being what is known as a damn good ball player nevertheless. The wealthy New York Yankees wanted McManus last winter and the fact that such lavish purchasers couldn't get him, will indicate how important he is to the Browns.

Sisler has two good shortstops, Walter Gerber and Bob Lamotte, wherein he is guaranteed better stoppage than Bucky Harris can depend on from Roger Peckinpase, who is old and infirm or from Buddy Myer, who is young and inexperienced and also infirm.

Gene Robertson may play third base again for the Browns but they have picked up a fellow named Oscar Melille who set some sort of infelding record with Milwaukee last year and they may use him at

CONTINUED ON FOURTEENTH PAGE.

Kaplan-Herman Bout
Listed in Baltimore

Baltimore, Md., March 10 (By A. P.).—Louis (Kid) Kaplan, world's featherweight champion, will meet Tommy Herman, Chicago, in a twelve-round bout here March 26. The title will not be at stake, both having agreed to come in over-weight.

Cage Officials Plan
Banquet on March 29

Members of the District board's list of approved basketball officials will hold their last meeting of the year Monday night, March 29, at 6:30 o'clock with a banquet at the Occidental. The committee in charge is Robbins, Haas, Fuller and Sumner.

The following have already made reservations for the banquet: Becker, Schlosser, Fuller, Haas, Sumner, Robbins, Collier, Entwistle, Fitzgerald, Harbin, Ingley, Joyner, Nash, O'Meara and Sanborn.

Cobb Offers \$5,000
To Dunn for Sheedy

Baltimore, March 10 (By A. P.). Ty Cobb, manager of the Detroit American league club, when told today that Jack Dunn had decided to put Clayton Sheedy on the market, said the Tigers would be willing to pay \$5,000 for the lanky Oriole first sacker. Dunn made his announcement in regard to Sheedy at Punta Gorda, Fla., the Oriole training camp. Sheedy is one of this spring's holdouts.

The following have already made reservations for the banquet: Becker, Schlosser, Fuller, Haas, Sumner, Robbins, Collier, Entwistle, Fitzgerald, Harbin, Ingley, Joyner, Nash, O'Meara and Sanborn.

It later was explained that the \$5,000 price for Sheedy had been suggested to Cobb by a friend who recalled that there had been waivers for \$2,500 on the first baseman last year. Word came from Punta Gorda that Jack Dunn looked upon the Detroit manager's tentative offer as a "feeler."

Clayton Sheedy graduated from Georgetown university in 1923 where he performed for three years on crack Georgetown teams. He captained the nine during his last year at the Hilltop and at the close of the school year was signed by Manager Dunn, of the Orioles.

Bernice Wall to Meet
Glenna Collett Today

Belleair Heights, Fla., March 10 (By A. P.).—Miss Bernice Wall, of Oshkosh, Wis., and women's golf champion of that State, will meet Miss Glenna Collett, of Providence, national woman golf champion, in the upper half of the Belleair championship for women here tomorrow, while Miss Helen Payson, of Portland, Maine, will meet Mrs. G. H. Stetson, of Philadelphia, in the lower half.

Miss Wall was winner today over Miss Frances Hadfield, of Milwaukee, 2 and 1, and Miss Collett defeated Mrs. L. J. Robinson, of Atlanta, 7 and 6. Miss Payson defeated Mrs. Caleb Fox, of Philadelphia, 5 and 4, and Mrs. Stetson eliminated Miss Ruth Perry, of Philadelphia, 2 and 1.

CALVARY EAGLES WIN.
The Calvary Eagles defeated the Calvary Yankons yesterday at the Calvary gymnasium, 21 to 6.

Buffalo Faces
Twirling of
RookiesJoyce, Thomas, Had-
ley to Share Pitching
In Game Today.Johnson Favors Legs;
Tobin and Stewart
Nurse Injuries.

By FRANK H. YOUNG.

TAMPA, March 10.—Manager Harris and his Nats this morning put on the finishing touches for tomorrow's game with Buffalo at Palmetto. The boy manager, after a talk with Trainer Mike Martin and his two pitching coaches has decided that he will ease along his veteran pitchers and not use them for a week or so more.

The season is still a month away and this year, it seems, the Nats are figuring more on the race itself than on picking up a few extra nickels by using the oldtimers as drawing cards in these grapefruit league games.

With this new policy in effect, when Florida fans finally do see Walter Johnson, Stan Coveleskie, Joe Bush and Walter Ruether in action, these fingers may be expected to show something and not prove the disappointments they often have been in the past, simply because they were worked before they were ready.

AGAINST the bison tomorrow, Harris has decided to work the same box trio which performed against the Boston Braves last Saturday, Ray Joyce, Irving Hadley and Lefty Thomas being due to get assignments in three-frame shifts. The regular team will take the field behind these youngsters.

For the Saturday game here, a return visit by the Braves, Curley Ogden, Alexander Ferguson and Fred Marberry are expected to toil. As all of this trio seem to be going nicely, Bancroft's men are not expected to fatten their batting averages.

Walter Johnson's arm seems to be as good as ever, judging from the manner in which he is cutting the ball loose. His easy motion makes his shoots appear as if there is nothing behind them, but the thud when they hit the glove tells an entirely different story.

As a matter of fact, it is Barney's legs, and not his arm, which the Old Master is favoring. He was a Charley horse victim during the

CONTINUED ON FOURTEENTH PAGE.

in the
PressBox
with Baxter

SINCE what follows is a matter that is strictly none of this column's business, it can speak with the utmost freedom. It involves what appears to be a feud between the realtors and turf-patrons of Miami, a Florida city which from all accounts, is suffering from a severe after-noon headache, and has as yet found nothing that will do it the least bit of good.

The realtors of Miami have, at any rate, come out in condemnation of the meeting which has been in progress at Hialeah. Reduced to its essentials, the demand of the realtors is that the 1927 season at the Miami track be shortened. It is not specifically stated, but the intimation is that the promoters of the race track are beginning to make more money than the realtors and this would naturally arouse any normal realtor to wrath.

The contention is that residents of Miami and that more important class, the real estate prospects, have been dropping dollars into the pari-mutuels at the rate of \$400,000 a day. Time was when that was small change in the estimation of a Florida realtor, but the day has come when the holders of options and developers of developments feel that the money could be put to a much better purpose.

HERE is, naturally, another side to the situation. It appears that many of the citizens of the State of Florida, who for the past year or more have been realtors, are willing to become racetrack promoters, especially as the racetrack business continues to show a profit and real estate does not. It is, therefore, not surprising to find that attacks should center on the Miami track, first on the ground and with squatter rights, at least, on the best and most profitable dates.

It has been the belief of many turf followers, a conviction that this column has previously expressed, that Florida could not support all of the tracks erected, in process of erection, on blue prints and under some promoter's hat. If the former realtors, who would become turf promoters, have begun fighting among themselves, misfortune will only overtake Florida racing all the more speedily.

One of the most remarkable

CONTINUED ON FIFTEENTH PAGE.

District Team
In Semifinal
RoundRadice and Elliott Are
Banished, 2 Subs
Perform.Rally Clinches Game;
Score at Half, 26-15;
Heeke Hurt.

By WALTER HAIGHT.

PHILADELPHIA, March 10.—Unabated fighting spirit enabled a crippled Eastern High basketball team to withstand a vicious attack in the final five minutes of tonight's Penn tournament game and earned it a 42 to 31 victory over the White (Toledo, Ohio) High quintet, previously undefeated for the season and the overwhelming newspaper favorite to capture the championship.

The victory assures the Lincoln Parkers participation in the semifinal round in which they probably will encounter St. Joseph's High, of this city, the team which defeated Central last year for the title.

Eastern went to the front after three minutes of play and had piled up a 30-18 advantage with two minutes of the second half gone. At this point, however, Capt. Radice and Elliott were forced out of the game on personal fouls.

Coach Guyon inserted "Beanie" McAllister and "Cory" Capell. The Toledo team immediately began a drive which carried it to point after point and with five minutes left to play had narrowed Eastern's advantage to one of 34 to 28. The Ohio five during this interval had outplayed Eastern in every department.

ANGUS HEEKE lessened Eastern's hopes for victory when he turned his ankle, but after a rest, he returned to the floor and with the "fight, fight, fight" cryings of some ten Eastern rooters, ringing in their ears, the light Blue and White tossers gave a do-or-die ball-chasing exhibition seldom witnessed on any court.

Not only did Eastern fight defensively but it carried its fight to its towering opponents and, with Hogarth, Scruggs and McAllister scoring goals, put the game beyond the reach of the Ohio combination. The Waite quintet is composed of tall husky fellows and employed an offensive new to the Eastern team. The entire Toledo team rushed down the floor using quick, short passes and without dribbling. This style of attack, executed generally

CONTINUED ON FIFTEENTH PAGE.

Complete Clothing
CLEARANCEAll Suits
and OvercoatsALL Stein-Bloch Clothes and
Joseph May Overcoats
INCLUDED

28.

38.

Formerly 55.
50.-45.-40.Formerly 75.
70.-65.-60.

Alterations at Cost.

From this ENTIRE STOCK select many styles suitable for Spring in 2-Piece Golf Suits, 4-Piece Sport Suits and Topcoats.

Sidney West

(Incorporated)

14th and G Streets N.W.

We Said It Would!

We promised our recent expansion to nine "Hahn" stores would have important advantages to you. Here, we translate words into deeds!

"HAHN SPECIAL"

Shoes for Men
NOW

\$5

—And \$6

Cutting a clean DOLLAR off men's shoes, already Washington's greatest buys at their former prices. At 6 men's stores.

Hahn
SHOES

Cor. 7th and K Sts.
414 9th 1914-16 233 Pa.
St. N.W. Pa. Ave. Ave. S.E.
3212-14 14th St.

"Man's Shop"—14th & G Sts.



Pictured One of the New \$5 Models

COLLYER MATRIC HICKING DELEGATE AT MIAMI

Swenke Entry Stands Out In First

Dudley Will Toy With Field in 6th, Says Handicapper.

Royal Flag Is Selected As Likeliest Entrant At New Orleans.

By BERT E. COLLIER.

DELEGATE.—Sarge Swenke, one of the smartest of present trainers, will cop all the coin down at Miami today. By that I mean it looks like a field day for the overseas veteran. This trick DELEGATE stands out five points in the day's opener and should roll home nodding to the faithful in the grandstand. ADONIA found some overnight support at fancy figners, as also FREDERICK RAPHAEL. But as previously indicated the real performers is DELEGATE.

INDIAN TRAIL. is all tuned to concert pitch and with the Ward-Brown commissions riding right on the front end is the sweet patootie to be jerked out of the old rat in the second. ROCK AND RYE was the clockers' sleeper, but I cannot bring him better than second.

"DONARITA all the way," is the way the lads send this bet. Personally, I like him extra well.

TOKEN is best in the fifth. True, CLIQUE will go well and in this respect I want to add there was plenty of overnight action on the Swenke risk.

DUDLEY if the track stays last should simply toy with his field. He is a bit touched in the wind, but if the day is clear and warm it will be no contest.

Down at Jefferson Park the weather is threatening, in fact, it was raining during the early hour. ROYAL FLAG was the hottest kind of an overnight tip. This was rigged and with such a favorable post position he should return an easy winner.

GOLDEN LYNX is another early bird. All the little weathers thing in the pilot-house do to do is still and let him mizzle.

And now we come to the devil RANIER. This trick has been running in four hundredes. It is my information that they are to be taken off this afternoon. In that event, I want you to get the getaway 'breed' were. Now don't ask too many questions—or the booby man will hear you, and out the price. Ye wekkum.

NEW ORLEANS.—First race—Adonias, Hough, Lang, Sarge, second race—Royal Flag, Sarge, Sarge, third race—Golden Lynx, Sarge, Sarge, fourth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fifth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, sixth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, seventh race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, eighth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, ninth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, tenth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge.

HAVANA.—First race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, second race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, third race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fourth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fifth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, sixth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, seventh race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, eighth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, ninth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, tenth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge.

TAMPA.—First race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, second race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, third race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fourth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fifth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, sixth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, seventh race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, eighth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, ninth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, tenth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge.

MIAMI.—First race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, second race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, third race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fourth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fifth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, sixth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, seventh race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, eighth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, ninth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, tenth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge.

MIAMI ENTRIES.—First race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, second race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, third race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fourth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fifth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, sixth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, seventh race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, eighth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, ninth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, tenth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge.

MIAMI ENTRIES.—First race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, second race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, third race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fourth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fifth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, sixth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, seventh race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, eighth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, ninth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, tenth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge.

MIAMI ENTRIES.—First race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, second race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, third race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fourth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fifth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, sixth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, seventh race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, eighth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, ninth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, tenth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge.

MIAMI ENTRIES.—First race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, second race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, third race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fourth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fifth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, sixth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, seventh race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, eighth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, ninth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, tenth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge.

MIAMI ENTRIES.—First race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, second race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, third race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fourth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fifth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, sixth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, seventh race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, eighth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, ninth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, tenth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge.

MIAMI ENTRIES.—First race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, second race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, third race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fourth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fifth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, sixth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, seventh race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, eighth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, ninth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, tenth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge.

MIAMI ENTRIES.—First race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, second race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, third race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fourth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fifth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, sixth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, seventh race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, eighth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, ninth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, tenth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge.

MIAMI ENTRIES.—First race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, second race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, third race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fourth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fifth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, sixth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, seventh race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, eighth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, ninth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, tenth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge.

MIAMI ENTRIES.—First race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, second race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, third race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fourth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fifth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, sixth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, seventh race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, eighth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, ninth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, tenth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge.

MIAMI ENTRIES.—First race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, second race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, third race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fourth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fifth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, sixth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, seventh race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, eighth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, ninth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, tenth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge.

MIAMI ENTRIES.—First race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, second race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, third race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fourth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fifth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, sixth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, seventh race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, eighth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, ninth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, tenth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge.

MIAMI ENTRIES.—First race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, second race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, third race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fourth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fifth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, sixth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, seventh race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, eighth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, ninth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, tenth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge.

MIAMI ENTRIES.—First race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, second race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, third race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fourth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, fifth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, sixth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, seventh race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, eighth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, ninth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge, tenth race—Blair, Sarge, Sarge.

RESULTS AT MIAMI, FLORIDA, MARCH 10, 1926

WEATHER CLEAR—TRACK FAST.

FIRST RACE—Four and one-half furlongs. Purse, \$1,000. For 2-year-old maidens (fillies). Starting: 11.12.13.14.15.16.17.18.19.20.21.22.23.24.25.26.27.28.29.30.31.32.33.34.35.36.37.38.39.40.41.42.43.44.45.46.47.48.49.50.51.52.53.54.55.56.57.58.59.60.61.62.63.64.65.66.67.68.69.70.71.72.73.74.75.76.77.78.79.80.81.82.83.84.85.86.87.88.89.90.91.92.93.94.95.96.97.98.99.100.101.102.103.104.105.106.107.108.109.110.111.112.113.114.115.116.117.118.119.120.121.122.123.124.125.126.127.128.129.130.131.132.133.134.135.136.137.138.139.140.141.142.143.144.145.146.147.148.149.150.151.152.153.154.155.156.157.158.159.160.161.162.163.164.165.166.167.168.169.170.171.172.173.174.175.176.177.178.179.180.181.182.183.184.185.186.187.188.189.190.191.192.193.194.195.196.197.198.199.200.201.202.203.204.205.206.207.208.209.210.211.212.213.214.215.216.217.218.219.220.221.222.223.224.225.226.227.228.229.230.231.232.233.234.235.236.237.238.239.240.241.242.243.244.245.246.247.248.249.250.251.252.253.254.255.256.257.258.259.260.261.262.263.264.265.266.267.268.269.270.271.272.273.274.275.276.277.278.279.280.281.282.283.284.285.286.287.288.289.290.291.292.293.294.295.296.297.298.299.300.301.302.303.304.305.306.307.308.309.310.311.312.313.314.315.316.317.318.319.320.321.322.323.324.325.326.327.328.329.330.331.332.333.334.335.336.337.338.339.340.341.342.343.344.345.346.347.348.349.350.351.352.353.354.355.356.357.358.359.360.361.362.363.364.365.366.367.368.369.370.371.372.373.374.375.376.377.378.379.380.381.382.383.384.385.386.387.388.389.390.391.392.393.394.395.396.397.398.399.400.401.402.403.404.405.406.407.408.409.410.411.412.413.414.415.416.417.418.419.420.421.422.423.424.425.426.427.428.429.430.431.432.433.434.435.436.437.438.439.440.441.442.443.444.445.446.447.448.449.450.451.452.453.454.455.456.457.458.459.460.461.462.463.464.465.466.467.468.469.470.471.472.473.474.475.476.477.478.479.480.481.482.483.484.485.486.487.488.489.490.491.492.493.494.495.496.497.498.499.500.501.502.503.504.505.506.507.508.509.510.511.512.513.514.515.516.517.518.519.520.521.522.523.524.525.526.527.528.529.530.531.532.533.534.535.536.537.538.539.540.541.542.543.544.545.546.547.548.549.550.551.552.553.554.555.556.557.558.559.560.561.562.563.564.565.566.567.568.569.570.571.572.573.574.575.576.577.578.579.580.581.582.583.584.585.586.587.588.589.590.591.592.593.594.595.596.597.598.599.600.601.602.603.604.605.606.607.608.609.610.611.612.613.614.615.616.617.618.619.620.621.622.623.624.625.626.627.628.629.630.631.632.633.634.635.636.637.638.639.640.641.642.643.644.645.646.647.648.649.650.651.652.653.654.655.656.657.658.659.660.661.662.663.664.665.666.667.668.669.670.671.672.673.674.675.676.677.678.679.680.681.682.683.684.685.686.687.688.689.690.691.692.693.694.695.696.697.698.699.700.701.702.703.704.705.706.707.708.709.710.711.712.713.714.715.716.717.718.719.720.721.722.723.724.725.726.727.728.729.730.731.732.733.734.735.736.737.738.739.740.741.742.743.744.745.746.747.748.749.750.751.752.753.754.755.756.757.758.759.760.761.762.763.764.765.766.767.768.769.770.771.772.773.774.775.776.777.778.779.780.781.782.783.784.785.786.787.788.789.790.791.792.793.794.795.796.797.798.799.800.801.802.803.804.805.806.807.808.809.810.811.812.813.814.815.816.817.818.819.820.821.822.823.824.825.826.827.828.829.830.831.832.833.834.835.836.837.838.839.840.841.842.843.844.845.846.847.848.849.850.851.852.853.854.855.856.857.858.859.860.861.862.863.864.865.866.867.868.869.870.871.872.873.874.875.876.877.878.879.880.881.882.883.884.885.886.887.888.889.890.891.892.893.894.895.896.897.898.899.900.901.902.903.904.905.906.907.908.909.910.911.912.913.914.915.916.917.918.919.920.921.922.923.924.925.926.927.928.929.930.931.932.933.934.935.936.937.938.939.940.941.942.943.944.945.946.947.948.949.950.951.952.953.954.955.956.957.958.959.960.961.962.963.964.965.966.967.968.969.970.971.972.973.974.975.976.977.978.979.980.981.982.983.984.985.986.987.988.989.990.991.992.993.994.995.996.997.998.999.1000.

SECOND RACE—Four and one-half furlongs. Purse, \$1,000. For 2-year-olds and upward. Starting: 11.12.13.14.15.16.17.18.19.20.21.22.23.24.25.26.27.28.29.30.31.32.33.34.35.36.37.38.39.40.41.42.43.44.45.46.47.48.49.50.51.52.53.54.55.56.57.58.59.60.61.62.63.64.65.66.67.68.69.70.71.72.73.74.75.76.77.78.79.80.81.82.83.84.85.86.87.88.89.90.91.92.93.94.95.96.97.98.99.100.101.102.103.104.105.106.107.108.109.110.111.112.113.114.115.116.117.118.119.120.121.122.123.124.125.126.127.128.129.130.131.132.133.134.135.136.137.138.139.140.141.142.143.144.145.146.147.148.149.150.151.152.153.154.155.156.157.158.159.160.161.162.163.164.165.166.167.168.169.170.171.172.173.174.175.176.177.178.179.180.181.182.183.184.185.186.187.188.189.190.191.192.193.194.195.196.197.198.199.200.201.202.203.204.205.206.207.208.209.210.211.212.213.214.215.216.217.218.219.220.221.222.223.224.225.226.227.228.229.230.231.232.233.234.235.236.237.238.239.240.241.242.243.244.245.246.247.248.249.250.251.252.253.254.255.256.257.258.259.260.261.262.263.264.265.266.267.268.269.270.271.272.273.274.275.276.277.278.279.280.281.282.283.284.285.286.287.288.289.290.291.292.293.294.295.296.297.298.299.300.301.302.303.304.305.306.307.308.309.310.311.312.313.314.315.316.317.318.319.320.321.322.323.324.325.326.327.328.329.330.331.332.333.334.335.336.337.338.339.340.341.342.343.344.345.346.347.348.349.350.351.352.353.354.355.356.357.358.359.360.361.362.363.364.365.366.367.368.369.370.371.372.373.374.375.376.377.378.379.380.381.382.383.384.385.386.387.388.389.390.391.392.393.394.395.396.397.398.399.400.401.402.403.404.405.406.407.408.409.410.411.412.413.414.415.416.417.418.419.420.421.422.423.424.425.426.427.428.429.430.431.432.433.434.435.436.437.438.439.440.441.442.443.444.445.446.447.448.449.450.451.452.453.454.455.456.457.458.459.460.461.462.463.464.465.466.467.468.469.470.471.472.473.474.475.476.477.478.479.480.481.482.483.484.485.486.487.488.489.490.491.492.493.494.495.496.497.498.499.500.501.502.503.504.505.506.507.508.509.510.511.512.513.514.515.516.517.518.519.520.521.522.523.524.525.526.527.528.529.530.531.532.533.534.535.536.537.538.539.540.541.542.543.544.545.546.547.548.549.550.551.552.553.554.555.556.557.558.559.560.561.562.563.564.565.566.567.568.569.570.571.572.573.574.575.576.577.578.579.580.581.582.583.584.585.586.587.588.589.590.591.592.593.594.595.596.597.598.599.600.601.602.603.604.605.606.607.608.609.610.611.612.613.614.615.616.617.618.619.620.621.622.623.624.625.626.627.628.629.630.631.632.633.634.635.636.637.638.639.640.641.642.643.644.645.646.647.648.649.650.651.652.653.654.655.656.657.658.659.660.661.662.663.664.665.666.667.668.669.670.671.672.673.674.675.676.677.678.679.680.681.682.683.684.685.686.687.688.689.690.691.692.693.694.695.696.697.698.699.700.701.702.703.704.705.706.707.708.709.710.711.712.713.714.715.716.717.718.719.720.721.722.723.724.725.726.727.728.729.730.731.732.733.734.735.736.737.738.739.740.741.742.743.744.745.746.747.748.749.750.751.752.753.754.755.756.757.758.759.760.761.762.763.764.765.766.767.768.769.770.771.772.773.774.775.776.777.778.779.780.781.782.783.784.785.786.787.788.789.790.791.792.793.794.795.796.797.798.799.800.801.802.803.804.805.806.807.808.809.810.811.812.813.814.815.816.817.818.819.820.821.822.823.824.825.826.827.828.829.830.831.832.833.834.835.836.837.838.839.840.841.842.843.844.845.846.847.848.849.850.851.852.853.854.855.856.857.858.859.860.861.862.863.864.865.866.867.868.869.870.871.872.873.874.875.876.877.878.879.880.881.882.883.884.885.886.887.888.889.890.891.892.893.894.895.896.897.898.899.900.901.902.903.904.905.906.907.908.909.910.911.912.913.914.915.916.917.918.919.920.921.922.923.924.925.926.927.928.929.930.931.932.933.934.935.936.937.938.939.940.941.942.943.944.945.946.947.948.949.950.951.952.953.954.955.956.957.958.959.960.961.962.963.964.965.966.967.968.969.970.971.972.973.974.975.976.977.978.979.980.981.982.983.984.985.986.987.988.989.990.991.992.993.994.995.996.997.998.999.1000.

THIRD RACE—Four and one-half furlongs. Purse, \$1,000. For 2-year-olds and upward. Starting: 11.12.13.14.15.16.17.18.19.20.21.22.23.24.25.26.27.28.29.30.31.32.33.34.35.36.37.38.39.40.41.42.43.44.45.46.47.48.49.50.51.52.53.54.55.56.57.58.59.60.61.62.63.64.65.66.67.68.69.70.71.72.73.74.75.76.77.78.79.80.81.82.83.84.85.86.87.88.89.90.91.92.93.94.95.96.97.98.99.100.101.102.103.104.105.106.107.108.109.110.111.112.113.114.115.116.117.118.119.120.121.122.123.124.125.126.127.128.129.130.131.132.133.134.135.136.137.138.139.140.141.142.143.144.145.146.1

GEORGETOWN TROPHY RELAY TIME TRIALS TODAY

Trio Seeking To Displace McClain

Plansky, Gegan, Haas
Court Positions On
1-Mile Team.

Four-Inning Baseball Game Is Staged at Hilltop.

By JUNE KIRK.

A X effort to add more speed to the Georgetown relay team is the purpose of time trials for positions on the quartet this afternoon and again Sunday at the Hilltop.

This test will give some of the other members of the track squad who have been specializing in other events a chance to make the team if they show the required speed.

It is a virtual clinch that Ascher, Swaburne and Burgess will retain their positions on the quartet but McClain, who has acted as its lead-off man thus far, may not be so fortunate. This afternoon he will endeavor to outspeed the others seeking his place.

Tony Plansky, George Gegan and Capt. Ray Haas are the men who will seek the coveted position on the team along with McClain. Of the trio Capt. Haas, who has been doing nothing but hurdling all winter, seems to have the best chance of grabbing the place.

DURING his past two years on the team, Capt. Haas has been a member of the mile relay four different times, and always has given a fine account of himself.

The track men are still using the board track down on the freshman field but will move up to the cinder paths on the varsity field as soon as the weather warms up. With some warm sunny days, the moisture will soon dry out and the track can then be rolled and put in splendid shape.

Yesterday's weather was so fine that Coach O'Reilly divided his baseball candidates up into two teams and allowed them to play a four-inning game. While no score was kept the teams battled each other to a standstill and turned in some pretty good work for so early in the season.

Robert Pinson Bowls 54 Games in 6 Hours

Robert Pinson, rolling on the Arcade alleys recently, rolled himself into the spotlight when he hammered the marbles for 54 games in a period of six hours.

The "marathoner" toppled 5,326 pins while establishing this feat, for an average of 98.6.

Tunney and Stribling Taper Off for Bout

Miami, Fla., March 10 (By A. P.).—Gene Tunney and W. L. (Young) Stribling, contenders for the heavyweight championship now held by Jack Dempsey, took light workouts at Miami beach today, preparatory to their fight scheduled for Friday night at Hialeah Park.

Aloys Meet Stantons Tomorrow Night

One of the premier local court attractions of the season has been arranged by Manager Jack Harrington for Friday night, when his Aloysius combination will attempt to down the Stanton team in a game scheduled to begin at 8:30 o'clock in the Gonzaga gym.

Both teams have compiled enviable records this season and are conceded to be about on a par in strength, and an interesting argument may be expected to result from the meeting. This game will have an important bearing on the championship of the unlimited class since both teams are well in the running and a large audience is expected to view this interesting struggle.

Alexander Hurts Leg; Out for Six Weeks

Avalon, Santa Catalina Island, March 10 (By A. P.).—Grover Cleveland Alexander, star pitcher for the Chicago Cubs, suffered a fracture of the fibula, or small bone of the right leg last week, it was learned today and as a result of the injury will be out of the game for about six weeks.

The hurler twisted his ankle during a practice game several days ago, but did not complain of pain until today. The X-ray revealed that the small bone had been cracked.

ARCADE SKATE

FOR HEALTH AND PLEASURE
IN THE RINK
2:30 to 7:15
BILLIARDS AND BOWLING
ALWAYS COMFORTABLE—NO WAITING
DANCING
IN THE BALLROOM OF LUXE ONLY
THURS. ALL WELCOME—ADM. 50c
FRI. 75c
SAT. 1.00
PRIZE "CHAMPIONSHIP"
SAT. D. O. Championship & Prize Cup

in the PressBox with Baxter

Plansky, Gegan, Haas
Court Positions On
1-Mile Team.

Four-Inning Baseball Game Is Staged at Hilltop.

By JUNE KIRK.

A X effort to add more speed to the Georgetown relay team is the purpose of time trials for positions on the quartet this afternoon and again Sunday at the Hilltop.

This test will give some of the other members of the track squad who have been specializing in other events a chance to make the team if they show the required speed.

It is a virtual clinch that Ascher, Swaburne and Burgess will retain their positions on the quartet but McClain, who has acted as its lead-off man thus far, may not be so fortunate. This afternoon he will endeavor to outspeed the others seeking his place.

Tony Plansky, George Gegan and Capt. Ray Haas are the men who will seek the coveted position on the team along with McClain. Of the trio Capt. Haas, who has been doing nothing but hurdling all winter, seems to have the best chance of grabbing the place.

DURING his past two years on the team, Capt. Haas has been a member of the mile relay four different times, and always has given a fine account of himself.

The track men are still using the board track down on the freshman field but will move up to the cinder paths on the varsity field as soon as the weather warms up. With some warm sunny days, the moisture will soon dry out and the track can then be rolled and put in splendid shape.

Yesterday's weather was so fine that Coach O'Reilly divided his baseball candidates up into two teams and allowed them to play a four-inning game. While no score was kept the teams battled each other to a standstill and turned in some pretty good work for so early in the season.

Robert Pinson Bowls 54 Games in 6 Hours

Robert Pinson, rolling on the Arcade alleys recently, rolled himself into the spotlight when he hammered the marbles for 54 games in a period of six hours.

The "marathoner" toppled 5,326 pins while establishing this feat, for an average of 98.6.

Tunney and Stribling Taper Off for Bout

Miami, Fla., March 10 (By A. P.).—Gene Tunney and W. L. (Young) Stribling, contenders for the heavyweight championship now held by Jack Dempsey, took light workouts at Miami beach today, preparatory to their fight scheduled for Friday night at Hialeah Park.

Aloys Meet Stantons Tomorrow Night

One of the premier local court attractions of the season has been arranged by Manager Jack Harrington for Friday night, when his Aloysius combination will attempt to down the Stanton team in a game scheduled to begin at 8:30 o'clock in the Gonzaga gym.

Both teams have compiled enviable records this season and are conceded to be about on a par in strength, and an interesting argument may be expected to result from the meeting. This game will have an important bearing on the championship of the unlimited class since both teams are well in the running and a large audience is expected to view this interesting struggle.

Alexander Hurts Leg; Out for Six Weeks

Avalon, Santa Catalina Island, March 10 (By A. P.).—Grover Cleveland Alexander, star pitcher for the Chicago Cubs, suffered a fracture of the fibula, or small bone of the right leg last week, it was learned today and as a result of the injury will be out of the game for about six weeks.

The hurler twisted his ankle during a practice game several days ago, but did not complain of pain until today. The X-ray revealed that the small bone had been cracked.

ARCADE SKATE

FOR HEALTH AND PLEASURE
IN THE RINK
2:30 to 7:15
BILLIARDS AND BOWLING
ALWAYS COMFORTABLE—NO WAITING
DANCING
IN THE BALLROOM OF LUXE ONLY
THURS. ALL WELCOME—ADM. 50c
FRI. 75c
SAT. 1.00
PRIZE "CHAMPIONSHIP"
SAT. D. O. Championship & Prize Cup

LATZO GIVEN CHANCE AT WALKER

Bout For Welter Title
At Philadelphia
On May 17.

PHILADELPHIA, March 10 (By A. P.).—Mickey Walker, welter weight champion, and Pete Latzo of Scranton, Pa., were matched here today to meet in a 10-round decision bout at Scranton, on May 17.

Lazo signed to meet Walker on a percentage basis. The match was clinched for Walker, the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Promoter Louis Fagnoli, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Matchmaker James F. Farley, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Matchmaker James F. Farley, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Matchmaker James F. Farley, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Matchmaker James F. Farley, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Matchmaker James F. Farley, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Matchmaker James F. Farley, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Matchmaker James F. Farley, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Matchmaker James F. Farley, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Matchmaker James F. Farley, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Matchmaker James F. Farley, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Matchmaker James F. Farley, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Matchmaker James F. Farley, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Matchmaker James F. Farley, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Matchmaker James F. Farley, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Matchmaker James F. Farley, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Matchmaker James F. Farley, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Matchmaker James F. Farley, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Matchmaker James F. Farley, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Matchmaker James F. Farley, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Matchmaker James F. Farley, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Matchmaker James F. Farley, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Matchmaker James F. Farley, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Matchmaker James F. Farley, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Matchmaker James F. Farley, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

Matchmaker James F. Farley, doorman at the Pennsylvania State Athletic commission announced, by Jack Kearns, in a telegram from Los Angeles.

BOWLING RESULTS

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

INDIAN TRIBAL CLAIMS LEAGUE.
Totals: 427,450 471.

WAITE BOWLS TO EASTERN, 42 TO 31

Radice and Elliott Are
Banished on Fouls;
Heeke Hurt

Continued from Thirteenth Page.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

WAITE BOWLS TO EASTERN, 42 TO 31

Radice and Elliott Are
Banished on Fouls;
Heeke Hurt

Continued from Thirteenth Page.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Major League Stars of 1925

Radice and Elliott Are
Banished on Fouls;
Heeke Hurt

Continued from Thirteenth Page.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

Radice and Elliott are banished on fouls; Heeke is hurt.

RADIO PROGRAMS

THURSDAY, MARCH 11.
LOCAL STATIONS.

Programs Eastern Standard Time.

10:30 a. m.—Arlington (433)

10:30 a. m.—Weather reports.

WCAP—C. & P. Tel. Co. (460)

6:45 to 7:45 a. m.—"Tower Health Exercises."

Silent night.

WRC—Radio Corporation (469)

11:55 a. m.—Arlington time signals.

12 (noon)—"Fifty Farm Flashes" under auspices of the Department of Agriculture.

12:25 p. m.—Mid-day Lenten services under the auspices of the Laymen's Service association.

1 p. m.—W. Spencer Tupman's Mayflower hotel orchestra.

7 p. m.—Meyer Davis' New Willard hotel orchestra.

7:45 p. m.—"Household Pests" by Dr. E. A. Back, of the bureau of entomology.

8 p. m.—Joint recital by Hazel Gem Hughes, soprano; Frances Van Dem Bogert, alto, and Thomas Leef, tenor, of the Otto F. Simon studio, Helen Burkart at the piano.

8:30 p. m.—"High Steppers," a moving picture presentation.

9 p. m.—The Royal Typewriter hour.

10 p. m.—Basil P. Toutsorsky and his Russian ensemble.

10:30 p. m.—Meyer Davis' Le Paradis band.

WMAL—Leese Radio Co. (213)

7 p. m.—"Do the People Want Wine and Beer?" This question will be answered by Wayne B. Wheeler, general counsel of the Antislavery League of America.

7:15 p. m.—"The Bluebird and the Public School System." Address by Maj. Wm. E. R. Covell, assistant engineer commissioner.

7:25 p. m.—Announcement of winners in Art Gillham competition.

7:35 p. m.—Hood quartet, courtesy of Holmes & Son. Gretchen Hood, soprano; Hazel Arth, contralto; Robert O'Leone, tenor; J. E. S. Kinsella, bass; Lois Stuntz, accompanist. Program: "Medley From the South," "Sheena Van" and "Sweet and Low" and solo numbers.

DISTANT STATIONS.

CRAC—Montreal (411)

4 p. m.—Reports.

8:30 p. m.—Concert.

KDKA—Pittsburgh (309)

12 noon—Weather forecast.

6:30 p. m.—Concert.

8 p. m.—Studio.

KMTR—Hollywood, Calif. (238)

8 p. m.—Dad's hour.

11 p. m.—Orchestra.

KFI—Los Angeles (467)

8:30 p. m. to 1 a. m.—Continuous program.

WGB—Clearwater, Fla. (266)

Silent.

WIP—Philadelphia (508)

1 to 10:05 p. m.—Hourly program.

WGR—Buffalo (319)

6:30 p. m.—Music.

8 p. m.—Same as WEAF.

WGY—Schenectady (380)

6 p. m.—Reports.

7:30 p. m.—Books.

8:20 p. m.—Concert.

10 p. m.—Chinese.

14:30 p. m.—Organ.

WHAM—Rochester, N. Y. (278)

7 to 7:30 p. m.—Orchestra.

WHAR—Atlantic City (275)

1:45 p. m.—Talk.

7:30 p. m.—Talk.

8, 9 and 11 p. m.—Music.

WHT—Chicago (278)

7 to 12 p. m.—Continuous.

WHO—Des Moines (326)

7 to 12 p. m.—Continuous.

WIP—Philadelphia (508)

1 to 10:15 p. m.—Hourly.

WJJD—Mooschart, Ill. (370)

9 p. m.—Children.

11 p. m.—Pecarous.

1:30 p. m.—Orchestra.

WJR—Detroit (517)

8 p. m.—Soloists.

8:30 p. m.—Realtors.

10 p. m.—Orchestra.

WJZ—New York (455)

9:30 to 11 p. m.—Continuous.

WJAZ—Chicago (322)

10 p. m.—Chimes and concert.

11 p. m.—Vocal.

12 p. m.—Instrumental.

1 a. m.—Chimes.

WKRC—Cincinnati (422)

11 p. m.—Organ.

12:30 p. m.—Garden.

12 p. m. to 1 a. m.—Concert.

WLIT—Philadelphia (295)

1 to 7:30 p. m.—Hourly program.

WLS—Chicago (278)

7 p. m. to 3 a. m.—Continuous.

WLW—Cincinnati (422)

6:30 to 12 p. m.—Continuous.

WLWL—New York (238)

9 p. m.—Pauitist program.

WMAC—Buffalo (266)

7:15 p. m.—News.

7:30 to 9:30 p. m.—Music.

WMCA—New York (341)

6 to 11:30 p. m.—Program.

WOR—Newark, N. J. (405)

5 to 7:20 p. m.—Hourly program.

WPG—Atlantic City (300)

1:30 p. m.—Luncheon music.

4:30 p. m.—Tea music.

6:15 p. m.—Sports talk.

6:30 p. m.—News flashes.

6:45 p. m.—Organ recital.

7 p. m.—Dinner music.

8 p. m.—World Wonder Excur-

sions.

8:15 p. m.—Concert.

10 p. m.—Dance orchestra.

11 p. m.—Supper club.

WQJ—Chicago (278)

8 to 9 p. m.—Concert.

11 p. m. to 3 a. m.—Music.

WREO—Lansing (286)

6 p. m.—Concert.

8:15 p. m.—Orchestra.

WSAI—Cincinnati (326)

7 to 10 p. m.—Orchestra.

WSUI—Iowa City (484)

7:30 p. m.—Game.

WTAM—Cleveland (380)

6 to 7 p. m.—Music.

WWJ—Detroit (353)

6 p. m.—Concert.

8 p. m.—Orchestra.

OTTO WATT

By Barrie Payne

THAT SAYS THE CRAZIEST

TALKER IN THE WORLD—

HIS WORDS DON'T MAKE SENSE.

HEY BILL, THAT ISN'T

THE WAY TO BUILD A

RADIO!

WHAT IS IT

THE WAY TO BUILD

A RADIO?

NEHEE

(Copyright, 1926, Associated Editors, Inc.)

KTHS—Hot Springs, Ark. (375)

10 to 12 p. m.—Orchestra.

KOA—Denver (325)

8 p. m.—Stocks.

8:30 p. m.—Concert.

WAUC—Columbus (294)

7 p. m.—Twilight hour.

WBAP—Fort Worth, Tex. (476)

7 p. m.—Dinner music.

8:30 p. m.—Concert.

10:30 p. m.—Band.

12 p. m.—Theatrical.

WBBM—Chicago (226)

9 to 1 a. m.—Orchestra.

WCAU—Philadelphia (278)

8 to 10:30 p. m.—Continuous

program.

WCX—Detroit (517)

7 p. m.—Ensemble.

8 to 10 p. m.—Studio.

WEAF—New York (492)

8 p. m.—Shinola Boys.

8:30 p. m.—Saxophone.

9 p. m.—Troubadours.

10 p. m.—Concert.

WFBG—Altoona, Pa. (278)

8 to 11:15 p. m.—Continuous.

WFI—Philadelphia (395)

1 to 10 p. m.—Hourly.

WGBS—New York (316)

3 to 10:30 p. m.—Hourly program.

WGB—Clearwater, Fla. (266)

Silent.

WIP—Philadelphia (508)

1 to 10:05 p. m.—Hourly program.

WGR—Buffalo (319)

6:30 p. m.—Music.

8 p. m.—Same as WEAF.

WGY—Schenectady (380)

6 p. m.—Reports.

7:30 p. m.—Books.

8:20 p. m.—Concert.

10 p. m.—Chinese.

14:30 p. m.—Organ.

WHAM—Rochester, N. Y. (278)

7 to 7:30 p. m.—Orchestra.

WHAR—Atlantic City (275)

1:45 p. m.—Talk.

7:30 p. m.—Talk.

8, 9 and 11 p. m.—Music.

WHT—Chicago (278)

7 to 12 p. m.—Continuous.

WHO—Des Moines (326)

7 to 12 p. m.—Continuous.

WIP—Philadelphia (508)

1 to 10:15 p. m.—Hourly.

WJJD—Mooschart, Ill. (370)

9 p. m.—Children.

11 p. m.—Pecarous.

1:30 p. m.—Orchestra.

WJR—Detroit (517)

8 p. m.—Soloists.

8:30 p. m.—Realtors.

10 p. m.—Orchestra.

WJZ—New York (455)

9:30 to 11 p. m.—Continuous.

WJAZ—Chicago (322)

10 p. m.—Chimes and concert.

11 p. m.—Vocal.

12 p. m.—Instrumental.

1 a. m.—Chimes.

WKRC—Cincinnati (422)

11 p. m.—Organ.

12:30 p. m.—Garden.

12 p. m. to 1 a. m.—Concert.

WLIT—Philadelphia (295)

1 to 7:30 p. m.—Hourly program.

WLS—Chicago (278)

7 p. m. to 3 a. m.—Continuous.

WLW—Cincinnati (422)

6:30 to 12 p. m.—Continuous.

WLWL—New York (238)

9 p. m.—Pauitist program.

WMAC—Buffalo (266)

7:15 p. m.—News.

7:30 to 9:30 p. m.—Music.

WMCA—New York (341)

6 to 11:30 p. m.—Program.

WOR—Newark, N. J. (405)

5 to 7:20 p. m.—Hourly program.

WPG—Atlantic City (300)

1:30 p. m.—Luncheon music.

4:30 p. m.—Tea music.

6:15 p. m.—Sports talk.

6:30 p. m.—News flashes.

6:45 p. m.—Organ recital.

7 p. m.—Dinner music.

8 p. m.—World Wonder Excur-

sions.

8:15 p. m.—Concert.

10 p. m.—Dance orchestra.

11 p. m.—Supper club.

WQJ—Chicago (278)

8 to 9 p. m.—Concert.

11 p. m. to 3 a. m.—Music.

WREO—Lansing (286)

6 p. m.—Concert.

8:15 p. m.—Orchestra.

WSAI—Cincinnati (326)

7 to 10 p. m.—Orchestra.

WSUI—Iowa City (484)

7:30 p. m.—Game.

WTAM—Cleveland (380)

6 to 7 p. m.—Music.

WWJ—Detroit (353)

6 p. m.—Concert.

8 p. m.—Orchestra.

THE GUMPS

CELEBRATING HIS

ESCAPE FROM

THE SNARES OF

CARLOS AND

PRUDENCE CHURCH

ARTS COMMISSION READY TO CONSIDER FLAG DECORATIONS

American Legion's Proposal
May Come Up March 25
in Spite of Reports.

DISPLAY ON F STREET
DISPLEASING TO BODY

Comment Made That Staffs
Were Too Small and Flag
Might Be Reshaped.

The Commission of Fine Arts is still ready to consider the American Legion's uniform flag decoration proposal at its meeting March 25, in spite of reports that the legion is displeased with its criticism of its plan and intends to carry it from the fine arts group to the District commissioners, presenting to them an appeal for authority to extend uniform flag installation to many important downtown thoroughfares.

It was announced at headquarters of the fine arts body yesterday that the legion's committee, through Norman B. Landreau, chairman, had asked to appear before the commission March 25 to discuss the question further, and that since then no communication from the legion had been received to the contrary.

Temporary Installation Made.

Fine arts commissioners and District commissioners viewed a temporary flag installation arranged by the legion several weeks ago on F street between Twelfth and Thirtieth. A few days later the legion committee was informed by the Fine Arts Commission that the flagstaffs were not sufficiently large and that the flag might be made larger and of a slightly different shape.

Legion men assert that redesigning of staffs and flags would involve considerable expense for research; that it was covered already by manufacturing concerns and that the F street installation was made in accord with plans approved by many cities.

Would Avoid Extra Expense.

In view of this, Legion spokesmen say that they do not want to make additional expenditures and research work, and believe that the plan will meet with public approval when enough flags are placed to reveal its real beauty.

They assert that flags and staffs had been tested in high winds from the top of a high building, and showed stability and strength. The staffs are set in metal sockets on sidewalks and carry triangular-shaped flags, approximately 5 feet long and 3 feet wide.

A. A. A. Protests Auto Permit Fee Increase

In a communication to the District commissioners, the advisory board of the American Automobile association yesterday protested against the provision of the bill passed by the House amending the traffic act, which raises the fee for operators' permits to \$1 a year, to raise money to spend for electric traffic signals.

Complaint was made that to burden motorists with that additional taxation was not equitable, in view of the fact that pedestrians as well as motorists would benefit as a result. The commissioners were praised by the association for effective snow removal this winter and were asked to clear completely all bridges of snow, in future, to prevent accidents similar to that in which a car recently ran off the Calvert street bridge.

Elm Trees to Line Entrances to City

Bladensburg road, from Fifteenth and H streets northeast to the District line and the entire length of Wisconsin avenue are to be lined with American elm trees, Clifford L. Lanham, superintendent of trees and parking, said yesterday.

Holes have been dug for the young trees on Bladensburg road and they will be set out in April. The Wisconsin avenue planting is scheduled to be completed before summer.

TODAY'S HAPPENINGS

Meeting—Chemical Society of Washington, Cosmos club, 8:15 o'clock.

Dinner—The Guild of Georgetown Presbyterian church, in the chapel, Thirty-first and P streets northwest, 5:30 o'clock until 7:30 o'clock.

Dinner—District of Columbia Life Underwriters' association, Hotel Raleigh, 6 o'clock.

Luncheon—Kiwanis Club of Washington, with Kiwanis Club of Alexandria. Machines leave Elipse at 11:30 o'clock.

Volunteer day—Eastern Presbyterian church, 7:45 o'clock.

Meeting and smoker—Holy Trinity branch of the Holy Name society, Trinity auditorium, Thirty-sixth and O streets northwest, 8:15 o'clock.

Market Company Bankrupt.

The Knickerbocker Market Co., 2440 Eighteenth street northwest, filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy yesterday in the District Supreme court. Through Attorney L. J. Heller the debts were listed at \$7,876 and the assets at \$7,200.

Rotarians Told to Aid Shenandoah Park Plan

Members of the Rotary club should assist in the Shenandoah Valley park plan, William Roberts told members in the Willard hotel yesterday. Mr. Roberts said that with the development of the park, the District of Columbia would benefit in as much as a direct income of \$450,000 and an indirect income of \$225,000 would be spent in this city each year, and at the same time would double the population of the city.

Announcement was made that nominations to fill three vacancies on the board of directors will be made at the meeting next week. The history of the telephone was the subject of an illustrated address by Samuel Greer, a vice president of the local telephone company.

LOCAL SUPREME COURT ADMITS 56 LAWYERS

Three Are Women; Among
Them Miss Stonebraker,
Also Music Graduate.

OUTSIDERS ARE ON LIST

Fifty-six more new lawyers were admitted to practice yesterday by the District Supreme court sitting in general term. Among three women admitted was Florence E. Stonebraker, who was graduated from the George Washington University Law school and the Baltimore Institute of Music. The new attorneys are:

G. Mallet Prevost, Washington; Emmett J. Peterson, California; Harry Price, Pennsylvania; Carey E. Quinn, Washington; Arthur L. Quinn, New Hampshire; J. J. Robinson, Missouri; William E. Reese, West Virginia; John J. Riley, Rhode Island; Harry J. Riley, Maryland; Charles W. Rivise, Pennsylvania; Carl G. Rosinski, Washington; Edward D. Reimer, Washington; Cornelius E. Reidy, Washington; John A. Reilly, Washington; Paul G. Robin, Washington; William M. Rotzler, Utah; Anne Schieber, New York; L. J. Sheehan, Wisconsin; William T. Speer, Kansas; William V. Simmons, Mississippi; Herbert W. Smith, Ohio; Frederick J. Schlobohm, New York; Philip W. Shepard, Nebraska; Timothy N. Sheehan, Massachusetts; Samuel Splittman, Maryland; Joseph J. Sweeney, Maryland; Kenneth G. Smith, Ohio; Florence E. Stonebraker, Washington; Robert M. Stewart, Utah; Emil St. E. Schnellbacher, Illinois; Benjamin Sweeney, Connecticut; Owen W. Swecker, Virginia; John I. Sullivan, Washington; Donald Stormont, Washington; Llewellyn O. Thomas, Utah; Carl W. Tyler, Washington; Stanley J. Tracy, Utah; Louis D. Tenenbaum, Washington; Thomas E. Turpin, Washington; Leighton C. Taylor, Pennsylvania; Milton R. Vogel, Virginia; Oscar P. Vogel, Indiana; Mario Ventura, Maryland; Thomas E. Walsh, Connecticut; William F. Welgester, Pennsylvania; Melville Walker, Virginia; Louis J. Wallace, Utah; Charles Wells, Pennsylvania; William B. Wilbur, Washington; Irving I. Wall, Washington; Alice J. Whitcomb, R. G. Wood, Illinois; Stery R. Waterman, Vermont; Addison H. Wiley, Washington; John E. Barrow, Ohio; and Walter J. Keeley, Washington.

Bill for Arboretum Favorably Reported

The Senate agricultural committee yesterday favorably reported the bill to establish a national arboretum here at a cost not to exceed \$500,000. The committee boosted the amount authorized for the purchase of a site from \$350,000 to the higher figure.

A similar bill has been unfavorably reported by the House agriculture committee.

THIRD TRIAL OF WAN IS SET FOR APRIL 5

Chinese Student, Charged
With Slaying Dr. Ben Sen
Wu, in Jail Since 1919.

The third trial of Ziang Sung Wan, Chinese student, on a charge of killing Dr. Ben Sen Wu, undersecretary of the Chinese Educational mission, has been tentatively set by the district attorney's office for April 5.

Wan's first trial in 1919-20 resulted in a conviction, which the United States Supreme Court later set aside. His second trial started January 6 last, and the jury disagreed. He has been in jail since February, 1919.

District Attorney Peyton Gordon and his assistant, George D. Horn, Jr., will prosecute Wan, while Attorneys Wilton J. Lambert, Rudolph H. Yeatman, A. O. Stanley and Charles Faby will defend him.

The date for the new trial was agreed upon between Mr. Lambert and Mr. Gordon. Justice Jennings Bailey, of criminal court No. 1, will preside.

MISS CLARK RENAMED LEGION DAMES HEAD

Other Officers Also Chosen
and Committees Appointed
by District Chapter.

Miss May S. Clark was reelected president of the District of Columbia chapter of Dames of the Loyal Legion at the meeting held yesterday at the home of Mrs. Needham Jones, 1525 New Hampshire avenue northwest. Mrs. Charles P. Humphrey was elected junior vice president, and Mrs. Samuel R. Colhoun, Mrs. Julia T. Bodfish and Mrs. Frank B. King were reelected treasurer, historian and recorder, respectively. All elections were unanimous.

Miss Clark appointed the following as councillors: Mrs. Julia T. Bodfish, Mrs. Needham Jones, Mrs. Floyd Mutchler, Mrs. Leon Herbert and Miss Bessie O. Sensner. Other committees were announced and plans for a card party at the Willard hotel April 6 were discussed.

Mrs. Samuel A. Drury is chairman of the committee in charge of the party. It is planned to have 100 tables. Eight new members were welcomed.

The national meeting of the organization will be held at the Willard hotel on April 15 and 16.

CAMERA SNAPS LOCAL NEWS EVENTS



Fred Miller, Post Staff Photographer.

Fire in the center building of Cathedral Mansions, 3100 Connecticut avenue, the largest apartment house in the world, early last night caused only slight damage but created a great deal of excitement and attracted hundreds of persons in addition to the 3,100 occupants of the apartments. Three alarms were sounded, but the fire was confined to the storeroom in which it started. Six apartments were damaged by water and smoke and 150 persons were forced to the street. Almost a record number of fires were reported yesterday.



Henry Miller Service.



Underwood & Underwood.

Mrs. Gertrude Bonin, whose Indian name is Zitkala Sa, a resident of this city, has been elected president of the newly organized National Council of Indians.



Henry Miller Service.

Lloyd Grenlie and George H. James, two former marines, who are designing a special radio set to be used in the Byrd north pole expedition. The set will be of low power, long range and very light in weight.



Henry Miller Service.

Fingerprint experts who leave soon for Tacna-Arica to assist in the plebiscite meeting in Chile. Standing are B. McKelden and Roy C. Clark, while J. H. Taylor, seated, of the Navy Department, will act as head.



Underwood & Underwood.

With Saint Patrick's day only one week off, every one naturally seeks to find a piece of real shamrock. Miss Mildred Dorset finds plenty in the Botanic garden.

Trial Day Is Sought In Beaverbrook Case

Mrs. Virginia C. Beaverbrook, who sued Cornelius Beaverbrook, an alleged pseudo English nobleman, to have their marriage of June 17, last, annulled on the ground of fraud, petitioned the equity court yesterday through her attorney, Thomas C. Bradley, to set a special day for trial of her case.

She says her experiences of the last seven or eight months have left her health shattered and her nervous system disarranged. She desires to travel for a while and then make her home in some other city. Mr. Bradley recently added to the record in this case a deposition signed by Esther Wexler, of Chicago, who divorced Beaverbrook under the name of Brooks.

KIN TO SHARE WEALTH UNDER CORBY'S WILL

Widow, Son and Bank Are
Made Executors of \$1,000,-
000 Estate.

MOTHER IS GIVEN INCOME

The will of Charles Israel Corby, of Washington and Montgomery county, Md., who died in Florida a few weeks ago, has been admitted to probate in the orphans court at Rockville. It was executed December 29, 1925, and names Mrs. Hattie Laura Corby, the widow; his son, Karl William Corby, and the National Savings & Trust Co., of Washington, executors, to serve without bond. The estate is of an estimated value of \$1,000,000 or more.

Mrs. Corby is bequeathed the farm of 107 acres and the home, on the Rockville pike, near Garrett park, and all of the farm equipment, automobiles and personal effects. A sister, Mrs. Mary Louise Corby Ward, is bequeathed \$10,000. The residue of the estate is left for the following purposes:

Securities of a market value of \$75,000 are to be held separate and the income therefrom to be paid in monthly installments to Clarence Wilson Corby, a brother. Upon his death, if it should occur prior to that of the widow, the principal will become a part of the residue, and if the brother should survive the widow then the securities would become the property of the son.

Out of the income held in trust the trustees are directed to pay to Mrs. Louise Augusta Corby, mother of the testator, \$150 a month during her life, and after reserving sufficient of the income from the estate in trust to pay taxes, insurance and other expenses in connection with the care and maintenance of the estate, the trustees are to pay three-fourths of the remaining income to the widow, the remaining one-fourth to be applied to the use and benefit of the present and future children of the son until the eldest child becomes 35 years of age. Upon the death of the widow or when the eldest child of his son reaches the age of 35, all of the estate held in trust is to be divided by the trustees into four equal parts, one-fourth to go to the grandchildren when the eldest becomes 35, and three-fourths to the son. If the son is not alive the three-fourths is to be distributed among the grandchildren.

MICHIGAN PARK BODY REELECTS FAULKNER

Lewis S. Trundle Chosen as
Delegate to Citizens
Federation.

Robert R. Faulkner was reelected president of the Michigan Park Citizens association and nominated for election to the Citizens Advisory Council at the meeting held last night at 3933 Twelfth street northeast.

Other officers elected were Mrs. J. A. Kiernan, vice president; L. H. Sinclair, secretary; A. F. Lord, assistant secretary; M. J. Kierlan, treasurer; J. W. Connolly, C. H. Richmond and S. H. Hoddubitt, executive committee. Lewis S. Trundle was named delegate to the Federation of Citizens Associations.

The streets and sidewalks committee of the association was authorized to go before the Senate District committee to seek the inclusion of some of the street repair provisions in the appropriation bill that have been stricken out by the House.

GASQUE PLANNING NEW SCHOOL BILL

Would Give Board of Education
Complete Control Over
Local System.

The board of education would be given complete control of the public school system of the District according to the terms of a school bill now being planned by Representative A. H. Gasque, of South Carolina, a member of the House District committee.

This was announced last night by Representative Gasque at a hearing by the subcommittee of the House District committee on his bill for the popular election of the school board. The bill, however, will not be introduced unless the committee reports favorably on his bill now under consideration, the representative declared.

Dr. Frank W. Ballou, superintendent of schools before the committee last night declared that 90 per cent of the ills of the public schools lie in the fact that the board of education lacks the authority to act in certain matters.

Rockville Marriage License. A license has been issued at Rockville, Md., for the marriage of George E. Taylor, 21 years old, of Alexandria, Va., and Miss Ellen Marie Malone 18, of Washington.

ALL HOSPITALS HERE DECLARED AFFECTED BY FIRE HAZARD BILL

Dr. F. E. Duehring Tells Sena-
tors No Local Building Is
Absolutely Safe.

CONSTANT CARE HELD
TO MINIMIZE DANGER

Others Appear Before Body
and Substantiate His
Statements.

Every hospital in the city will have to vacate under the terms of the bill designed to eliminate fire hazards, Dr. F. E. Duehring, of Georgetown University hospital, told the Senate District committee yesterday.

Dr. Duehring said that not a single hospital here, including Emergency, is absolutely fireproof.

The bill would provide that all hospitals, charitable organizations and the like would have to vacate nonfireproof buildings within five years and in the meantime, not more than 10 persons, attendants and all would be allowed above the second floor.

Witnesses appearing before the committee said that while all of the hospitals here as well as the Washington Orphans asylum and Louise home consist of "theoretical" fire hazards they are not actually such, because nurses and attendants are always on duty, and in most instances means of exit are afforded.

Garfield Included.

Dr. D. C. Howard, of Garfield hospital, said that institution, with accommodations for 200 persons on the second and third floors, would be affected by the bill.

Walter S. Hutchins, of Children's hospital and the Episcopal Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat hospital, said both of those institutions would be affected. Mr. Hutchins said he doubted that the new buildings at Children's home was entirely fireproof. Blair May appeared for the Washington Orphans' asylum, and Corcoran Thom for the Louise home.

Fire Chief George S. Watson explained the purposes of the bill, asserting that the fire department did all it could now to protect lives at the homes in question but there might come a time when it could not. He did not have an opportunity to say whether the bill would really apply or is intended to apply to the hospitals mentioned.

Insurance Men Object To Bulk of Measure

Sixty insurance men appeared in the office of Thomas M. Baldwin, Jr., District superintendent of insurance, yesterday, and objected to what they termed the confusing nature of the proposed insurance code pending in a bill before Congress. The District commissioners, who asked for enactment of the measure, sent a letter to the committee of Congress requesting delay until protests could be registered.

The bill is 163 pages in length. The insurance men say that its features are intertwined so that the whole bill must be read by all whom it proposes to regulate. They say that most insurance men are engaged in only one phase of the business, such as life, fire or marine insurance. They asked that the regulations for each of these branches be segregated into separate sections. One of them expressed the opinion that the bill need contain only seven sections.

Committee Approves Death Penalty Repeal

By a vote of 9 to 8, the House District committee yesterday favorably reported the bill introduced by Representative McLeod, of Michigan, to abolish capital punishment in the District. Chairman Zihlman cast the deciding vote.

The committee also voted to report women to serve on juries, while action was deferred on favorable subcommittee reports on the Fitzgerald workmen's compensation bill and one to permit the acquisition of land at Cockpit point, Va., for a sewage disposal plant.

Highway Stop Signs To Be Painted Metal

Boulevard stop signs, painted on street pavements are to be permitted to disappear under the grinding of traffic wheels.

Director of Traffic M. O. Eldridge plans to open bids, within a few days, for the painting of 1,000 metal signs 24 inches square, on standard raising them 42 inches above pavements, reading "Arterial Highway—Stop," or "Boulevard—Stop" as the case may be, in white letters on a red background. They will be placed at the curbs on all streets approaching boulevards or arterial highways.

Story of Northern Africa Lecture Topic

The story of the struggle between ancient customs and modern civilization in the northern part of Africa was told last night in an illustrated lecture by Mrs. Sarah Pomeroy Rugg, of Boston, before a large audience in the Metropolitan Presbyterian church, Fourth and B streets southeast.

Mrs. Pomeroy had for her subject "Where East Meets West." She showed more than 100 slides portraying the country whose history harkens back to the days of Hannibal and Carthage.